R07

Set No. 2

IV B.Tech II Semester Examinations, APRIL 2011 RADAR SYSTEMS

Electronics And Communication Engineering

Time: 3 hours Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. (a) Draw the block diagram of IF Doppler bank and explain the operation of it with the help of frequency response of it.
 - (b) What are the effects which limit the amount of transmitter leakage power which can be tolerated at the receiver? [8+8]
- 2. (a) Explain the basic concept of phased array antennas.
 - (b) Explain characteristics of different radar displays.

8+8

- 3. Discuss in detail about Matched-filter Receiver with necessary expressions. [16]
- 4. (a) Discuss about the factors that influence the prediction of Radar range.
 - (b) Define noise bandwidth of a radar receiver. How does it differ from 3-dB band width? Obtain the expression for minimum detectable signal in terms of noise bandwidth, noise figure and other relevant parameters. [8+8]
- 5. (a) What is the beat frequency? How it is used in FMCW radar?
 - (b) Explain how the multipath signals produce error in FM altimeter? [8+8]
- 6. Why is amplitude comparison mono pulse more likely to be preferred over the phase comparison mono pulse and conical scan tracker over sequential lobbing, or lobe switching, tracker? Explain. [16]
- 7. Explain the following limitations of MTI radar.
 - (a) Equipment instabilities.
 - (b) Scanning modulation.
 - (c) Internal fluctuation of clutter.

[16]

- 8. (a) Write the simplifier version of radar range equation and explain how this equation does not adequately describe the performance of practical radar?
 - (b) What are the specific bands assigned by the ITU for the Radar? What the corresponding frequencies? [8+8]

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Set No. 4

IV B.Tech II Semester Examinations, APRIL 2011 RADAR SYSTEMS

Electronics And Communication Engineering

Time: 3 hours Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. (a) Explain the functioning and characteristics of PPI display and A-Scope.
 - (b) Explain the terms Linear Array, Planar array, Broadside array and endfire array. [8+8]
- 2. (a) Explain the function of time domain filter with an example.
 - (b) An MTI radar operates at 10GHz with a PRF of 300 pps. Calculate the lowest blind speed? [8+8]
- 3. (a) Explain how the Radar is used to measure the range of a target?
 - (b) Draw the block diagram of the pulse radar and explain the function of each block. [8+8]
- 4. (a) Discuss in detail about the Amplitude fluctuations and how its effects are minimized.
 - (b) Explain Mono pulse tracking in two angle coordinates. [8+8]
- 5. (a) Explain how earphones are used as an indicator in CW Radar?
 - (b) The transmitter power is 1 KW and safe value of power which might be applied to a receiver is 10mW. Find the isolation between transmitter and receiver in dB. Suggest the appropriate isolator. [6+10]
- 6. (a) A low power, short range radar is solid-state throughout, including a low-noise RF amplifier which gives it an overall noise figure of 4.77dB. If the antenna diameter is 1m, the IF bandwidth is 500 kHz, the operating frequency is 8 GHz and the radar set is supposed to be capable of detecting targets of $5m^2$ cross sectional area at a maximum distance of 12 km, what must be the peak transmitted pulse power?
 - (b) The average false alarm time is a more significant parameter than the falsealarm probability. Give the reasons.
 - (c) Why post detection integration is not as efficient as pre-detection integration of radar pulses? [8+4+4]
- 7. Derive the impulse response of a matched filter that is commonly used in a radar receiver. [16]
- 8. (a) Why the step error and quantization errors which occur in cycle counter are used for frequency measurement in FMCW Radar?

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(b) Draw the block diagram of sinusoidally modulated FMCW radar and explain the function of each block. [8+8]

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Set No. 1

IV B.Tech II Semester Examinations, APRIL 2011 RADAR SYSTEMS

Electronics And Communication Engineering

Time: 3 hours Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. Explain the principle and process of binary moving window detector. [16]
- 2. (a) Explain how the Radar is used to measure the direction and position of target?
 - (b) What are the peak power and duty cycle of a radar whose average transmitter power is 200W, pulse width of $1\mu s$ and a pulse repetition frequency of 1000Hz? [8+8]
- 3. (a) Draw and explain block diagram of Conical-scan tracking radar.
 - (b) Why does a tracking radar have poor accuracy at low elevation angles? Explain. [8+8]
- 4. (a) Explain how a threshold level is selected in threshold detection?
 - (b) How to find the number of pulses that returned from a point target as the radar antenna scans through its beam width?
 - (c) Why most of the radar receivers are considered as envelop detectors while calculating the SNR? [6+4+6]
- 5. (a) Draw the structures of balanced duplexer during transmission and reception modes.
 - (b) List out the merits and demerits of phased array antennas. [8+8]
- 6. (a) What are the various unwanted signals which cause errors in FM altimeter?
 - (b) Explain the two frequency CW technique for measuring the Radar range? [8+8]
- 7. (a) What is the Doppler effect? What are some of the ways in which it manifests itself? What are its radar applications?
 - (b) Find the relation between bandwidth and the acceleration of the target with respect to radar? [8+8]
- 8. (a) An MTI radar is operated at 9GHz with a PRF of 3000 pps. Calculate the first two lowest blind speeds for this radar. Derive the formula used.
 - (b) Discuss the liminations of non-cohorent MTI Radar systems. [12+4]

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Set No. 3

IV B.Tech II Semester Examinations, APRIL 2011 RADAR SYSTEMS

Electronics And Communication Engineering

Time: 3 hours Max Marks: 80

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. (a) Write the description of Range gate Doppler filters.
 - (b) Explain the operation of MTI radar with 2 pulse repetition frequencies. [8+8]
- 2. (a) How to find the target speed from Doppler frequency?
 - (b) Write the applications of CW Radar.
 - (c) What are the factors that limit the amount of isolation between Transmitter and Receiver of CW Radar? [4+6+6]
- 3. (a) Draw and explain the radiation pattern of phased array antennas.
 - (b) Write notes on various antenna parameters with reference to radar. [8+8]
- 4. Discuss the relation between the matched filter characteristics and correlation detection.
- 5. (a) Explain the operation of the two frequency CW Radar.
 - (b) How to select the difference between two transmitted signals of CW radar? [8+8]
- 6. (a) Obtain the SNR at the output of IF amplifier of Radar Receiver for a specified probability of detection without exceeding a specified probability of false alarm.
 - (b) Explain how system losses will affect on the Radar Range? [8+8]
- 7. (a) What are the different range of frequencies that a radar can operate and give their applications?
 - (b) What are the basic functions of radar? In indicating the position of a target, what is the difference between azimuth and elevation? [8+8]
- 8. (a) Draw and explain the following with respect to Tracking in range:
 - i. Echo pulse
 - ii. Early-late range gates
 - iii. Difference signal between early and late range gates.
 - (b) Limitation of automatic detection and tracking.

[8+8]