

Code No: R10101 / R10

Set No. 1

I B.Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, January / February 2011

ENGLISH - I

(Common to all branches)

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 75

PART - A

All questions carry equal marks in Part - A [4 x 10 = 40M]

Answer any FOUR in Part - A

- 1 Write a dialogue between a farmer and an agricultural officer. The farmer wants to know the methods of cultivation. [10M]
- 2 Discuss the importance of life-skills. [10M]
- 3 Describe a place of importance that you recently visited----details of location, important places nearby etc. [10M]
- 4 A stitch in time saves nine --- expand the line into a paragraph. (100 words) [10M]
- 5 Give the meaning of the highlighted words and make sentences of your own using each word.

Knowledge in many forms is available in academic institutions, in seminar proceedings and in various organizations. Our heritage and history, the rituals and epics and traditions are also the vast forms of knowledge resources. There is an abundance of unorthodox, earthy wisdom in our villages. There are hidden treasures of knowledge in our environment in the oceans, bio reserves and deserts. Every state in our country has unique core competence for knowledge.

[10M]

PART-B**Note: Answer all questions**

- 6(a) I. Give the synonyms of the following.

(i) solemn	(ii) tryst	(iii) vicious
(iv) euphoria	(v) perseverance	(iv) meander

 [3M]
- II. Give the antonyms of the following

(i) inevitable	(ii) summit	(iii) rivals
(iv) cheerful	(v) hospitable	(vi) modest

 [3M]

Code No: R10101 / R10**Set No. 1**

- 6(b) Rearrange the following sentences to make a meaningful paragraph.
- (i) The miser announces a reward of ten gold coins
 - (ii) The miser says that there are one hundred and ten gold coins in the purse
 - (iii) A farmer comes to the miser and returns a purse.
 - (iv) The farmer lodges a complaint
 - (v) The king says that the purse could hold only hundred gold coins
 - (vi) A miser loses a purse of hundred pounds.
- [3M]
- 6(c) Identify the types of the following sentences and write a similar sentence for each type.
- (i) What is the name of your home town?
 - (ii) Could you give me your number please?
 - (iii) I am on my way.
 - (iv) If wishes were horses, beggars would ride on them
 - (v) Thank God! It rained.
 - (vi) Close the door at once.
- [3M]
- 6(d) Fill in the blanks using the appropriate forms of verbs given in the brackets
- (i) I----- two questions so far.(wrote, have written)
 - (ii) The train----- not -----yet.(be, arrive)
 - (iii) ----- is better than----- (give, receive)
 - (iv) While ----- along the road he noticed a dead cobra. (walk)
- [3M]
- 7(a) Match the following
- | Nouns | Adjectives |
|--------------|-------------------|
| Beauty | exemplary |
| Abuse | medicinal |
| Bounty | beautiful |
| Boy | abusive |
| Example | bountiful |
| Medicine | boyish |
- [3M]
- 7(b) I. Correct the following words.
- (i) kicqu
 - (ii) tercorc
 - (iii) genrela
 - (iv) wolfol
 - (v) hatcm
 - (vi) moncom
- [3M]

Code No: R10101 / R10**Set No. 1**

II. Correct the following sentences

- (i) The boy is standing besides his mother
- (ii) He is my cousin brother.
- (iii) He returned back from US yesterday.
- (iv) He is the eldest of the citizens of our village
- (v) I wish I am a bird
- (vi) This house is belonging to me.

[3M]

7(c) Read the following and list the adjectives and adverbs.

A foolish man purchased a book. The shop keeper cheated him cunningly. There are only blank pages in his book. He returned home sadly. He has an intelligent wife. The next day she purchased some books. She gave the shop keeper a few papers. The shop keeper angrily said 'shall I have to print the currency'. She sharply said, 'shall we have to print the book?'

[3M]

7(d) Write 3 sentences of your own using 'to '+infinitives

[3M]

PART –C**All questions carry equal marks [2 x 2.5 = 5M]****Answer all questions**

8(a) Read the following passage and answer the following questions.

The so-called 'wild' animals are those creatures which live outside man's control independent of his supervision. They seek their own food and shelter. It is usual for most of them to be frightened or suspicious of human beings. It is obvious that they do not want to be approached or touched. At a certain distance, which varies from animal to animal and even from individual to individual, they retreat. It is appropriate that this distance is called flight distance.

Domestic animals in contrast will allow their owners or regular handlers not only to approach but also to stroke them. It is common for particularly 'friendly' beasts to allow everybody to touch them. It is usual for them to even to behave in a way which encourages fondling. It is clear that in their case the flight distance has been completely eliminated.

The process of domestication takes place by a very simple learning process called habituation. It is matter of common knowledge that we are all creatures of habit and soon get used to things –even unpleasant things. It is natural for the animals to do the same. Once they have overcome the initial fear, it is easy to tolerate human company. The original stimulus to runaway disappears.

Code No: R10101 / R10**Set No. 1**

Domestication is further encouraged by another simple learning process called association. It is probable that the wild creatures come to associate human beings with some form of advantage, such as food delicacies. For example, it is easy to tame garden birds by continuous feeding. They may even come indoors and allow themselves to be handfed.

Long ago, in prehistoric times, when man first started to domesticate wild creatures, it is almost certain that he did so by capturing young animals. It is easier to domesticate young wild animals than their parents. Having no other experience of man, they very readily accept him without fear. It is also very easy to train them because they have developed no patterns of behaviour of their own.

Questions:

- (i) Define the term wild animals.
- (ii) What is meant by the term flight distance?
- (iii) Define the term domestic animal from the information in the talk.
- (iv) What sort of behaviour indicates that the flight distance has been completely eliminated?
- (v) This passage suggests that when man first began domesticating wild animals he did so by capturing young animals. Why did he choose young animals?

[2.5M]

- 8(b) Identify the tone of the passage by identifying the words which determine the tone.

A drunken man boarded the bus. He was sitting on the last seat and whenever the bus stopped, he used to come the front door of the bus pushing all the standing passengers to ask the conductor whether it was three light junction, the stop where he would get down. When he had learnt that it was not, he again moved back. The last stage of the bus was reached. The conductor noticed that the drunken man was still there in the bus sleeping in one corner. The conductor asked the passengers to get down silently. The bus moved a little where the conductor could find three lights. It was a police station. He loudly announced 'Three light junction!' and as the drunken man got down he drove away.

[2.5M]

Code No: R10101 / R10

Set No. 2

I B.Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, January / February 2011

ENGLISH - I

(Common to all branches)

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 75

PART - A

All questions carry equal marks in Part – A [4 x 10 = 40M]

Answer any FOUR in Part – A

- 1 Develop a conversation between a student and a Bank Manager. Formal conversation [10M]
- 2 Discuss the importance of communication skills. [10M]
- 3 Describe a journey. Give the details of the location and importance of the places you visited. Give also the details of the people who travelled along with you. [10M]
- 4 Write an essay on 'Environmental threats. [10M]
- 5 Give the meaning of the highlighted words and make sentences of your own using each word.

Chinese rarely get to travel –apart from Sundays .There is usually a sense of euphoria in escaping from one's work-unit. Chinese proceeds with caution and their policy towards foreigners is irregular. Some people dislike the influence of foreigners and their exploitative intentions. They are to learn science and technology but not foreign habits and mores. But contact cannot be as aseptic as all that. The lapses into paranoia and suffers from lack of international friendship.

[10M]

PART-B**Note: Answer all questions**

- 6(a) I. Give the synonyms of the following.
- | | | |
|----------------|------------------|----------------|
| (i) dedication | (ii) bio reserve | (iii) infest |
| (iv) remnant | (v) battered | (vi) annulment |
- [3M]
- II. Give the antonyms of the following
- | | | |
|-------------|----------------|------------------|
| (i) blurred | (ii) exclusive | (iii) inevitable |
| (iv) modest | (v) benign | (vi) approval |
- [3M]

Code No: R10101 / R10**Set No. 2**

6(b) Rearrange the following sentences to make a meaningful paragraph.

He slept in a cave, was waked up by a roar and saw a wounded lion. A slave in ancient Carthage ran away in order to escape from the cruel treatment of his master. The slave was caught, the master wanted to punish him and threw him into a lion's cage. The slave took out a big thorn from its paw and they lived together like friends. But when the master had seen the lion fondling him, set the man free.

[3M]

6(c) Identify the types of the following sentences and write a similar sentence for each type .

- (i) Could you please lend me some change?
- (ii) My friend is visiting this summer.
- (iii) Answer the question quickly.
- (iv) How beautiful the moon light is!
- (v) How old are you?
- (vi) Mind your tongue!

[3M]

6(d) Fill in the blanks using the appropriate forms of verbs given in the brackets

- (i) I quickly-----my lunch and ----- out.(eat, go)
- (ii) My mother----while I ----- to music (sleep, listen)
- (iii) ----- the noise, he ----- to the window (hear, run)

[3M]

7(a) Match the following

Nouns

Laugh
Majesty
Heat
Asia
Heir
Autumn

Adjective

hot
hereditary
majestic
autumnal
laughable
Asiatic

[3M]

7(b) I. Correct the following words

- (i) liskl
- (ii) reparep
- (iii) moncom
- (iv) hcrot
- (v) notainc
- (vi) nislge

[3M]

Code No: R10101 / R10**Set No. 2**

II. correct the following sentences

- (i) He purchased lot of furnitures for his shop.
- (ii) One must pay his debts
- (iii) Each of the sisters are singing in the competition.
- (iv) The thief not only robbed the money but also the furniture.
- (v) I want to know where are you all the time.
- (vi) The king has visited the place last month.
- (vii) He described about the journey.
- (viii) Hear the noise the boy woke up.

[3M]

7(c) Read the following and list the adjectives and adverbs.

A man was quickly running with a big bag in his hand. He was stopped by his curious friend. He asked eagerly, 'where are you going?' The man said 'am going home to present my beautiful wife this new dress before the fashion changes. It is almost very latest, black in colour and most elegantly designed dress.

[3M]

7(d) Write 3 sentences of your own using 'to'+infinitives.

[3M]

PART –C**All questions carry equal marks [2 x 2.5 = 5M]****Answer all questions**

8(a) Read the passage and answer the following questions.

Scientists observe that as the creatures of primeval seas died, their bodies sank into the mud and silt of the ocean floor. Here the sea currents covered them with still more mud and silt. As time passed, the pressure of the water and upper layers of silt slowly hardened the sediments into rock. They do not, however say, how exactly the pressure of the water and the upper layers of the silt slowly hardened the remains of the creatures into rock. They merely state that the bodies of the dead creatures decayed and disappeared but the outline of their forms was preserved forever in the rock.

Scientists assure us that pressures from the inside of the earth slowly bent the rock in places lifted out of the water. What was once the sea-bottom often became dry land? By looking at these uplifted rocks, scientists can tell us that fossils of the ancient animals came to be preserved, in what they call the 'picture book of rocks'. We now understand how layers of the fossil- bearing rocks have been piled upon one another for millions of years. Scientists have proved why the oldest layers are to be found at the bottom and newer ones at the top. They have also shown that they can place the fossils in their proper time by observing the sequence of the rocks. This gives them a clear and accurate history of sea-life, going back hundreds of millions years.

Code No: R10101 / R10**Set No. 2****Questions:**

- (i) What happened to the bodies of the sea animals when they died?
- (ii) How do scientists prove that certain types of creatures existed in the sea millions of years ago?
- (iii) What are fossils?
- (iv) How are fossils formed?
- (v) what did the scientists say about the dry- land?

[2.5M]

8(b) Identify the tone of the passage by identifying the words which determine the tone.

Once there lived a sage called Kaundinya. Lohit was his disciple. The fellow students grew jealous of Lohit. Kaundinya ordered his wife not to serve food for him. Lohit was as active as ever. The sage asked him from where he was getting food. Lohit replied that he was taking the alms from the neighbouring village. Kaundinya asked him to give the alms to him. Lohit was surviving on the froth coming out when the cows were milked. Lohit was eating leaves when he was not allowed to take the froth also. He lost his eyes when he had eaten some poisonous leaves. As he could not see the path he fell into a deep valley in the thick forest.

[2.5M]

Code No: R10101 / R10

Set No. 3

I B.Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, February 2011

ENGLISH - I

(Common to all branches)

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 75

PART - A

All questions carry equal marks in Part – A [4 x 10 = 40M]

Answer any **FOUR** in Part – A

- 1 Develop a conversation between a foreign traveller and you. [10M]
- 2 Differentiate the nature of life skills and core skills. [10M]
- 3 What are the places you have in your mind that you haven't yet visited? Elaborate why you are interested to visit those places. [10M]
- 4 Expand the line into a paragraph----'Man proposes, God disposes'. [10M]
- 5 Give the meaning of the highlighted words and make sentences of your own using each word.

Kalpana is a dream, a fantasy-something that belongs to a realm of imagination. The first challenge was to prove that being a woman did not rule out the option of a career in aeronautics. Her teachers in school and college recount how, despite her busy schedule, she kept in touch with the students of PEC. In her last message to the students she wrote 'The path from dreams to success does exist. May you have the vision to find it, the courage to get it and perseverance to follow it?'

[10M]

PART-B**Note: Answer all questions.**

- 6(a) I. Write the synonyms of the following words.

(i) Destiny	(ii) Heritage	(iii) Quest
(iv) Coercion	(v) Puberty	(vi) Stupendous

[3M]
- II. Write the antonyms of the following.

(i) Disapproval	(ii) Indistinguishable	(iii) Aseptic
(iv) Minor	(v) Striking	(vi) Contrast

[3M]

Code No: R10101 / R10**Set No. 3**

6(b) Re arrange the following sentences and make a meaningful paragraph.

- (i) The miser announces a reward of ten gold coins
- (ii) The miser says that there are one hundred and ten gold coins in the purse
- (iii) A farmer comes to the miser and returns a purse.
- (iv) The farmer lodges a complaint
- (v) The king says that the purse could hold only hundred gold coins
- (vi) A miser loses a purse of hundred pounds.

[3M]

6(c) Identify the types of the following sentences and write down similar sentence for each type.

- (i) Name your favourite film.
- (ii) Why do you want to learn English?
- (iii) Who is your favourite author?
- (iv) Could you give me your number please?
- (v) What a huge mountain it is!
- (vi) Behave yourself.

[3M]

6(d) Fill in the blanks using the appropriate forms of verbs given in the brackets

- (i) He suddenly----- that he----- the gate that evening.(remember, lock)
- (ii) The train----- not -----yet.(be, arrive)
- (iii) ----- is better than----- (give, receive)

[3M]

7(a) Match the following

Nouns

Awe
Ancestor
Brother
Burden
Angle
Majesty

Adjectives

Brotherly
Burdensome
Angular
awful
majestic
ancestral

[3M]

7(b) I. Correct the following words.

- (i) proug
- (ii) boybh
- (iii) legolc
- (iv) telecomp
- (v) calsol
- (vi) ningeb

[3M]

Code No: R10101 / R10

Set No. 3

II. Correct the following sentences

- (i) He thought that she is there
- (ii) Each of the boys were given the prize
- (iii) I and my friend visited the museum today.
- (iv) I wish I was a millionaire
- (v) He worked two sums only.
- (vi) The list of the participants were given to the principal.

[3M]

7(c) Read the following passage and list the adjectives and adverbs.

A foolish man purchased a book. The shop keeper cheated him cunningly. There are only blank pages in his book. He returned home sadly. He has an intelligent wife. The next day she purchased some books. She gave the shop keeper a few papers. The shop keeper angrily said 'shall I have to print the currency'. She sharply said, 'shall we have to print the book?'

[3M]

7(d) Write three sentences of your own using 'to+' infinitive

[3M]

PART -C**All questions carry equal marks [2 x 2.5 = 5M]****Answer all questions**

8(a) Read the passage and answer the following questions.

The so-called 'wild' animals are those creatures which live outside man's control independent of his supervision. They seek their own food and shelter. It is usual for most of them to be frightened or suspicious of human beings. It is obvious that they do not want to be approached or touched. At a certain distance, which varies from animal to animal and even from individual to individual, they retreat. It is appropriate that this distance is called flight distance.

Domestic animals in contrast will allow their owners or regular handlers not only to approach but also to stroke them. It is common for particularly 'friendly' beasts to allow everybody to touch them. It is usual for them to even to behave in a way which encourages fondling. It is clear that in their case the flight distance has been completely eliminated.

The process of domestication takes place by a very simple learning process called habituation. It is matter of common knowledge that we are all creatures of habit and soon get used to things –even unpleasant things. It is natural for the animals to do the same. Once they have overcome the initial fear, it is easy to tolerate human company. The original stimulus to runaway disappears.

Code No: R10101 / R10**Set No. 3**

Domestication is further encouraged by another simple learning process called association. It is probable that the wild creatures come to associate human beings with some form of advantage, such as food delicacies. For example, it is easy to tame garden birds by continuous feeding. They may even come indoors and allow themselves to be handfed.

Long ago, in prehistoric times, when man first started to domesticate wild creatures, it is almost certain that he did so by capturing young animals. It is easier to domesticate young wild animals than their parents. Having no other experience of man, they very readily accept him without fear. It is also very easy to train them because they have developed no patterns of behaviour of their own.

Questions:

- (i) Define the term wild animals
- (ii) What is meant by the term flight distance
- (iii) Define the term domestic animal from the information in the talk.
- (iv) What sort of behaviour indicates that the flight distance has been completely eliminated?
- (v) This passage suggests that when man first began domesticating wild animals he did so by capturing young animals. Why did he choose young animals?

[2.5M]

- 8(b) Identify the tone of the passage by identifying the words which determine the tone.

A drunken man boarded the bus. He sat on the last seat and whenever the bus stopped, he used to come to the front door of the bus pushing all the standing passengers to ask the conductor whether it was three light junction, the stop where he would get down. When he had learnt that it was not, he again moved back. The last stage of the bus was reached. The conductor noticed that the drunken man was still there in the bus sleeping in one corner. The conductor asked the passengers to get down silently. The bus moved a little where the conductor could find three lights. It was a police station. He loudly announced 'Three light junction' and as the drunken man got down he drove away.

[2.5M]

Code No: R10101 / R10

Set No. 4

I B.Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, February 2011

ENGLISH - I

(Common to all branches)

Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 75

PART A

All questions carry equal marks in Part – A [4 x 10 = 40M]

Answer any FOUR in Part – A

- 1 Write a dialogue between the District Collector and the farmers whose crops are damaged due to heavy rains and cyclones. [10M]
- 2 Write about problem solving and learning skills [10M]
- 3 You are asked to make arrangements for a seminar in your department. Give the details how you are going to conduct the seminar [10M]
- 4 Present an argument on 'women are better home makers than men'.(250 words) [10M]
- 5 Give the meaning of the highlighted words and make sentences of your own using each word.
Chinese rarely get to travel –apart from Sundays .There is usually a sense of euphoria in escaping from one's work-unit. Chinese proceeds with caution and their policy towards foreigners is irregular. Some people dislike the influence of foreigners and their exploitative intentions. They are to learn science and technology but not foreign habits and mores. But contact cannot be as aseptic as all that. The lapses into paranoia and suffers from lack of international friendship. [10M]

PART B**Note: Answer all questions.**

- 6(a) I. Write the synonyms of the following.
- | | | |
|--------------|---------------|------------------|
| (i) Notion | (ii) Mournful | (iii) stupendous |
| (iv) Remnant | (v) Paranoia | (vi) Influence |
- [3M]
- II. Write the antonyms of the following.
- | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| (i) inalienable | (ii) voluntary | (iii) regular |
| (iv) courage | (v) cooperative | (vi) orthodox |
- [3M]

Code No: R10101 / R10**Set No. 4**

6(b) Rearrange the following sentences to make a meaningful paragraph.

He slept in a cave, was waked up by a roar and saw a wounded lion. A slave in ancient Carthage ran away in order to escape from the cruel treatment of his master. The slave was caught, the master wanted to punish him and threw him into a lion's cage. The slave took out a big thorn from its paw and they lived together like friends. But when the master had seen the lion fondling him, set the man free.

[3M]

6(c) Identify the types of the following sentences and write down similar sentence for each type.

- (i) I suggest that you should meet the principal
- (ii) Will you be free after lunch?
- (iii) May I leave a message?
- (iv) Do as I say
- (v) The train had left before I reached a station
- (vi) She left the school last year. Isn't it?

[3M]

6(d) Give the correct verb forms

- (i) He dare not ----- this office again (enter)
- (ii) They-----the train by this time tomorrow (board)
- (iii) I quickly-----my lunch and ----- (go) out.(eat, go)
- (iv) My mother-----while I ----- to music (sleep, listen)

[3M]

7(a) Match the following

Nouns

Laugh
Majesty
Heat
Asia
Heir
Autumn

Adjectives

hot
hereditary
majestic
autumnal
laughable
Asiatic

[3M]

7(b) I. Correct the following words

- (i) liskl
- (ii) reparep
- (iii) moncom
- (iv) hcrot
- (v) notaic
- (vi) nislge

[3M]

Code No: R10101 / R10**Set No. 4**

II. Correct the following sentence.

- (i) One of his family members is a brigadier.
- (ii) He is too healthy.
- (iii) I did not see him since last Monday.
- (iv) The news of the incident are very shocking.
- (v) I am elder than Sridhar.
- (vi) They enjoyed the picnic very much.

[3M]

7(c) Read the following passage and list the adjectives and adverbs.

A man was quickly running with a big bag in his hand. He was stopped by his curious friend. He asked eagerly, 'where are you going'. The man said 'am going home to present my beautiful wife this new dress before the fashion changes. It is almost very latest, black in colour and most elegantly designed dress,.

[3M]

7(d) Write 3 sentences of your own using 'to+ infinitive

[3M]

PART C**All questions carry equal marks [2 x 2.5 = 5M]****Answer all questions**

8(a) Read the passage and answer the following questions.

Scientists observe that as the creatures of primeval seas died, their bodies sank into the mud and silt of the ocean floor. Here the sea currents covered them with still more mud and silt. As time passed, the pressure of the water and upper layers of silt slowly hardened the sediments into rock. They do not, however say, how exactly the pressure of the water and the upper layers of the silt slowly hardened the remains of the creatures into rock. They merely state that the bodies of the dead creatures decayed and disappeared but the outline of their forms was preserved forever in the rock.

Scientists assure us that pressures from the inside of the earth slowly bent the rock in places lifted out of the water. What was once the sea-bottom often became dry land? By looking at these uplifted rocks, scientists can tell us that fossils of the ancient animals came to be preserved, in what they call the 'picture book of rocks'.

We now understand how layers of the fossil- bearing rocks have been piled upon one another for millions of years. Scientists have proved why the oldest layers are to be found at the bottom and newer ones at the top. They have also shown that they can place the fossils in their proper time by observing the sequence of the rocks. This gives them a clear and accurate history of sea-life, going back hundreds of millions years.

Page 3 of 4

Code No: R10101 / R10**Set No. 4****Questions:**

- (i) What happened to the bodies of the sea animals when they died?
- (ii) How do scientists prove that certain types of creatures existed in the sea millions of years ago?
- (iii) What are fossils?
- (iv) How are fossils formed?
- (v) what did the scientists say about the dry- land?

[2.5M]

8(b) Identify the tone of the passage by identifying the words which determine the tone.

Once there lived a sage called Kaundinya. Lohit was his disciple. Lohit was active, intelligent and obedient. The fellow students grew jealous of Lohit. Kaundinya ordered his wife not to serve food for him. Lohit was as active as ever. The sage asked him from where he was getting food .Lohit replied that he was taking the alms from the neighbouring village. Kaundinya asked him to give the alms to him .Lohit was surviving on the froth coming out when the cows were milked. Lohit was eating leaves when he was not allowed to take the froth also. He lost his eyes when he had eaten some poisonous leaves. As he could not see the path he fell into a deep valley in the thick forest.

[2.5M]