

/
 Societ
 CruKom
 USN
 Co
 Envrt
 RV

CBCS SCHEME

15MAT31

Third Semester S.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2019

Engineering Mathematics - III

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any **FIVE** full questions, choosing
ONE full question from each module.

Module-1

- 1 a. Obtain the Fourier series for the function :

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -\pi & \text{in } -T_c < x < 0 \\ x & \text{in } 0 < x < T_c \end{cases}$$

Hence deduce that

$$\left(\frac{2n-1}{8} \right)^2$$

(08 Marks)

- b. Express y as a Fourier series up to the second harmonics, given :

x	0	IX	2%	Tr	4%	5%	2n
y	1.98	1.30	1.05	1.30	-0.88	-0.25	1.98

(08 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Obtain the Fourier series for the function $A(x) = 2x - x^2$ in $0 < x < 2$.

(08 Marks)

- b. Obtain the constant term and the first two coefficients in the only Fourier cosine series for given data :

x	0	1	2	3	4	5
y	4	8	15	7	6	2

(08 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. Find the Fourier transform of

(06 Marks)

- b. Find the Fourier sine transform of $\frac{e^{-ax}}{x}$, $a > 0$.

(05 Marks)

- c. Obtain the z - transform of $\sin nO$ and $\cos nO$

(05 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. Find the inverse cosine transform of $F(a) = \begin{cases} -a, & 0 < a < 1 \\ 0, & a > 1 \end{cases}$

Hence evaluate $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin^{21} t}{t} dt$

(06 Marks)

- b. Find inverse Z - transform of $\frac{3z^2 + 2z}{(5z-1)(5z+2)}$

(05 Marks)

- c. Solve the difference equation $Y_{n+2} - 6Y_{n+1} + 9Y_n = 2^n$ with $y_0 = 0, y_1 = 0$, using z - transforms.

(05 Marks)

15MAT,
Module-3

- 5 a. Find the lines of regression and the coefficient of correlation for the data :

x	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
y	9	8	10	12	11	13	14

(06 Marks)

- b. Fit a second degree polynomial to the data :

x	0	1	2	3	4
y	1	1.8	1.3	2.5	6.3

(05 Marks)

- c- Find the real root of the equation $x \sin x + \cos x = 0$ near $x = rc$, by using Newton — Raphson method upto four decimal places. **(05 Marks)**

OR

- 6 a. in a partially destroyed laboratory record, only the lines of regression of y on x and x on y are available as $4x - 5y + 33 = 0$ and $20x - 9y = 107$ respectively. Calculate x, y and the coefficient of correlation between x and y. **(06 Marks)**

- b. Fit a curve of the type $y = ae^{bx}$ to the data :

x	5	15	20	30	35	40
y	10	14	25	40	50	62

(05 Marks)

- C. Solve $\cos x = 3x - 1$ by using Regula — Falsi method correct upto three decimal places, (Carryout two approximations). **(05 Marks)**

Module-4

- 7 a. Give $f(40) = 184$, $f(50) = 204$, $f(60) = 226$, $f(70) = 250$, $f(80) = 276$, $f(90) = 304$. Find $f(38)$ using Newton's forward interpolation formula. **(06 Marks)**

- b. Find the interpolating polynomial for the data :

x	0	1	2	5
y	2	3	12	147

By using Lagrange's interpolating formula. **(05 Marks)**

0.3

- c. Use Simpson's 8th rule to evaluate $\int_0^{0.3} (1-8x^3)^2 dx$ considering 3 equal intervals. **(05 Marks)**

(05 Marks)—

OR

- 8 a. The area of a circle (A) corresponding to diameter (D) is given below :

D	80	85	90	95	100
A	5026	5674	6362	7088	7854

Find the area corresponding to diameter 105, using an appropriate interpolation formula. **(06 Marks)**

- b. Given the values :

x	5	7	11	13	17
g	150	392	1452	2366	5202

Evaluate $f(9)$ using Newton's divided difference formula. **(05 Marks)**

- c. Evaluate $\int_0^{1+x} f(x) dx$ by Weddle's rule taking seven ordinates. **(05 Marks)**

Module-5

- a. Using Green's theorem, evaluate $\int_C (2x - y^2)dx + (x^2 + y^2)dy$ where C is the triangle formed by the lines $x = 0$, $y = 0$ and $x + y = 1$. **(06 Marks)**
- b. Verify Stoke's theorem for $\mathbf{f} = (2x - y)\mathbf{i} - yz^2\mathbf{j} - yz\mathbf{k}$ for the upper half of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$. **(05 Marks)**
- c. Find the extremal of the functional $I = \int_a^b \{ y^2 + (y')^2 + 2ye^x \} dx$ **(05 Marks)**

 x_i
OR

- 10 a. Using Gauss divergence theorem, evaluate $\iint_S \mathbf{f} \cdot \mathbf{n} dS$, where $\mathbf{f} = 4xz\mathbf{i} - y^2\mathbf{j} + yz\mathbf{k}$ and S is the surface of the cube bounded by $x = 0, -x = 1, y = 0, y = 1, z = 0, z = 1$. **(05 Marks)**
- b. A heavy cable hangs freely under the gravity between two fixed points. Show that the shape of the cable is a Catenary. **(06 Marks)**
- c. Find the extremal of the functional $I = \int_0^{\pi} \left[\frac{1}{2} y'^2 + 4y \cos x \right] dx$, given that $y = 0 = y(\pi/2)$. **(05 Marks)**

coin of
LIBRARY

m17Vi_11100 of Esiol. **ticIP**