



15CPH18/28

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Question Paper Version : D

First/Second Semester B.E Degree Examination, Dec.2016/Jan.2017

Constitution of India, Professional Ethics & Human Rights**(COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)**

Time: 2 hrs.]

[Max. Marks: 40

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES

1. Answer all the forty questions, each question carries one mark.
2. Use only Black ball point pen for writing / darkening the circles.
3. For each question, after selecting your answer, darken the appropriate circle corresponding to the same question number on the OMR sheet.
4. Darkening two circles for the same question makes the answer invalid.
5. Damaging/overwriting, using whiteners on the OMR sheets are strictly prohibited.

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1. The underlying objective of the directive principles is to achieve _____.
a) police state b) secular state c) welfare state d) none of these
 2. 'Equal pay for equal work' is an accomplishment of _____.
a) right to dom **b) right to religion**
c) right to constitutional remedies d) right to equality
 3. Sexual harassment of working women is violation of _____.
a) fundamental duty b) directive principles of state policy
c) fundamental right d) rule of law
 4. State should protect every monument or place or object declared to be of _____.
a) state importance b) national importance
c) international importance d) local importance
 5. In Child Labour Abolition case the supreme court has held that the children below the age of _____ cannot be employed in any hazardous industry.
a) 16 years b) 18 years c) 21 years d) 14 years
 6. Name the group, which is created for the election of the president
a) electoral college b) elected college
c) electoral commission d) none of these
 7. Who is the supreme commander of the defense force of India?
a) Prime minister b) The president
c) Chief justice of S.C. d) Parliament



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8. Who can allot and transfer the portfolios to the ministers?
 - a) The prime minister
 - b) The president
 - c) Parliament
 - d) Cabinet
9. Telling truth when should not is _____
 - a) honesty
 - b) Dharma of an engineer
 - c) misusing of the truth
 - d) business principle
10. Integrity in engineering means _____
 - a) quality of being honest and fair
 - b) quality of service to the customer
 - c) quality of self-esteem behavior
 - d) quality of self-aggrandizement
11. Plagiarism means _____
 - a) Use of intellectual property of others
 - b) Research work
 - c) Copying information from other sources
 - d) None of these
12. Copyright is for _____
 - a) 15 years after his or her death
 - b) 20 years after his or her death
 - c) 50 years after his or her death
 - d) 100 years after his or her death
13. The formulae of a soft drink is an example of
 - a) trade secret
 - b) patent
 - c) copy right
 - d) trade mark
14. When did the Human Rights Act come into effect?
 - a) 1951
 - b) 1989
 - c) 1993
 - d) 1995
15. "Human Rights" means the rights relating to
 - a) life
 - b) liberty
 - c) equality
 - d) all of these
16. _____ of interest may be
 - a) potential
 - b) false
 - c) created
 - d) imaginary
17. One of the objectives of the constitution is to achieve
 - a) law and order
 - b) justice
 - c) political stability
 - d) social control
18. State is authorized to make special provision for _____
 - a) women and children
 - b) men only
 - c) men and women
 - d) none of these
19. Freedom of speech and expression means right to express one's own opinion only by
 - a) words by mouth
 - b) writing and printing
 - c) both (a) and (b)
 - d) none of these
20. Article 21 protects
 - a) life only
 - b) liberty only
 - c) life and personal liberty
 - d) none of these

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21. Telephone tapping is violation of
 - a) right to dom of speech and expression
 - b) right to life and personal liberty
 - c) right to carry on any profession
 - d) right to equality
22. Right to education is a _____
 - a) fundamental right
 - b) ordinary legal right
 - c) not a right
 - d) both (a) and (b)
23. Minorities have right to _____
 - a) establish and administer educational institutions
 - b) only to establish educational institutions
 - c) carry out profession or business
 - d) none of these
24. Mandamus means
 - a) request
 - b) command
 - c) permission
 - d) all of the
25. What kind of elections takes place to Rajya Sabha?
 - a) direct elections
 - b) indirect election'
 - c) by elections
 - d) mid-term elec'joit
26. Annual statement of income and expenditure of the government is known as
 - a) agenda
 - b) catalogue
 - c) calendar
 - d) budget
27. The Governor of the state is responsible for his actions to
 - a) The state legislative assembly
 - b) The president
 - c) The prime minister
 - d) The chief minister
28. This is not the power of the chief minister
 - a) formation of government
 - b) control over ministers
 - c) chief advisor to the governor
 - d) control over state judiciary
29. The number of ministers including the chief minister shall not exceed _____ of the total number of MLAs.
 - a) 25%
 - b) 30%
 - c) 15%0
 - d) 20%
30. The supreme court has the power to
 - a) create high courts
 - b) create the whole judicial system
 - c) supervise and control the high court
 - d) none of these
31. Article 243(D) and 243(T) provides for reservation of seats for SC's and ST's in _____
 - a) Lok Sabha
 - b) Rajya Sabha
 - c) Vidhan Sabha
 - d) Panchayat Raj
32. The term backward class implies backwardness
 - a) socially and educationally
 - b) culturally
 - c) economically
 - d) none of these



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33. Proclamation of emergency must be laid before _____
a) both the houses of the parliament b) either house of parliament
c) before the supreme court d) none of these
34. President can impose state emergency when he receives a report from the _____
a) chief minister b) governor
c) chief justice d) attorney general
35. Every citizen of the age of _____ years is eligible to vote in an election.
a) 16 years b) 21 years c) 22 years d) 18 years
36. Election disputes can be adjudicated only by _____
a) high court b) criminal court
c) civil court d) election commission
37. Which among the following were given supremacy over fundamental rights?
a) fundamental duties b) citizenship
c) DPSP d) none of these
38. What do you mean by 'minimalist approach'?
a) sticking on maximum acceptable standards
b) sticking on minimum acceptable standards
c) sticking on full acceptable standards
d) none of these
39. In 'good work views' focus is given on _____
a) concept of skillful work
b) concept of legal work
c) concept of logical work
d) the concept of responsibility beyond the legal and moral and call of duty
- What is one of the hindrances to the responsibility?
a) self-deception b) self-assessment
c) self-realization d) negligence

