# First Semester B.F. Degree Examination, Dec.2018/Jan. 2019 Engineering Physics 

Time: 3 hrs.
Max. Marks: 100
Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.
2. Physical constants : Velocity of light, $c=3 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ Planck's constant, $h=6.63 \times 10^{-34} .1 \mathrm{~s}$
Mass of electron, $m_{e}=9.1 \times 10^{-31} \mathrm{~kg}$.
Charge of electron, $e=1.6 \times 10^{-19} \mathrm{C}$
Boltzmann constant $=1.38 \times 10^{-23} \mathrm{JK}^{-1}$ A vagadro number $=6.02 \times 10^{23} / \mathrm{mol}$.

## Module-1

1 a. What are shock waves? Mention the characteristics and applications of shock waves.
(06 Marks)
b_ What are damped oscillations? Give the theory of damped oscillations and hence discuss the case of critical damping.
(10 Marks)
e. A free particle is executing simple harmonic motion in a straight line with a period of 25 seconds; 5 seconds after it has crossed the equilibrium point, the velocity is found to be $0.7 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. Find the displacement at the end of 10 seconds and also amplitude of oscillations.
(04 Marks)

## OR

2 a. Define SHM. Mention the characteristics of SHM. Give one example of SHM. (06 Marks)
b. With a neat diagram, explain the construction and working of Reddy's shock tube. Mention conservation of mass energy and momentum expressions.
(10 Marks)
c. A mass of 0.5 kg causes on extension of 0.03 m in a spring and the system is set for oscillations. Find i) The force constant for the spring ii) Angular frequency and iii) Time period of the resulting oscillation.
(04 Marks)

## Module-2

3 a. State and explain Hooke's law. Define elastic and plastic limits.
(06 Marks)
b Define Young's modulus of materials. Derive an expression for the Young's modulus of a beam using single cantilever method.
(10 Marks) Calculate the torque required to twist a wire of length 1.5 m , radius $0.0425 \times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~m}$ through an angle of ( $7 \mathrm{r} / 45$ ) radians, if the value of rigidity modulus of the material is $8.3 \times 10{ }^{1^{\circ}} \mathrm{N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$.
(04 Marks)

## OR

4 a. What is Bending moment? Mention various types of beams and their engineering applications (any four).
(06 Marks)
b. What are the types of Elastic moduli? Derive a relation between Y, K and cy. (10 Marks)
c. Calculate the Force required to produce an extension of 1 mm in steel wire of length 2 m and diameter 1 mm . $\left(\mathrm{Y}-2 \times 10^{11} \mathrm{Nim}^{2}\right)$
(04 Marks)

## *Mi ${ }_{n} \%$. 0 two. <br> Module- 3

5 a. What is Numerical Aperture? Derive an expression for the same.
(06 Marks)
b. State and explain Maxwell's equation for electromagnetic field. Starting from Maxwell's equations, deduce the wave equation for a plane wave in free space.
(10 Marks)
c. Determine constant C, such that. $\mathrm{A}=(\mathrm{x}+\mathrm{ay}) \mathrm{a},+(\mathrm{y}+\mathrm{bz}) \mathrm{a}+(\mathrm{x}+\mathrm{cz}) 6 .{ }_{2}$ is solenoidal.
(04 Marks)

## OR

6 a. Explain the types of fiber losses.
(06 Marks)
b. State and explain Gauss Divergence theorem. Mention the Stoke's theorem.
(10 Marks)
c. The refractive indices of core and clad are 1.50 and 1.48 respectively in an optical fiber. Find the numerical aperture and angle of acceptance..
(04 Marks)

## Module-4

7 a. Setup one dimensional time independent Schrodinger wave equation.
(06 Marks)
b. Mention the three modes of vibration in $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ molecule. With neat diagrams explain the construction and working of CO 2 laser.
(10 Marks)
c. A pulsed laser emits photons of wavelength 780 nm with 20 mW average power/pulse. Calculate the number of photons contained in each pulse if the pulse duration is lOns.
(04 Marks)

## OR

8 a. Prove that electron cannot exist inside the Nucleus of an atom.
(06 Marks)
b. Derive an expression for energy density in terms of Einstein's coefficients.
(10 Marks)
c. An electron is bound in a one dimensional potential well of widthlA, but infinite wall height. Find its energy values in the ground state and in the first two excited stat es.
(04 Marks)

## Module-5

9 a. What are the assumptions of Quantum Free Electron Theory (QFET)? Explain the merits o QFET.
(06 Marks)
b. What is Hall Effect? Derive an expression for Hall voltage interms of Hall coefficient,
(10 Marks)
c. Find the temperature of which there is probability that a state with an energy 0.5 eV
(04 Marks)

## OR

10 a. What is polarization? Explain various types of polarizations mechanisms.
(06 Marks)
b. What is Fermi Energy? Derive an expression for Fermi Energy at zero Kelvin for a metal.
(10 Marks)
e. The resistivity of intrinsic germanium at $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is equal to $0.47 \mathrm{ohm}-\mathrm{m}$. Assuming the electron and hole mobilities as 0.38 and $0.18 \mathrm{~m}^{2} / \mathrm{V}-\mathrm{Sec}$ respectively. Calculate the intrinsic carrier density.
(04 Marks)

