

2019 Scheme

Q.P. Code: 216001 Reg. no.:

Second Professional MBBS Degree Regular/Supplementary Examinations December 2024 Microbiology Paper II

Time: 3 Hours **Total Marks: 100**

- Answer all questions to the point neatly and legibly . Do not leave any blank pages between answers
- Indicate the question number correctly for the answer in the margin space
- Answer all parts of a single question together Leave sufficient space between answers
- Draw table/diagrams/flow charts wherever necessary

1. Multiple Choice Questions

(20x1=20)

The Answers to MCQ questions (Q.No. i to Q.No. xx) shall be written continuously on the first two writing sheets (ie Page No. 3 & 4) only

Read the following clinical history and select the most appropriate response for questions (i) -(v) A 4 year old boy was brought to the emergency with a history of altered sensorium, inability to eat and one episode of seizure in the last 2 days. The child used to play with street dogs.

- i. What is the likely clinical diagnosis
 - a) Guillain barre syndrome

c) Rabies

b) ECHO virus encephalitis

d) Herpes Simplex encephalitis

- ii. An antemortem diagnostic method is
 - a) Negri bodies in brain by Immunohistochemistry
- c) Antibody detection in saliva d) RNA in brain by RTPCR
- b) Antigen in corneal smear by immunofluorescence
- iii. Vaccine to prevent rabies in humans is
 - a) Sheep brain vaccine
- b) Neural vaccine c) Human diploid cell vaccine d) Jeryl Lynn vaccine

c) Cornea transplantation

- iv. Rabies virus can be transmitted to humans by all of the following routes EXCEPT
 - a) Bite by infected bats b) Inhalation of virus containing aerosols
- d) Consumption of raw milk of infected animals
- v. The protein which acts as virulence factor is the
 - a) Nucleoprotein
- b) Glycoprotein G
- c) Matrix protein
- d) Hemagglutinin

Question numbers (vi)-(x) are multiple response type questions. Read the statements & mark the answers appropriately.

- vi. Cholera
 - 1) Has potential to cause pandemics
 - 2) Hanging drop test of stool sample helps in rapid diagnosis
 - 3) Causes dysentery in children
 - 4) Can present as hypovolemic shock in severe cases leading to death
 - a) 1, 2, 3 are correct
- b) 1, 3, 4 are correct
- c) 2, 3, 4 are correct d) 1, 2, 4 are correct
- vii. Bile-stained eggs are seen in infection with
 - 1) Ascaris
- 2) Hookworm
- 3) Trichuris
- 4) Taenia

- a) 1, 2, 3 are correct
- b) 1, 2, 4 are correct
- c) 1, 3, 4 are correct d) 2, 3, 4 are correct

- viii. Hand foot and mouth disease is **NOT** caused by
 - 1) Cytomegalovirus
- 2) Coxsackie virus
- 3) Calicivirus
- 4) ECHO virus

- a) 1, 2, 3 are correct
- b) 2, 3, 4 are correct
- c) 1, 3, 4 are correct
- d) 1, 2, 4 are correct
- ix. This is **NOT** a mode of transmission of *Schistosoma hematobium*
 - 1) Bite of Tsetse fly

- 2) Consumption of vegetables contaminated with metacercaria
- 3) Penetration of cercaria through the skin
 - 4) Blood transfusion

- a) 2, 3, 4 are correct
- b) 1, 2, 3 are correct

b) 1, 3, 4 are correct

- c) 1, 3, 4 are correct
 - d) 1, 2, 4 are correct
- x. A 28 year old male, following consumption of canned food, came with complaints of difficulty in swallowing, blurred vision, which soon progressed to respiratory paralysis. This bacteria is NOT the likely etiology.
 - 1) Enterotoxigenic Escherichia coli
- 2) Clostridium botulinum

3) Campylobacter jejuni a) 1, 2, 4 are correct

- 4) Yersinia enterocolitica c) 2, 3, 4 are correct
- d) 1, 2, 3 are correct

Question numbers (xi) – (xv) are single response types

- xi. Which of the following parasites causes keratitis.
 - a) Acanthamoeba
- b) Naegleria
- c) Balamuthia
- d) Sappinia
- Meningitis caused by the following agents can be prevented by vaccination EXCEPT
 - a) Neisseria meningitidis

c) Hemophilus influenzae

b) Streptococcus pneumoniae

d) Listeria monocytogenes

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xiii.FirSwimmingipool granuloma is caused by Mydoblact	anker.com	www.FirstRanker.com
a) marinum b) kansasii	c) ulcerans	d) abscessus
xiv. River blindness is caused by		
a) Brugia malayi b) Oncocerca volvulus	c) Loa Ioa	d) Mansonella species
xv. Diphtheria vaccine is a		
a) Subunit vaccine b) Toxoid vaccine	c) Whole cell v	
Question numbers (xvi) – (xx) consists of two Stater		(A) and Reason (R). Answer these
questions by selecting the appropriate options given		
xvi. A: Whooping cough is caused by Bordetella pertus	ssis.	
R: Whooping cough is mainly seen in adults.		
a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct expla		c) A is true but R is false
b) Both A and R are true and R is not the correct e		d) A is false but R is true
xvii. A: Specific antivirals are available to treat Japanes	-	
R: Japanese Encephalitis is the most common cau	-	•
a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct expla		c) A is true but R is false
b) Both A and R are true and R is not the correct e	explanation of A	d) A is false but R is true
xviii. A: Cryptococcus neoformans cannot be cultured.	- h - d - m m - CCT	annula bulladia lakanan anatian
R: Rapid diagnosis of Cryptococcal meningitis car		
a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explain.		c) A is true but R is false
b) Both A and R are true and R is not the correct exix. A: Hepatitis B virus is preventable by vaccination.		d) A is false but R is true
R: Hepatitis B can be transmitted parenterally.		
a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct expla	anation of A	c) A is true but R is false
b) Both A and R are true and R is not the correct e		d) A is false but R is true
xx. A: Plasmodium falciparum is the species of Plasm	-	•
R: Malaria is caused by bite of female Anopheles		most conous complications.
a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct expla		c) A is true but R is false
b) Both A and R are true and R is not the correct e		d) A is false but R is true
Essays	•	(2x10=20)
2. A 70 year old man was brought to the emergency de	epartment with fev	er, cough, and dyspnoea. Physical
examination revealed a dull note on percussion. X-ra		
gram stain of sputum sample revealed numerous pu	s cells and Gram	positive lanceolate shaped
diplococci.	-0/,	
What is the clinical diagnosis and what is the probable etiological agent.		
b) What culture media is used to enable the growth of the organism suspected and how will you confirm		
the identity of the organism.	<u> </u>	
c) Discuss the virulence factors and pathogenesis		
d) What are the vaccines available for this etiologic		
 A 30 year old female was brought to the hospital with complaints of loss of weight and appetite of 3 months duration. On examination, she was jaundiced and hepatomegaly present. she gave a history of 		
blood transfusion in the past. Lab investigation showed she was HBsAg positive.		
a) What is the most probable clinical diagnosis.		
b) What are the different modes of transmission of this agent.		
c) Discuss the laboratory diagnosis of this infection		
d) Add a note on the immunoprophylaxis.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(1+2+5+2)
Short Essays		(6X6=36)
4. Hydatid disease.		(* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
5. Define pandemic. Name any four pandemics. Descri	be in detail strate	gies taken for their control. (1+2+3)
6. List FOUR clinically important anaerobes. List sample		
process.		. (2+2+2)
7. Primary Amoebic meningoencephalitis – discuss etic	• • •	,
8. Mode of transmission, clinical presentation and labor	ratory diagnosis of	Nipah virus infection (2+2+2)
9. Shigellosis.		
Short Answers		(6x4=24)
10. Antibiotic associated diarrhea.	005	
11. List, in tabular form, the CSF parameters, in normal CSF and in pyogenic, viral and tubercular meningitis.		
12. How will you instruct a patient with suspected lower respiratory tract infection to collect a sputum sample. 13. How is Toxoplasma gondii transmitted. Add a note on the laboratory diagnosis of congenital Toxoplasma		
- 13. How is Toxopiasma dondii transmitted. Add a note o	n tne laboratory d	iagnosis of congenital Toxoplasma

14. Modes of transmission and laboratory diagnosis of Monkey pox (M Pox)

infection.

15. List FOUR oncogenic viruses.