

# IV MYMAK TIITS THANKELLOOM BIOPHARMACEUTICS AND PHARMACOKINETICS QUESTION BANK

#### UNIT I – BIOPHARMACEUTICS: ABSORPTION, DISTRIBUTION, ELIMINATION

#### 10 MARKS

- 1. Define Absorption. Discuss in detail the various biological factors affecting drug absorption.
- 2. Discuss in detail the various physico-chemical factors affecting drug absorption.
- 3. Discuss in detail the various physiological factors affecting drug absorption.
- 4. Discuss in detail the various pharmaceutical factors affecting drug absorption.
- 5. Explain the various mechanisms of drug absorption.
- 6. Define drug distribution. Describe the factors affecting distribution.
- 7. Write in detail about protein binding and its significance.
- 8. Define biotransformation. Explain with examples phase I and phase II reactions.
- 9. What is clearance? Give the formula for the same. Explain organ clearance and hepatic extraction ratio.
- 10. Explain the process of renal elimination.
- 11. How do you calculate the pharmacokinetic parameters for a drug undergoing metabolism from the urine data? Give the relevant graphs.
- 12. How do you calculate the pharmacokinetic parameters for a drug (no metabolism) from the urine data? Give the relevant graphs.
- 13. Draw a typical plasma concentration time profile curve following oral, IV bolus and IV infusion and explain the pharmacokinetic parameters that can be determined from the same.
- 14. Compare and contrast passive diffusion versus active transport. Add a note on facilitated transport.
- 15. What do you understand by pH-partition theory? Give its importance and its limitations.

#### 5 Marks

#### Absorption

- 1. Explain the differences between passive diffusion and active transport.
- 2. Explain passive diffusion of drugs and the principle behind it.
- 3. Explain pH partition theory.
- 4. Explain In vitro methods for determining absorption of drugs.
- 5. Explain In vivo methods for determining absorption.
- 6. Explain the pore transport process.
- 7. Explain the influence of gastric emptying and intestinal transit time on absorption of drugs.
- 8. Explain the structure of cell membrane with a neat labelled diagram.
- 9. Explain the effect of GI components on the gastric emptying rate.
- 10. What do you understand by gastric emptying and discuss factors affecting the same.
- 11. What factors affect the absorption of drugs when administered as tablets and capsules.



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- 12. Explain the "Everted Sac Modification" technique for measuring the absorption.
- 13. Explain BCS classification of drugs.
- 14. Name the parameters considered in pH-partition theory. Mention the limitations of pH-partition theory.

#### DISTRIBUTION

- 15. Write about the significance of protein binding.
- 16. Explain the kinetics of protein binding.
- 17. Explain about binding of drugs to HAS (Human Serum Albumin).
- 18. Write about plasma protein binding of drugs.
- 19. Define volume of administration and give its significance.
- 20. Define volume of administration and how do you determine Vd?
- 21. How is drug distributed to CNS through blood brain barrier?
- 22. Explain drug distribution to foetus through placental barrier.
- 23. Explain intra cellular and extra cellular binding of drugs.

#### **ELIMINATION**

- 24. Explain renal clearance of drugs.
- 25. How do you determine renal clearance of drugs?
- 26. Explain hepatic extraction ratio and its importance.
- 27. Explain various non-renal routes of excretion.
- 28. Explain hepatic clearance.
- 29. Explain glucuronic acid conjugation.
- 30. Explain phase I reactions.
- 31. What is biotransformation and explain its importance.
- 32. Explain the hepatic metabolism of drugs.
- 33. Explain the pre systemic metabolism of drugs.
- 34. List out the various factors affecting biotransformation and discuss any two.
- 35. List out the various factors affecting excretion and discuss any two.

#### 2 marks

- 1. Write briefly about Active transport
- 2. Draw the Structure of Cell membrane
- 3. What is Facilitated diffusion?
- 4. What is Pinocytosis and phagocytosis?
- 5. What is Endocytosis?
- 6. Write modified Noyes Whitney's equation.
- 7. What is polymorphism.
- 8. Name rate limiting steps in drug absorption.
- 9. What is the effect of food on absorption of drugs?
- 10. How particle sizes affect the drug absorption?
- 11. How do solvates and hydrates affect drug absorption?



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- 12. Give two examples of drugs which are unstable in the GIT.
- 13. List out the methods to study absorption of drugs.
- 14. How drugs are classified according to BCS?
- 15. List the orally administered dosage form in order of their increasing absorption.
- 16. Define drug distribution.
- 17. Define protein binding.
- 18. What are distribution characteristics of protein bond drug?
- 19. Mention the significance of protein binding.
- 20. Mention the significance of tissue binding.
- 21. Define biotransformation.
- 22. What are xenobiotic?
- 23. What is clearance? Give the formula for same
- 24. What is enterohepatic cycle?
- 25. Define apparent volume of distribution.
- 26. What do you understand by inhibition and induction?
- 27. Name the various barriers for drug distribution.
- 28. List out the non renal routes of drug excretion.
- 29. Hepatic clearance. Mention its significance.
- 30. What is Total body clearance.
- 31. What is renal clearance? How do you calculate it?
- 32. Define extraction ratio.
- 33. Write the formula to calculate hepatic extraction ratio.
- 34. Define clearance? Give the expression relating clearance to half life.
- 35. Why phase II reaction is called true detoxication reactions?
- 36. What the consequences are phase I reaction?
- 37. List out phase II biotransformation reactions.
- 38. What is first pass or presystemic metabolism?
- 39. What is glucuronidation?
- 40. Give the relation between clearance and volume of distribution.
- 41. Define apparent volume of distribution.
- 42. What is sink condition?
- 43. Give the formula for determining Vd from plasma concentration (C).

# UNIT II – INTRODUCTION TO PHARMACOKINETICS, ONE COMPARTMENT MODEL, TWO COMPARTMENT MODEL

#### 10 MARKS

- 1. What do you understand by pharmacokinetic model? Classify the pharmacokinetic models, give their salient features, advantages and disadvantages.
- 2. Discuss in detail one-compartment open model for a drug administered as IV Bolus. Give the schematic representation, graphs and equations for the same.



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- 3. Discuss in detail one-compartment open model for a drug administered as IV infusion. Give the schematic representation, graphs and equations for the same
- 4. Discuss in detail two-compartment open model for a drug administered as IV Bolus. Give the schematic representation, graphs and equations for the same.
- 5. What is a compartment? Classify the compartment models. Give the schematic representation of the same.

#### **5 MARKS**

- 1. Write a note on Catenary and mammilarymodeling.
- 2. Write the importance of Compartment modeling in pharmacokinetic study.
- 3. With a neat labeled diagram explain the drug levels in blood after oral administration.
- 4. Explain various pharmacokinetic parameters after oral administration of drug.
- 5. Write the applications of pharmacokinetic models.
- 6. Explain how steady state level of the drug is achieved through I.V infusion.
- 7. Give schematic representation of two and three compartment models with brief explanation.
- 8. Explain the assumptions of one-compartment open model
- 9. Write about the advantages and disadvantages of compartment modeling.
- 10. Compare blood level curves between I.V and oral routes with a graph.
- 11. Give the monoexponential and biexponential equations for drugs administered as IV bolus and explain the terms.
- 12. How do you determine K<sub>E</sub> using rate of excretion method from urine data.
- 13. How do you determine K<sub>E</sub> using sigma minus method from urine data.

#### **5 MARKS**

#### **Non-Linear Pharmacokinetics**

- 1. Explain the various factors leading to non-linearity.
- 2. Explain Michaelis Menten equation in determining non-linearity.
- 3. How do you estimate Km and Vmax.

#### **5 MARKS**

#### Bioavailability and Bio-equivalence

- 1. Define bioavailability. Mention the objectives of bioavailability studies.
- 2. Define bioequivalence. Explain various types of equivalence.
- 3. Explain about the subject selection criterion in bioavailability studies.
- 4. Discuss the various study designs in for performing bioavailability.
- 5. Explain two way cross over design.
- 6. Discuss the various considerations for bioequivalence studies.
- 7. Explain any two methods to calculate AUC.
- 8. Explain how bioavailability is measured using plasma data.



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- 9. Explain how bioavailability is measured using urinary data.
- 10. List out the various methods of assessment of bioavailability and explain any two.
- 11. What are the various methods of enhancement of bioavailability.

#### 2 marks

- 1. Define pharmacokinetics.
- 2. In compartment modelling why does excretion takes place from central compartment
- 3. What are the limitations of one compartment model
- 4. Define elimination rate constant?
- 5. Describe the influence of Ke on Cmax, Tmax and AUC.
- 6. Mention the methods for calculating of AUC.
- 7. Define biological half life.
- 8. Enumerate the applications of pharmacokinetics.
- 9. What is first order and second order reaction?
- 10. What is Zero order reaction?
- 11. Write equation for zero and first order half life.
- 12. What do mean by the rapeutic index?
- 13. Give an example for Mono exponential equation.
- 14. Give an example for Bi exponential equation.
- 15. Draw the blood level profiles for oral and intravenous route of administration.
- 16. Enlist different pharmacokinetic parameters.
- 17. Define Cmax and Tmax.
- 18. Classify Pharmacokinetic models.
- 19. What is multi compartment model?
- 20. Give the schematic representation of one compartment open model-oral.
- 21. Give the schematic representation of one compartment open model-IV.
- 22. Give the schematic representation of two compartment open model-oral.
- 23. Give the schematic representation of two compartment open model-IV.
- 24. Give the schematic representation of three compartments model-oral.
- 25. Give the schematic representation of three compartments model-IV.
- 26. What are the assumptions of one compartment model?
- 27. Give the formula AUC<sub>0-t</sub> & AUC<sub>0-∞</sub>.

#### **BIO-AVAILABILITY AND BIOEQUIVALENCE**

- 1. Define bio-availability and bio-equivalence.
- 2. Differentiate between absolute and relative bioavailability.
- 3. Give the significance of bio-equivalence.
- 4. List out the methods to calculate AUC.
- 5. Give an example for Latin square cross over design for the conduct of bioavailability study.
- 6. Name any four methods for enhancing bio-availability of drugs.
- 7. Define therapeutic equivalence and chemical equivalence.



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- 8. Give the equation to calculate bio-availability from urine data?
- 9. Name the methods to calculate Ke from urine data.

#### NON-COMPARTMENTAL ANALYSIS

- 1. Explain statistical moment's theory.
- 2. Give the formula for AUMC and MRT.
- 3. What are the advantages of physiological model?
- 4. What is the difference between AUC and AUMC?
- 5. Define MRT and give its equation.
- 6. Give schematic representation for Physiological –Pharmacokinetic

#### NON LINEAR PHARMACOKINETICS

- 1. What is the difference between linear and non-linear PK?
- 2. List out the reasons for non-linearity in PK studies.
- 3. Write the tests to determine non-linearity.
- 4. Give Michaelis-Menton equation. Explain the terms.
- 5. What is Km and Vmax?

#### **MULTIPLE DOSAGE REGIMEN**

- 1. Define loading and maintenance dose. Give the formula for the same.
- 2. Give the equations to calculate the steady state maximum, minimum and average drug concentrations.
- 3. Give the plasma concentration time plot for multiple dosing of an IV bolus.
- 4. What do you understand by accumulation index and give the formula.
- 5. Explain principle of plateau or steady state.
- 6. What are the factors which influence dosage regimen?
- 7. Name two parameters used in adjusting dosage regimen.
- 8. Define dosing frequency.
- 9. Give relation between loading dose and maintenance dose.
- 10. Give the plasma concentration time plot for multiple oral administration.