

CBCS SCHEME


15MATDIP31

43 - Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2019/Jan.2020

Additional Mathematics – I

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE fill question from each !nodule.

Module-1

- 1 a. Find modulus and amplitude of $I = \cos 9 + i \sin 9$. (05 Marks)
- b. Express $\frac{3+4i}{3-4i}$ in a $+ib$ form. (08 Marks)
- c. Find the value of 'X,' so that the points A(-1, 4, -3), B(3, 2, -5), C(-3, 8, -5) and D(-3, -1), may lie on one plane. (06 Marks)

OR

- 2 a. Find the angle between the vectors $a = 5j + k$ and $b = 23j + 6k$. (05 Marks)
- b. Prove that $| \mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{b} \times \mathbf{c}, \mathbf{c} \times \mathbf{a} | = I \mathbf{abc}$ (05 Marks)
- c. Find the real part of $\frac{1}{1+\cos \theta + i \sin \theta}$ (06 Marks)

Module-2

- 3 a. Obtain the n^{th} derivative of $\sin(ax+b)$. (05 Marks)
- b. Find the pedal equation of $= a'' \cos \theta$ (05 Marks)
- c. If $u = \frac{yz}{x}$, $v = \frac{zx}{y}$, $w = \frac{xy}{z}$, show that $\frac{a(u, v, w)}{a(x, y, z)}$ (06 Marks)

OR

- 4 a. If $u = \log \frac{x^2 + y^2}{x + y}$, show that $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 3$. (08 Marks)
- b. If $u = \frac{y}{x}$, $y = z-x$, show that $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 0$. (05 Marks)
- c. If $y = a \cos(\log x) + b \sin(\log x)$, show that $x^2 y_{xx} + (2n+1)xy_{x} + (n^2+1)y_{xx} = 0$ (06 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. Evaluate $\int_0^1 x \sin^2 x dx$ (05 Marks)
- b. Evaluate $\int x^2 (1 - x^2)^{3/2} dx$ (05 Marks)
- c. Evaluate $\int_{-h-a}^{b-a} f(x^2 + y^2 + z^2) dz dy dx$ (06 Marks)

OR

- 6 a. Evaluate $\int_{0}^{x} xy dy dx$ (05 Marks)
- b. Evaluate $f(x + y + z) dx dy dz$ (05 Marks)
- c. Evaluate $\int_{x^2}^{4} \frac{dx}{x^2}$ (06 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. If $r = (t^2 + 1) i + (4t - 3) j + (2t^2 - 6t) k$ find the angle between the tangents at $t = 1$ and $t = 2$. (05 Marks)
- b. If $r = e^t i + 2\cos 3t j + 2\sin 3t k$, find the velocity and acceleration at any time t , and also their magnitudes at $t = 0$. (05 Marks)
- c. Show that $F = (y + z) i + (z + x) j + (x + y) k$ is irrotational. Also find a scalar function 'y' such that $F = V(1)$. (06 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. Find the unit normal vector to the surface $x^2 y + 2xz = 4$ at $(2, -2, 3)$. (05 Marks)
- b. If $\mathbf{F} = xz^3 i - 2x^2 yz j + 2yz^4 k$ find ∇F and $\nabla \times F$ at $(1, -1, 1)$. (05 Marks)
- c. If $\frac{d}{dt} \mathbf{a} = wx \mathbf{a}$ and $\frac{d}{dt} \mathbf{b} = wx \mathbf{b}$, then show that $\frac{d}{dt} (\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}) = wx (\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b})$ (06 Marks)

Module-5

- 9 a. Solve $\sec^2 x \tan y dx + \sec^2 y \tan x dy = 0$. (05 Marks)
- b. Solve $(y^3 - 3x^2 y) dx + (3xy^2 - x^3) dy = 0$. (05 Marks)
- c. Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{y}{x} = \frac{x}{y}$. (06 Marks)

OR

- 10 a. Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} + y \cot x = \cos x$ (05 Marks)
- b. Solve $x^2 y dx - (x^3 +) dy = 0$ (05 Marks)
- c. Solve $y(x + y) dx + (x + 2y - 1) dy = 0$ (06 Marks)