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USN	17EC36
Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2019/Jan.2020 Engineering Electromagnetics	
Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 100	
Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.	
Module-1	
a. Obtain an expression for electric field intensity at any given point due to charges.	o 'n' number of point (04 Marks)
b. Four 10 nC positive charges are located in the z = 0 plane at the corners of a square 8 cm on a side. A fifth 10 nC positive charge is located at a point 8 cm distant from the other charges.	
Calculate the magnitude of the total force on this fifth charge for $e = e_0$. (08 Marks) C. Find the total charge contained in a 2 cm length of the electron beam for 2 cm $<$ z $<$ 4 cm,	
$p = 1$ cm and $p_v = -5$ e ⁻¹⁰⁰ PII.ic/m ³ .	(08 Marks)
OR	
a. Define electric flux and electric flux density, and also, obtain the reelectric flux density and electric field intensity.b. Infinite uniform line charges of 5 nC/m lie along the (positive and neg	(06 Marks)
free space, Find E at $P(1, 2, 3)$.	•
c. Given a 60 JAC point charge located at the origin, find the total electric f	(10 Marks) lux passing through:
(i) That portion of the sphere $r = 26$ cm bounded by $0 < 0 < \frac{Tr}{2}$ and $0 < \frac{Tr}{2}$	< 14)r $< \frac{Ir}{2}$.
(ii) The closed surface de fined by $p = 26$ cm and $z = \pm 26$ cm.	(04 Marks)
Module-2	
3 a. State and obtain mathematicall f 1 i of Gauss law.	(07 Marks)
b. Given $\overrightarrow{D} = 6p \sin \frac{\sqrt{1}}{2} a_1 + p \cos \frac{0}{2} a_m C/m^2$. Evaluate both sides of divergence theorem	
for the region bounded by $p = 2m$, $sir = 0$, $(1) = \pi$ rad, $z = 0$ and $z = 5m$. c. Derive the point form of current continuity equation.	(08 Marks) (05 Marks)
, OR	

- a. Given the non-uniform field E = y + x + x + x + y + 2, where x + y + 2 is a sum of x + y + 2. A sum of x + y + 2 is a sum of x + y + 2. A sum of x + y + 2 is a sum of x + y + 2. A sum of x + y + 2 is a sum of x + y + 2. A sum of x + y + 2 is a sum of x + y + 2. A sum of x + y + 2 is a sum of x + y + 2 in x + y + 2 in
 - b. Derive the expression for potential field resulting from point charge in free-space. (07 Marks)
 - c. Find the value of volume charge density at $p(r = 1.5 \text{ in}, 0 = 30^{\circ}, (I) = 50^{\circ})$, when $\hat{D} = 2r\sin O\cos 4; \hat{l}ar + reosecos(1)\hat{a}u r\sin 4l\hat{a}, C/m^2$. (06 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. Using Gauss law derive Poisson and Laplace equations.
 - b. State and prove uniqueness theorem. (10 Marks)
 - c. Calculate A 1-12 at $P_2(4, \text{ www.firlsitRankel.dom}) = 2rc \dot{a}z1.1 \text{Am at } P1(0, 0, 2).$ (05 Marks)

(05 Marks)



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OR

6 a. Show that $V^2V = 0$, for $V = (5p^4 - 6p^{-4})\sin 44$.

(05 Marks)

- b. Evaluate both sides of Stoke's theorem for the field H = 6xy $3y^2 a_y A/m$ and the rectangular path around the region, $2 \times S = 5$, —1 y 1, z = 0. Let positive direction of d; be a, . (08 Marks)
- c. State and explain Ampere's circuital law. Using the same, obtain the expression for H at any given point due to the infinite length filamentary conductor, carrying current I.

(07 Marks)

Module-4

7 a. Obtain an expression for Lorentz force equation.

(05 Marks)

- b. Obtain the relationship between magnetic fields at the boundary of two different magnetic media. (09 Marks)
- c. Derive the expression for force between two infinitely long. Straight, parallel filamentary conductors, separated by distance d, carrying equal and opposite currents, I. (06 Marks)

OR

8 a. Given a ferrite material which operates in a linear mode with $\mathbf{B} = 0.05$ T, calculate value.,::: for magnetic susceptibility, magnetization and magnetic field intensity. Given J. = 50.

(05 Marks)

- b. Obtain expressions for magneto motive force (mmf) and reluctance in magnetic circuits by making use of analogy between electric and magnetic circuits. (08 Marks)
- c. Two differential current elements, 1_i ALI = $3(10^{-6})$ a_y Am at $P_1(1, O, O)$ and I_1 AL2 = $3(10^{-6})(-0.5ax + 0.4a, + 0.3az)$ Am at $P_2(2, 2, 2)$ are located in free space. Find vector force exerted on $1_101,2$ by 1,4 L, . (07 Marks)

Module_5

- 9 a. Explain the inadequacy of Ampere's circuital law for time-varying fields. Obtain a suitable correction for the same, which will remain consistent for both time and non-time-varying fields.

 (05 Marks)
 - b. Let pt = 10^{-5} H/m, E = 4 x 1 **e** F/m, 6 = 0 and p, = 0. Find K (including units) so that the following pair of fields satisfy Maxwell's equations: E = $(20y Kt)ax^{4}V/m$;

 $\mathbf{H} = (y + 2x \ 10^6 \, t) , A/m.$ (05 Marks)

e. Starting from Maxwell's curl equation, obtain the equation of Poynting's theorem and interpret the same. (10 Marks)

OR

- a. Express Maxwell's equations in phasor form as applicable to free-space. Using the same, obtain vector Helmholtz equation in free space.

 (09 Marks)
 - b. Obtain an expression for skin depth when an electromagnetic wave enters a conducting medium. Also, calculate the skin depth when a 160 MHz plane wave propagates through aluminum of conductivity 10^5 U/m, $E_r = M_r = 1$ (05 Marks)
 - c. Starting from equation of Faraday's law, obtain the point form of Maxwell's equation concerning spatial derivative of E and time derivative of H.