## GEGsschienis mait

15MAT31

## Third Semester B.F. Degree Examination, Dec..241*Jan. 2020 Engineering Mathematics - III

Time: 3 hrs.
Max. Marks: 80

1 a. Obtain the Fourier expansion of the function $f(x)=x$ over the interval $(-7 \mathrm{c}, \mathrm{rc})$. Deduce that
b. The following table gives the variations of a periodic current A over a certain period T :

| t (sec) | 0 | $\mathrm{~T} / 6$ | T 13 | $\mathrm{~T} / 2$ | $2 \mathrm{~T} / 3$ | $5 \mathrm{~T} / 6$ | T |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A (amp) | 1.98 | 1.30 | 1.05 | 1.30 | -0.88 | -0.25 | 1.98 |

Show that there is a direct current part of 0.75 amp in the variable current and obtain the amplitude of the first harmonic.
(08 Marks)

## OR

2 a. Obtain the Fourier series for the function $f(x)=$
$0 \mathrm{x}<$
(06 Marks)
b. Represent the function
$\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})$
$x, \quad$ for $0<x<i t / 2$
"7 12 for $\mathrm{rc} / 2<\mathrm{x}<7 \mathrm{r}$
in a half range Fourier sine series.
(05 Marks)
C. Determine the constant term and the first cosine and sine terms of the Fourier series expansion of $y$ from $t$

| $\mathrm{xc}^{\prime}$ | 0 | 45 | 90 | 135 | 180 | 225 | 270 | 315 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{y}$ | 2 | $3 / 2$ | 1 | $1 / 2$ | 0 | $1 / 2$ | 1 | $3 / 2$ |

(05 Marks)

## Module-2

3 'Find the complex Fourier transform of the function

$$
f(x)=\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ll}
1 & \text { for }  \tag{06Marks}\\
0 & x \\
0 \text { for } & \dot{j}_{x}>a
\end{array} \quad\right. \text { Hence evaluate } j \sin x_{d x}
$$

b. If $\mathbf{u}(\mathrm{z}) \quad * 3 \mathrm{z}+12$ show that $\mathrm{u}_{\mathrm{o}}=\mathrm{O} \mathbf{u}_{1}=0 \quad=2 \quad 11$.
(05 Marks)
( $7^{-1}$ )
c. Obtain the Fourier cosine:transform of the function
$4 x, \quad 0<x<1$
$\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=4 \mathrm{x}, \mathrm{I}<\mathrm{x}<4$
(05 Marks)

## OR

4 a. Obtain the Z-transform of cosnO and sinnO.
(06 Mark ,
b. Find the Fourier sine transform of $f(x)=$
and hence evaluate $\begin{aligned} & f \underline{x} \sin m x \\ & 0 \\ & 1+\mathbf{x}^{-}\end{aligned}$dx $\quad \mathbf{m}>\mathbf{0}$.
(05 Marks)
c. Solve by using Z-transforms $\mathrm{y}, \ldots, 2 \mathrm{v}$ † yn n with yo $=0=$ yi.
(05 Marks)

## Module-3

5 a. Fit a second degree parabola $y=a x^{\prime}+b x+c$ in the least square sense for the following data and hence estimate y at $\mathrm{x}=6$.
(06 Marks)

|  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| y | 10 | 12 | 13 | 16 | 19 |

b. Obtain the lines of regression and hence find the coefficient of correlation for the data:

| x | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 13 | 15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| y | 8 | 6 | 10 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 16 | 10 | 32 | 32 |

(05 Marks'
c• Use Newton-Raphson method to find a real root of $x \sin x+\cos x=0$ near $x=r$. Carryout the upto four decimal places of accuracy.
(05 Marks)

## OR

6 a. Show that a real root of the equation $\tan x+\tanh x=0$ lies between 2 and 3 . Then apply the Regula Falsi method to find third approximation.
(06 Marks)
b. Compute the coefficient of con elation and the equation of the lines of regression for the data:

| x | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| y | 9 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 11 | 13 | 14 |

bx
(05 Marks)
c. Fit a curve of the form $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{ae}$ for the data:

| x | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| y | 8.12 | 10 | 31.82 |

(05 Marks)

## Module-4

7 a. From the following table find the number of students who have obtained:
i) Less than 45 marks
ii) Between 40 and 45 marks.

| Marks | $30-40$ | $40-50$ | $50-60$ | $60-70$ | $70-80$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of students | 31 | 42 | 51 | 35 | 31 |

(06 Marks)
b. Construct the interpolating polgnomial for the data given below using Newton's general interpolation formula for divided differences and hence find y at $\mathrm{x}=3$.

| x | 2 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 8 | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| y | 10 | 96 | 196 | 350 | 868 | 1746 |

(05 Marks)
C. Evaluate ${ }_{0}^{r} \overline{1+}$ dx by Weddle's rule. Taking seven ordinates. Hence find $\log _{\mathrm{e}} 2$. ( $\mathbf{0 5}$ Marks)

## OR

8 a. Use Lagrange's interpolation formula to find $f(4)$ given below.
(06 Marks)

b. Use Simpson's $3 / 8^{\text {II }}$ rule to evaluate I e"dx
C. The area of a circle (A) corresponding to diatneter (D) is given by

| D | 80 | 85 | 90 | 95 | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 5026 | 5674 | 6362 | 7088 | 7854 |

Find the area corresponding to diameter 105 using an appropriate interpolation formula.
(05 Marks)

## Module-5

9 a. Evaluate Green's theorem for (1),. $\left(x y+y^{2}\right) d x+x^{2} d y$ where $c$ is the closed curve of the region bounded by $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{x}$ and y
(06 Marks)
b. Find the extrema! of the functional $f\left(x^{2}+3 /^{2}+2 y^{2}+2 x y\right) d x$
(05 Marks)
c. Varity Stoke's theorem for $F=(2 x-y) \quad y z^{2 .}-y^{`} z k$ where $S$ is the upper half surface of the sphere $x^{2}+y_{y}+z^{-}=I C$ is its boundary.
(05 Marks)

## OR

10 a. Derive Euler's equation in the standard form

$$
\mathrm{Of}^{\mathrm{d}} \quad \begin{gathered}
\text { af } \\
\mathrm{dx}, 0 \mathrm{y} 1)
\end{gathered} 0 .
$$

(06 Marks)
b. If $\mathrm{F}=2 \mathrm{xyi}+3,{ }^{2} 41+\mathrm{xzk}$ and S is the rectangular parallelepiped bounded by $\mathrm{x}-0, \mathrm{y}=0$, $\mathrm{z}=0, \mathrm{x}=2, \mathrm{y}=1, \mathrm{z}=3$. Evaluate if-F.fids
(05 Marks)
c. Prove that the shortest distance between two points in a plane is along the straight line joining them or prove that the geodesics on a plane are straight lines.
(05 Marks)

