

Roll No. Total No. of Pages: 02

Total No. of Questions: 09

B.Sc.(Agriculture) (2014 to 2018) (Sem.-2)

MATHEMATICS - II

Subject Code: BSAG-205A M.Code: 72360

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 60

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.

SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.

SECTION-C contains THREE questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any TWO questions.

SECTION-A

Q1. Write briefly:

- a) Evaluate $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\tan x \sin x}{x^2}$
- b) Evaluate $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{e^x e^{-x}}$.
- c) Differentiate $y = \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{1-x}}$ with respect to x.
- d) Show that $y = a \sin \sqrt{\mu}x$ is solution of $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \mu y = 0$.
- e) If $y = e^{ax}$, find y_n .
- f) If radius of a sphere is 5 cm and is increasing at 0.1 cm/sec, how fast is its volume changing?
- g) Evaluate $\int \frac{\cot x}{\sin^2 x} dx$.
- h) Show that $\int xe^x dx = e^x(x-1) + c$.



i) Prove that
$$\int \frac{dx}{(x-1)(x-2)} = \log\left(\frac{x-2}{x-1}\right) + c.$$

j) Evaluate $\int (2x^3 - 3\sin x + 5\sqrt{x}) dx$.

SECTION-B

2. Show that
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(1 - \frac{1}{x}\right)^x = \frac{1}{e}$$
.

3. Find
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
 for $y = x^{\sin x}$.

- Find the equation of the tangent and normal to the curve $y = x^3 3x^2 x + 5$ at the point 4. (3, 2).
- Evaluate $\int e^{ax} \sin bx \, dx$. 5.
- 7. Evaluate $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2 + x^2}}$.

 Evaluate $\int -$

- If $y = \tan^{-1} x$, show that $(1 + x^2) y_2 + 2xy_1 = 0$ and deduce that $(1 + x^2) y_{n+2} + 2 (n+1) xy_{n+1} + n (n+1) y_n = 0$. Hence determine y_n when x = 0.

NOTE: Disclosure of identity by writing mobile number or making passing request on any page of Answer sheet will lead to UMC case against the Student.

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