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Roll No.	Total No. of Pages : 02
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B.Sc. (Hons)Agriculture (2019 Batch	ı) (Sem.–1)
ELEMENTARY MATHEMA	TICS
Subject Code : BSAG-106-1	9(B)
M.Code: 76930	
Time:3 Hrs.	Max. Marks:60

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

- 1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
- 2. SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.
- 3. SECTION-C contains THREE questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any TWO questions.

SECTION-A

- 1. Write briefly :
 - a) If the angle between two lines is $\frac{\pi}{4}$ and slope of one of the lines is $\frac{1}{2}$, find the slope of the other line.
 - b) Find the equation of a line perpendicular to the line x 2y 3 = 0 and passing through the point (1, -1).
 - c) Find centre and radius of the circle with equation $x^2 + y^2 + 8x + 10y 8 = 0$.
 - d) Evaluate $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\sqrt{1+x-1}}{x}$.

e) Find
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
 for $y = \frac{x+1}{x-1}$

f) If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$, then verify that $(AB)^{T} = B^{T} A^{T}$.

g) Evaluate $\int \frac{1-\sin x}{\cos^2 x} dx$.

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h) For A =
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and B = $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$, find AB and BA.

i) Differentiate $y = xe^x$ with respect to x.

j) Evaluate
$$\int \frac{dx}{e^x + e^{-x}}$$
.

SECTION-B

- 2. Find the area of a triangle with vertices (4, 4), (3, -2) and (-3, 16).
- 3. Find the derivative of f(x) using the first principle where $f(x) = \sin x$.
- 4. Evaluate $\int e^{-3x} \sin x \, dx$.

5. Find
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 (A + A^T) and $\frac{1}{2}$ (A - A^T) when A = $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & a & b \\ -a & 0 & c \\ -b & -c & 0 \end{bmatrix}$.
6. Prove that $\begin{bmatrix} b+c & a & a \\ b & c+a & b \\ c & c & a+b \end{bmatrix}$ = 4*abc*.
SECTION-C

7. Find the condition that the line y = mx + c is tangent to the circle $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$.

8. If
$$y = \sin^{-1} x$$
, show that $(1 - x^2) \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - x \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$.

9. Find inverse of the matrix
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 4 & -3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
.

NOTE : Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.

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