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Total No. of Pages : 02

Total No. of Questions : 09

B.Sc.(MLS) (2014 to 2017) (Sem.-4)

**APPLIED HEMATOLOGY**

Subject Code : BMLS-403

M.Code : 48118

Time : 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 60

**INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES :**

1. **SECTION-A** is **COMPULSORY** consisting of **TEN** questions carrying **TWO** marks each.
2. **SECTION-B** contains **FIVE** questions carrying **FIVE** marks each and students have to attempt any **FOUR** questions.
3. **SECTION-C** contains **THREE** questions carrying **TEN** marks each and students have to attempt any **TWO** questions.

**SECTION-A****1) Answer briefly :**

- a) What are transferrins?
- b) What is the nature of alpha and beta rays?
- c) Name vitamin K dependent factors.
- d) List the function of transcobalmins.
- e) Define megaloblast?
- f) What is the function of vWF?
- g) Name some agonists of platelet aggregation.
- h) What is the function of tPA?
- i) What is full form of MPO in cytochemical staining?
- j) What are leukamoid reactions?

### SECTION-B

- 2) Give the principle, procedure and clinical significance of APTT/PTTK.
- 3) What is half life of radioactive isotopes? What is its importance?
- 4) Discuss how iron is transported and absorbed in our body.
- 5) Give the principle, procedure and clinical significance of plasma Hb.
- 6) Write short note on use of cytochemical staining for the diagnosis of leukemias.

### SECTION-C

- 7) Write down the steps involved in the culture of cells for Karyotyping. Discuss various staining techniques employed.
- 8) Discuss the mechanism of normal fibrinolysis. Give various tests for hyperfibrinolysis.
- 9) What is role of G6PD in our system in relation to hematology? Discuss HMP pathway and the tests conducted for demonstrating G6PD deficiency.

**NOTE : Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.**