

**Time: Three Hours****Max. Marks: 100 Marks****PATHOLOGY – PAPER II (RS-4)****Q.P. CODE: 1027****(QP contains two pages)**

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked

Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary

**LONG ESSAYS****2 x 10 = 20 Marks**

- 40 year police constable gives history of epigastric pain and it is relieved after eating certain food, for the last six months. Now he is presenting with dark coloured stools.
  - What is your diagnosis?
  - Describe the etiology, pathogenesis and microscopic feature of this condition
  - Write its complications
- 60 year female presented with right flank pain and weight loss with fatigue for 3 month duration. Ultrasound scan shows renal mass in the upper pole measuring 4.3 x 4 cm. urine microscopy of the patient shows plenty of RBCs.
  - What is your diagnosis?
  - Describe the pathogenesis and microscopic variants of the disease
  - Add a note on spread of this disease

**SHORT ESSAYS****8 x 5 = 40 Marks**

- Subacute bacterial endocarditis.
- Osteosarcoma.
- Bronchiectasis.
- Carcinoma penis.
- Endometrial hyperplasia.
- Lobular carcinoma Breast.
- Hashimotos thyroiditis.
- Classify CNS tumors.

**SHORT ANSWERS****10 x 3 = 30 Marks**

- Classification of cirrhosis of liver
- Microscopic picture of Malignant Melanoma.
- Write three morphological features of urothelial carcinoma of urinary bladder
- Psammoma bodies.
- Pagets disease of Bone.
- Barretts esophagus.
- Gross features of Seminoma.
- Microscopic picture of Pleomorphic adenoma of salivary gland.
- Verocay bodies.
- Linitis plastica.

**Multiple Choice Questions****10 x 1 = 10 Marks**

- 21 i) Struma ovarii means  
A. Germ cell tumour of ovary  
B. Ovarian malformation  
C. Endometriosis of ovary  
D. Krukenberg tumour
- 21 ii) Glomus tumor  
A. Salivary gland tumour  
B. Benign mesenchymal neoplasms in subungual region  
C. Renal tumour  
D. Ovarian tumour
- 21 iii) Gynecomastia  
A. Enlargement of male breast  
B. Abnormal breast in female  
C. Fat necrosis of breast  
D. Ectopic breast tissue
- 21 iv) Anchovy Sauce type of pus seen in  
A. Lung abscess  
B. Amoebic liver abscess  
C. Brain abscess  
D. Pancreatitis
- 21 v) Dukes staging is for  
A. Carcinoma stomach  
B. Carcinoma oesophagus  
C. Carcinoma colon  
D. Carcinoma pancreas
- 22 i) Aphthous ulcer seen in  
A. Mouth  
B. Skin  
C. Stomach  
D. Colon
- 22 ii) Ghon's Focus seen in  
A. Skin  
B. Tongue  
C. Brain  
D. Sub pleural lung
- 22 iii) All are germ cell tumors **EXCEPT**  
A. Dysgerminoma  
B. Embryonal Carcinoma  
C. Krukenberg Tumour  
D. Teratoma
- 22 iv) Psammoma bodies seen in  
A. Papillary carcinoma thyroid  
B. Follicular carcinoma thyroid  
C. Medullary carcinoma thyroid  
D. Oncocytic carcinoma thyroid
- 22 v) Rodent ulcer means  
A. Squamous cell carcinomatous ulcer  
B. Basal cell carcinoma  
C. Gastric ulcer  
D. Ulcerative colitis

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