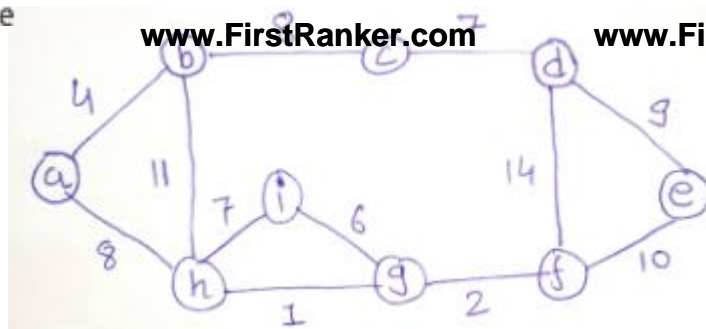


GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**BE - SEMESTER- V EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2020****Subject Code: 2150703****Date: 26/10/2020****Subject Name: ANALYSIS AND DESIGN OF ALGORITHMS****Time: 02:30 PM TO 05:00 PM****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

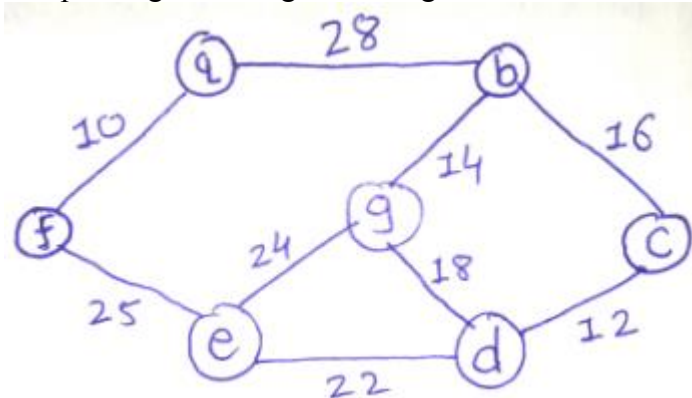
1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

| | | MARKS | |
|--|--|---|-----------|
| Q.1 | (a) Define the terms: 1) Principal of Optimality 2) Feasible solution 3) Quantifier | 03 | |
| | (b) Analyze Binary search algorithm in best and worst case. | 04 | |
| | (c) Define Asymptotic notation. Arrange the following functions in increasing order of growth. 2^n , n^2 , 1, $\log n$, $n \log n$, 3^n and n . | 07 | |
| Q.2 | (a) Define the function types: 1) One-to-One 2) Into (Injective) and 3) Onto (Surjective) | 03 | |
| | (b) What is the smallest value of n such that an algorithm whose running time is $100n^2$ runs faster than an algorithm whose running time is 2^n on the same machine? | 04 | |
| | (c) Analyze Quick sort algorithm in best and worst case. | 07 | |
| OR | | | |
| Q.3 | (c) Analyze insertion sort algorithm in best and worst case. | 07 | |
| | (a) Differentiate divide and conquer approach with dynamic programming approach. | 03 | |
| | (b) Solve the following recurrence using Master Theorem. $T(n) = 9T(n/3) + n$. | 04 | |
| Q.3 | (c) Write equation for Matrix Chain Multiplication using Dynamic programming. Find out optimal sequence for multiplication: $A_1 [5 \times 4]$, $A_2 [4 \times 6]$, $A_3 [6 \times 2]$, and $A_4 [2 \times 7]$. Also give the optimal solution. | 07 | |
| | OR | | |
| | (a) Differentiate greedy programming approach with dynamic programming approach. | 03 | |
| Q.3 | (b) Solve the following recurrence using Master Theorem. $T(n) = T(2n/3) + 1$. | 04 | |
| | (c) Using greedy algorithm find an optimal schedule for following jobs with $n=6$. Profits: $(P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4, P_5, P_6) = (20, 15, 10, 7, 5, 3)$ Deadline: $(d_1, d_2, d_3, d_4, d_5, d_6) = (3, 1, 1, 3, 1, 3)$. | 07 | |
| | Q.4 | (a) Define and explain P and NP problems with suitable example. | 03 |
| (b) Solve the following Knapsack Problem using greedy method. Number of items = 7, knapsack capacity $W = 15$, weight vector = $\{2, 3, 5, 7, 1, 4, 1\}$ and profit vector = $\{10, 5, 15, 7, 6, 18, 3\}$. | | 04 | |
| (c) Find minimum spanning tree using Krushkal's algorithm of the following graph. | | 07 | |



OR

- Q.4** (a) Define and explain NP-complete and NP-hard problems with suitable example. **03**
 (b) Explain Dijkstra's algorithm to find the shortest path. **04**
 (c) Find minimum spanning tree using Prim's algorithm of the following graph. **07**



- Q.5** (a) Explain the naive string matching algorithm **03**
 (b) Differentiate between depth first search and breadth first search. **04**
 (c) Working modulo $q = 11$. How many spurious hits does the Rabin-Karp matcher encounter in the text $T = 3141592653589793$ when looking for the pattern $P = 26$? **07**

OR

- Q.5** (a) Explain polynomial-time reduction algorithm. **03**
 (b) Prove that if G is an undirected bipartite graph with an odd number of vertices, then G is non-Hamiltonian. **04**
 (c) Explain Backtracking Method. What is N-Queens Problem? Give solution of 4 Queens Problem using Backtracking Method. **07**
