

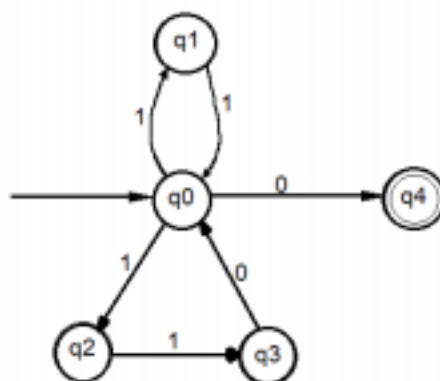
# GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

BE - SEMESTER- VI EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2020

**Subject Code: 2160704**
**Date: 28/10/2020**
**Subject Name: THEORY OF COMPUTATION**
**Time: 10:30 AM TO 01:00 PM**
**Total Marks: 70**
**Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1**
- (a) What is a proposition? Which logical connectives do we use to generate compound proposition? **03**
- (b) Out of these two statements which one is true and which is false. Justify your answer. **04**
1.  $\forall x(\exists y((x - y)^2 < 4))$
  2.  $\exists y(\forall x((x - y)^2 < 4))$
- (c) Develop an FA corresponding to following regular expression **07**
- $$r = (11 + 110)^*0$$
- Explain the properties of Distinguishability of Strings and Equivalence classes, show minimum numbers of states necessary for this FA.
- Q.2**
- (a) Write the strong principle of mathematical induction and show that  $P(n)$  is true for every  $n \geq 2$ , where  $P(n)$  is the statement:  $n$  is either a prime or a product of two or more primes. **03**
- (b) Define a CFG for language having strings with equal number of 0's and 1's. **04**
- $$L = \{ x \in \{0,1\}^* \mid n_0(x) = n_1(x) \}$$
- (c)  $L_1$  is a language over  $\{0, 1\}^*$  that accepts strings ending in 11.  $L_2$  is a language over  $\{0, 1\}^*$  that accepts strings containing 101 as sub-string. Write the regular expressions, draw FA for  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  and derive FA for  $L_1 \cup L_2$ . **07**
- OR**
- (c) Apply the subset construction technique to convert the given NFA to FA. **07**



- Q.3** (a) What is an Ambiguous CFG? Explain with reference to dangling else problem. 03
- (b) Explain Moore machine and Mealy machine. Give example of two equivalent machines of each type performing similar function. 04
- (c) Derive a CFG equivalent to following regular expression 07  
 $(011 + 1)^*(01)^*$
- OR**
- Q.3** (a) What are Nullable variable in a CFG? How can we remove them from a production? 03
- (b) Draw NFA- $\Lambda$  for  $((0+1)^*10 + (00)^*(11)^*)^*$  04
- (c) What are the steps to convert a CFG to Chomsky Normal Form? 07
- Q.4** (a) Define a Turing Machine. 03
- (b) What language will be generated by this CFG: 04  

$$S \rightarrow aT \mid bT \mid \Lambda$$

$$T \rightarrow aS \mid bS$$
- (c) Develop a DPDA that accepts following language: 07  
 $L = \{x \in \{a, b\}^* \mid n_a(x) > n_b(x)\}$
- OR**
- Q.4** (a) What is the difference between accepting a Language and Recognizing a Language? 03
- (b) Give transition tables for PDA recognizing the language of all non-palindromes over  $\{a, b\}^*$  04
- (c) Write the pumping lemma for Context-Free Languages and prove that  $L = \{a^i b^i c^i \mid i \geq 1\}$  is not a CFL. 07
- Q.5** (a) Define Primitive Recursive Functions. 03
- (b) Draw a Turing Machine to accept a regular language  $\{a, b\}^* \{aba\}$  04
- (c) Develop a Turing Machine to accept even length palindromes over  $\{a, b\}^*$  07
- OR**
- Q.5** (a) Define Bounded Minimalization of a predicate P. 03
- (b) What important points do we derive from Church-Turing thesis? 04
- (c) Develop a Turing Machine that creates a copy of its input string to the right of the input but with a blank space separating the copy from the original. 07

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