

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY****BE- SEMESTER-V (NEW) EXAMINATION – WINTER 2020****Subject Code:3153511****Date:27/01/2021****Subject Name:Waste Water Treatment- II****Time:10:30 AM TO 12:30 PM****Total Marks: 56****Instructions:**

1. Attempt any FOUR questions out of EIGHT questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

		MARKS
<b>Q.1</b>	(a) A treatment unit is 1.5 m wide, 20 m long and has a wastewater depth of 2 m in it. If the wastewater flow through the tank is $0.5 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$ , calculate the detention time.	<b>03</b>
	(b) Explain the working of multi effect evaporator.	<b>04</b>
	(c) Enlist steps to determine the capacity of equalization tank.	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.2</b>	(a) A floating stick travels a distance of 15 m in 30 seconds in a reactor tank having 2 m width and 1.5 m depth. Determine the flow and flow through velocity.	<b>03</b>
	(b) Explain Post chlorination and super chlorination in brief.	<b>04</b>
	(c) Enlist at least 7 point of difference between rapid sand filter and slow sand filter.	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.3</b>	(a) Write a note on break point chlorination.	<b>03</b>
	(b) With a help of neat sketch. Explain in the line and off the line of flow type equalization tank.	<b>04</b>
	(c) Explain methods for neutralizing acidic waste in detail.	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.4</b>	(a) Assuming the diameter of the clarifier to be 20 m and the wastewater flow rate of 10 MLD. Calculate the detention time and surface loading rate of the clarifier having a wastewater depth of 2.5 m.	<b>03</b>
	(b) What do you mean by break point chlorination? Explain in brief.	<b>04</b>
	(c) Design oil and grease trap for following data:	<b>07</b>
	1. Flow $Q = 50000 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$	
	2. Detention time $t = 5 \text{ mins}$	
	3. Free board = 0.3 m	
<b>Q.5</b>	(a) Enlist different types membrane used for reverse osmosis.	<b>03</b>
	(b) Explain different forms of chlorination in brief.	<b>04</b>
	(c) Define the following:	<b>07</b>
	1. WOR	
	2. SOR	
	3. Detention time	
	4. Flow through velocity	
	5. Settling Velocity	
<b>Q.6</b>	(a) Write Following equations to calculated head loss through screens.	<b>03</b>
	1. Krishmer equation	
	2. Head loss through fine screens	
	3. Head loss through partially clogged screens	
	(b) What do you mean by sludge bulking? Explain in brief.	<b>04</b>

- (c) Design a screen chamber module with following data: **07**
1. Flow  $Q = 13$  MLD
  2. Approach Velocity  $V^h = 0.75$  m/s
  3.  $B:D = 1.5:1$
  4. Freeboard = 0.3 m
  5. Bar size = 50 mm x 10 mm
  6. Width of opening = 25 mm
  7. Quantity of screening =  $0.0015 \text{ m}^3/\text{ML}$  of flow
  8. Angle of inclination =  $45^\circ$
- Q.7** (a) Assuming the hydraulic loading rate of  $25 \text{ m}^3/\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{day}$ , determine the diameter and surface area of the basin treating 0.5 MLD flow of wastewater. **03**
- (b) Explain different tests used to estimate residual chlorine in water. **04**
- (c) With a help of neat sketch explain the working of coagulation tank. **07**
- Q.8** (a) For a circular clarifier of 20 m diameter, determine the weir loading rate for a wastewater flow rate of 10 MLD. **03**
- (b) Enlist different methods used for disinfection and explain any one in brief. **04**
- (c) Explain advantages and disadvantages of reverse osmosis. **07**

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