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> OR
> b) i) Define the terms:
> A) Specificity
> B) Sensitivity
> C) Linearity
> D) ruggedness
ii) What are primary and secondary standard substances? Give examples.
ii) Explain the calibration of volumetri'c flask.
iii) A substance was known to contain $15.20 \pm 0.03 \%$ of a component, A. The results obtained by two experiments taking the same substance and employing the same analytical method as follows :
Experiment - I : \% of A: 15.0, $15.31, \quad 15.16$ and 15.10

Experiment - II: \% of A: 15.30, 15.34, 15.36 and 15.36
Discuss the results with reference to accuracy and precision of the measurements.
2.a) i) Calculate the pH of a 0.01 M acetic acid. (Dissociation constant $\mathrm{pKa}=4.76$ ). 4
ii) Write a note on different concepts of acid and bases. 6
iii) Write a note on common ion effect.

OR
b) i) Derive equations to calculate the pH value of aqueous solutions of salts
obtained from weak acid and strong base.
ii) Write a note on amphoteric substances by giving few examples. 4
3.a) i) Describe the various steps involved in gravimetric analysis. 10
ii) How do you prepare and standardize 0.1 N sodium thiosulphate? 4

OR
b) i) Explaih in detail about redox indicators. 7
ii) Explain Volhard's method for the determination of chlorides. 7
4.a) i) Write about different solvents and indicators used in non-aqueous titration. 7
ii) Discuss the theory and applications of complexometric analysis with examples. 7 OR
b) i) Explain Iodometry and Iodimetry with examples. 7
ii) Write the principle and procedure involved in assay of calcium gluconate. 7
5.a) i) Calculate the number of moles of sodium hydroxide in 500 ml . of 0.1 M sodium
hydroxide solution.
ii) Calculate the percentage composition of the elements in $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}[\mathrm{Na}=23$, $C=12, O=16]$.5
iii) 0.202 gm of a carbon compound on combustion gave 0.361 gm of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ and 0.147 gm of water. Calculate the empirical formula of the compound.
b) i) Write the mass balance equation for the following :
A) Reaction between ammonium hydroxide and sulphuric acid
B) Reaction between sodium carbonate and hydrochloric acid
ii) Calculate the percentage composition of the elements in $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}$

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[\mathrm{Na}=23, \mathrm{~S}=32, \mathrm{O}=16] .
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iii) Calculate the molarity of 17 g of pure $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ in 600 ml . of solution.

