### Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka

Post Graduate Degree Examination - MAY-2018

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 100 Marks

# MD ANAESTHESIOLOGY PAPER - I Q.P. CODE: 7291

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary

### Answer all the Questions

10 X 10 = 100 Marks

- 1. Describe the anatomical and physiological differences between "New born" and "Adult" and their anaesthetic implications.
- 2. Describe the anatomy of Internal Jugular Vein (IJV). How will you cannulate IJV using ultrasound? What are the complications of IJV cannulations?
- 3. Pin index safety system.
- 4. John Snow contribution to anaesthesia.
- Bed side pulmonary function tests.
- 6. Train of four stimulus.
- 7. Intubating laryngeal mask airway (LMA).
- 8. Magnesium sulphate and anaesthesia.
- 9. Oculocardic reflex.
- 10. Gate control theory of pain.

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### MD ANAESTHESIOLOGY PAPER - II Q.P. CODE: 7292

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### Answer all the Questions

10 X 10 = 100 Marks

- 1. 48 year old patient with destroyed left lung is posted for left pneumonectomy. Explain the preoperative assessment, preparation and intra-operative management of the patient.
- 2. Discuss the pre-operative evaluation and preparation of a 30 years old patient with acoustic neuroma posted for posterior fossa surgery. Describe the intraoperative complications and its management.
- 3. Uses of heparin in anaesthesia.
- 4. Intravenous regional anaesthesia (IVRA).
- 5. Hepato renal syndrome.
- 6. Anaesthesia for renal donor patient.
- 7. Occulo cardia reflex.
- 8. Laser surgery and anaesthesia.
- 9. Three in one block.
- 10. Venturi principle in anaesthesia.

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### MD ANAESTHESIOLOGY PAPER - III Q.P. CODE: 7293

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#### Answer all the Questions

10 X 10 = 100 Marks

- 1. Discuss the anaesthetic management of 2 year old 11kg child for emergency bronchoscopy to remove foreign body from right main bronchus. Enumerate possible complications and its management.
- Describe the pre-operative evaluation optimization and anaesthetic management of a morbidly obese patient for bariatric surgery.
- 3. Sub mental intubation.
- 4. Post anaesthesia care unit.
- 5. Halothane Vs sevoflurane induction.
- 6. Venous air embolism.
- 7. Fluid management of patient with 50% burns.
- 8. Electroconvulsive therapy and anaesthesia.
- 9. Transversus abdominis plane (TAP) block technique and its clinical implications in anaesthesia.
- 10. Discuss the role of trans thoracic echocardiography (TTE) in hemodynamic monitoring of an endstage renal disease patient on haemodialysis with cardiomyopathy scheduled for hemi replacement arthroplasty.



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Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 100 Marks

Anaesthesiology PAPER – IV Q.P. CODE: 7294

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary

### Answer all the Questions

10 X 10 = 100 Marks

- How do you medically optimize a patient scheduled for excision of phaeochromocytoma? Discuss
  the merits and demerits of the drugs that can be used to manage the blood pressure
  intraoperatively in this case.
- 2. What are the clinical features of diabetic ketoacidosis? How would you manage a case of diabetic ketoacidosis admitted in the intensive care unit?
- 3. Advantages of tetrastarch over other available colloid solutions.
- 4. Gate control theory of pain.
- 5. Inverse ratio ventilation.
- Magnesium as a drug in anaesthesia.
- 7. Myofascial pain.
- 8. NSAIDs in the management of postoperative pain.
- 9. Describe the guidelines for central neuroxial blockage in a patient on anticoagulant therapy.
- 10. Briefly describe thermoregulation in the human body. Discuss the impact of perioperative hypothermia.