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## Time : 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 60

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
2. SECTION - B \& C have FOUR questions each.
3. Attempt any FIVE questions from SECTION B \& C carrying EIGHT marks each.
4. Select atleast TWO questions from SECTION - B \& C.

## SECTION-A

## Answer the following :

1) For two events A and B such that $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A})=1 / 4, \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B})=1 / 3$ and $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{AUB})=1 / 2$. Find $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B} / \mathrm{A})$.
2) If $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ and C are three mutually exclusive and exhaustive events associated with random experiments. Find $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{A})$ given that $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{B})=\frac{3}{2} P(A), P(C)=\frac{1}{2} P(B)$.
3) If a random variable $X$ assumes the values 0 and 1 with $P(X=0)=3 P(X=1)$, then find the variance of X .
4) The mean of the binomial distribution is 20 and standard deviation is 4 . Calculate the parameter of its distribution.
5) State Binomial and Poisson distribution.
6) What is Spearman's rank correlation coefficient?
7) In Poisson frequency distribution, frequency corresponding to 3 successes is $\frac{2}{3}$ times frequency corresponding to 4 successes. Find the variance of the distribution.
8) Let X be the random variable such that $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{X}=-2)=\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{X}=-1), 1 \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{X}=2)=$ $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{X}=1)$ and $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{X}>0)=\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{X}<0)=\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{X}=0)$. Obtain the probability mass function of x .
9) State chi-square and Student's t-distributions.
10) A computer program has produced the following output for a hypothesis-testing problem: Difference in sample means: 2.35 ; Degree of freedom : 18; Test statistics: 2.01. Find the standard error of the difference in sample means?

## SECTION-B

11) a) Find the Karl Pearson's co-efficient of skewness from the following data:

| Size : | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency : | 10 | 18 | 30 | 25 | 12 | 3 | 2 |

b) From the following table, calculate the coefficient of correlation by karl Pearson's method.

| $\mathbf{X}$ | 6 | 2 | 10 | 4 | 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{Y}$ | 9 | 11 | $?$ | 8 | 7 |

Arithmetic means of X and Y series are 6 and 8 respectively.
12) a) Suppose that the time in minutes that a person has to wait at a certain station for a train is found to be a random phenomenon with a probability function specified by the distribution function :
$F(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{rr}0 ; & x \leq 0 \\ \frac{x}{2} ; & 0 \leq x<1 \\ \frac{1}{2} ; & 1 \leq x<2 \\ \frac{x}{4} ; & 2 \leq x<4 \\ 1 ; & x \geq 4\end{array}\right.$
What is the conditional probability that the person will have to wait for a train
i) More than 3 minutes, given that it is more than 1 minutes.
ii) Less than 3 minutes, given that it is more than 1 minutes.
b) Two fair dice are thrown independently. Three events $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ and C is defined as follows:

A : Even face with first dice
B : Even face with second dice
C : Sum of the points on the two dice is odd.
Discuss the independence of events A, B and C.
13) a) Marks obtained by a number of students are assumed to be normally distributed with mean 50 and variance 36 . If four students are taken at random, what is the probability that exactly two of them will have marks over 62 ? Given that $\int_{0}^{2} \Phi(z) d z=0.4772$ where Z is $\mathrm{N}(0,1)$.
b) If 2 percent of the books bound at a certain bindery have defective bindings. Determine the probability that five of 400 books bound by this bindery will have defective bindings.
14) a) Service calls come to a maintenance center, according to a Poisson process and, on the average, 2.7 calls come per minute. Find the probability that (i) no more than 4 calls come in any minute, (ii) fewer than 2 calls came in any minute; (iii) more than 10 calls come in a 5 -minute period.
b) If the two lines of regression are $4 x-5 y+30=0 \& 20 x-9 y-107=0$. Which of these is the line of regression of $x$ on $y$, and $y$ on $x$. Find correlation coefficients and variance of Y when variance of X is 3 .

## SECTION-C

15) A continuous random variable X follows the probability law $f(x)=A x^{2}, 0 \leq x \leq 1$. Determine A and find the probability that (i) X lies between 0.2 and 0.5 (ii) X is less than
0.3 (iii) $\frac{1}{4}<\mathrm{X}<\frac{1}{2}$ (iv) $\mathrm{X}>\frac{3}{4}$ given that $\mathrm{X}>\frac{1}{2}$.
16) a) The length of time a person speaks over phone follows an exponential distribution with mean 6 . What is the probability that the person will talk for (i) more than 8 minutes and (ii) between 4 and 8 minutes?
b) A continuous random variable X has a probability density function $f(x)=k(1+x)$, $2 \leq x \leq 5$. Find $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{X} \leq 4)$,
17) a) Fit a second degree parabola to the following data :

| $\mathbf{X}:$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{Y}:$ | 1090 | 1220 | 1390 | 1625 | 1915 |

b) A reading test is given to an elementary school class that consists of 12 AngloAmerican children and 10 Mexico-American children. The results of test are :

|  | Anglo American | Mexico American |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Mean | 74 | 70 |
| Std. | 8 | 10 |

Is the difference between means of the two groups significantly at the 0.05 level of significance? Value of $t$ at $5 \%$ level for 20 degree is freedom is 2.086 .
18) a) Before an increase in excise duty on tea, 400 people out of a sample of 500 persons were found to be tea drinkers. After an increase in duty, 400 people were tea drinkers in a sample of 600 people. Using standard error of proportion, state whether there is significant decrease in the consumption of tea at $5 \%$ level of significance. Take value of $Z$ at $5 \%$ level of significance is 1.645 .
b) The following table gives for a sample of married women, the level of education and marriage adjustment score :

|  | Marriage adjustment score |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Very low | Low | High | Very High |  |
| Level of | College | 24 | 97 | 62 | 58 |
| Education | High School | 22 | 28 | 30 | 41 |
|  | Middle school | 32 | 10 | 11 | 20 |

Can you conclude from the above, the higher the level of education, the greater is the degree of adjustment in marriage? Use table value of chi-square at $5 \%$ level for 6 d.f. $=$ 12.59.

## NOTE : Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.

