

Total No. of Questions: 09

B.Tech.(ANE) (Sem.-5)
AIRCRAFT PERFORMANCE

Subject Code: ANE-315 M.Code: 60524

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 60

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- 1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
- 2. SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.
- 3. SECTION-C contains THREE questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any TWO questions.

SECTION-A

Q.1 Distinguish between the following:

- (a) 'Low Wing loading' and 'High wing loading'
- (b) 'Range' and 'Endurance'.
- (c) 'Aerodynamic Center' and 'Center of Gravity'.
- (d) 'Geometric altitude' and 'Geopotential altitude'.
- (e) 'Troposphere' and 'Stratosphere'.
- (f) 'Washin' and 'Washout'.
- (g) 'Camber' and 'Camber line'.
- (h) 'Dihedral angle' and 'Anhedral angle'.
- (i) 'Mach Number' and 'Critical Mach number'.
- (j) 'Skin friction drag' and 'Pressure drag'.



SECTION-B

- Q.2 Calculate the standard atmospheric values of T, p and ρ at a geo-potential altitude of 30 km. The values of T, p and ρ at 12 km altitude are 216.66K, 19399Nm⁻² and 0.31194 kg-m³ respectively. Assume Lapse rate of + 2.8 K/km above 25km altitude.
- Q.3 Explain 'Delta Wing Aerodynamics' at Low Speed with the help of labelled illustration/plots.
- Q.4 Derive the expression for lift coefficient, drag coefficient and speed for minimum drag condition.
- Q.5 Define and explain various high lift devices. Show their effect on lift curve slopes.
- Q.6 Explain the nomenclature of '4-digit' and '5-digit' NACA series airfoils.

SECTION-C

Q.7 Gulfstream-IV twin turbofan executive transport with weight of 200000N, planform area of 80 m² and drag polar as $C_D = 0.015 + 0.08C_L^2$ is flying at an altitude of 10 km ($\rho = 0.413 \text{ kg/m}^3$). Calculate :

(a) Lift coefficient corresponding to $(C_L^{3/2}/C_D)_{max}$, $(C_L/C_D)_{max}$, and $(C_L^{1/2}/C_D)_{max}$ conditions. (3)

(b)
$$(C_L^{3/2}/C_D)_{max}$$
, $(C_L/C_D)_{max}$ and $(C_L^{1/2}/C_D)_{max}$ values and their ratio. (4)

(c) Velocities at which
$$(C_L^{3/2}/C_D)_{max}$$
, $(C_L/C_D)_{max}$, and $(C_L^{1/2}/C_D)_{max}$ occur. (3)

Q.8 Write notes on the following:

Q.9 Calculate the total take-off distance at sea level of an aircraft weighing 200000N and also compare it with the value obtained from approximate relation with the help of following data (Use calculations at $V_{\infty} = 0.7V_{LO}$): (Assume $C_L = 0.1$ during ground roll) (10)

$$\begin{split} C_D &= 0.014 + 0.07 C_L^2 & k_1 = 0.02 & K_{uc} = 4.5 \times 10^{-5} & b = 20 m \\ T &= 65000 N & h = 2.5 m & S = 90 m^2 & \mu_r = 0.035 \\ C_{Lmax} &= 1.5 & N = 3 & e = 0.9 & h_{OB} = 12 m \end{split}$$

NOTE: Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.

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