

[illegible]

SECTION-B

2. Derive an expression for logarithmic mean temperature difference (LMTD) in counter flow heat exchanger.
3. Exhaust gases ($C_p = 1.12 \text{ KJ/Kg-deg}$) flowing through a tubular heat exchanger at the rate of 1200 Kg/hr are cooled from 400°C to 120°C . The cooling is affected by water ($C_p = 4.18 \text{ KJ/Kg K}$) that enters the system at 10°C at the rate of 1500Kg/hr. If the overall heat transfer coefficient is $500 \text{ KJ/m}^2\text{-hr-deg}$. What heat exchanger area is required to handle the load for :
 - (a) Parallel flow arrangement
 - (b) Counter flow arrangement.
4. When one of the two fluids undergoes phase change, show that effectiveness values for both parallel flow and counter flow heat exchanger are equal and given by $\epsilon = 1 - \exp(-NTU)$.
5. A chemical having a specific heat of 3.3 KJ/Kg K flowing at the rate of 20,000Kg/h enters a parallel flow heat exchanger at 120°C . The flow rate of cooling water is 50,000 Kg/h with an inlet temperature of 20°C . The transfer area is 10m^2 and overall heat transfer coefficient is $1200 \text{ W/m}^2 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. Taking specifications heat of water as 4.186KJ/Kg K , find
 - a) Effectiveness of the heat exchanger
 - b) Outlet temperature of water and chemical.
6. Explain the methods for performance evaluation of heat transfer enhancement techniques.

SECTION-C

7. In a counter flow double pipe heat exchanger, water is heated from 25°C to 65°C by an oil with a specific heat of 1.45KJ/Kg K and mass flow rate of 0.9Kg/s . The oil is cooled from 230°C to 160°C . If the overall heat transfer coefficient is $420\text{W/m}^2 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, calculate the following :
 - (a) The rate of heat transfer
 - (b) The mass flow rate of water
 - (c) The surface area of heat exchanger

8. In a double pipe parallel flow heat exchanger, the hot water is cooled by colder water flowing inside the tube. The results obtained from experiments are as follows :

	Mass flow rate Kg/s	Inlet Temp.°C	Outlet Temp.°C	Specific heat J/Kg K
Hot Water	50	90	60	4180
Cold Water	500	25	-	4180

Overall heat transfer coefficient, $U = 2400 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K}$. Find :

- Heat transfer area needed
 - Effectiveness of heat exchanger
9. Explain the following :
- Criteria for selection of material for heat exchanger.
 - Discuss the phenomena of two phase boiling flow.

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