

PAPER CODE: MB2019115

WARANGAL, TELANGANA STATE - 506002 MBBS SECOND YEAR DEGREE EXAMINATION FEBRUARY, 2024 MICROBIOLOGY PAPER-I

Time: 3 Hours Max Marks: 100

Note: Answer all questions.

Give Diagrammatic representation wherever necessary.

Multiple Choice Questions:

10 X 1=10

- In humans, Major Histocompatibility Complex (MHC) is called
- a) Human Major Histocompatibility Complex (MHC)
- b) Homo Major Histocompatibility Complex (MHC)
- c) Human Leucocyte Antigen (HLA)
- d) All the above
- 2. All the following act on inhibition of protein synthesis except:
- a) Penicillin
- b) Chloramphenicol
- c) Erythromycin
- d) Streptogramin
- All the following are current effective preventive methods of HIV infection except
- a) Safe and protected sex
- b) Use of sterile needles for injection





- c) Safe blood transfusion method
- d) Use of available vaccines
- 4. Widal test is widely used serological test for diagnosis of Enteric fever in:
- a) 1st week of fever
- b) Carriers
- c) 2nd week of fever
- d) After 4th week
- 5. Highly sensitive CRP (hs-CRP) test is useful in assessing which of the following condition?
- a) Common cold
- b) Pregnancy
- c) Cardiovascular diseases
- d) Anaemia
- Selective media for Vibrio cholera is:
- a) Modified Thayer Martin medium
- b) Thiosulphate citrate bile salt sucrose agar (TCBS)
- c) Robertson's cooked meat medium
- d) Wilson & Blair bismuth sulphite medium
- 7. In concentration of stool, all the eggs float except:
- a) Fertilized egg of Ascaris lumbricoides
- b) Hookworm
- c) Whipworm
- d) Unfertilized egg of Ascaris lumbricoides





- 8. Superantigen causes:
- a) Polyclonal activation of B cells
- b) Enhancement of phagocytosis
- c) Antigen presentation by macrophage
- d) Activation of complement
- Reagin antibody which mediates Type I Hypersensitivity is
- a) IgA
- b) IgG
- c) IgM
- d) IgE
- Which of the following is not a potentially highly infectious specimen for occupational injury in health care settings
- a) Blood
- b) CSF
- c) Saliva
- d) Semen

Essay/Long Answer Questions:

2X15=30

- List the viruses causing Hepatitis. Describe the pathogenesis and laboratory diagnosis of Hepatitis B. Add a note on preventive measures against Hepatitis B. (3+3+6+3)
- Define and classify Hypersensitivity reactions. Describe anaphylaxis in detail. (5+10)

Short Answer Questions:

7 X 6 = 42

- Pathogenesis and laboratory diagnosis of enteric Coccidian Parasites.
- Classify and describe chemical disinfectants used in Hospitals.





- Laboratory diagnosis of Viral Infections.
- 16. Describe the pathogenesis and laboratory diagnosis of Kala azar.
- 17. Classify Immunoglobulins. Describe the structure and functions of IgM.
- Classify methods of Antimicrobial Susceptibility Testing. Explain Antimicrobial Susceptibility Testing by Disk diffusion method.
- 19. Pathogenesis and laboratory diagnosis of Cholera.

Very Short Answer Questions:

 $6 \times 3 = 18$

- Bacillus cereus.
- 21.Uses of fluorescence microscope.
- 22. Modes of transmission of HIV Infection.
- 23. Applications of Genetic Engineering.
- 24. Weil Felix Test.

25. What are Superantigens? Name three diseases caused by Superantigens.

www.FirstRanker.com

