

www.FirstRanker.com

www.FirstRanker.com

Roll No.							Total No. of Pages: 0	2

Total No. of Questions: 10

B.Pharma (2011 to 2016) (Sem.-3) PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY-IV

(Organic Chemistry-II) Subject Code : BPHM-306 M.Code : 46226

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 80

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of FIFTEEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
- SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.
- SECTION-C contains FOUR questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any THREE questions.

SECTION - A

1. A. What happens when:

- a) Furan reacts with ammonia in presence of alumina at 400°C.
- b) Oxazole is heated with ammonia and primary amines.
- c) Pyridine is oxidised by H₂O₂ in acetic acid.
- d) Isoquinoline is treated with fin/HCl.
- α- Halocarbonyl compounds undergo cyclocondensation with thioamide.

B. Attempt following

- f) What is the first step of Killiani synthesis of glucose?
- g) Why is sucrose nonreducing diasaccharide? Justify with structure.
- b) Draw structure of lactone of cis-o-hydroxycinnamic acid.
- i) Why C4 and C5 positions of imidazole are equivalent for substitution?
- Draw the structure of any one nucleotide present in DNA.
- b) Draw the structure of Sanger's reagents used in the terminal residue analysis of protein.
- Give reaction for conversion of Xanthine to Caffeine.

1 M-46226 (S4)-2566





www.FirstRanker.com

www.FirstRanker.com

3

- m) What is iodine number?
- n) Give reaction for Michael addition of Diethylmalonate to α, β-unsaturated carbonyl compounds.
- o) Give reaction for Diel-Alder addition of 1,3-butadienes on maleic anhydride.

SECTION-B

- Describe five common properties of α-amino acids.
- Give the structures of five common nitrogenous bases present in nucleic acids. Comments on tautomerism present in these bases.
- Name various chemical constants used in the analysis of oils and fats. Explain the determination of saponification number.
- Describe various steps involved in Traube's synthesis of caffeine.
- Explain benzyne mechanism of nucleophilic aromatic substitution in arylhalide.

SECTION-C

- Explain why :
 - a) Pyridine undergoes electrophilic substitutions at 3-positions.
 - In quinoline electrophilic substitutions occurs preferentially in benzene ring whereas nucleophilic substitution occurs preferentially in pyridine ring.
 - c) Give any one synthesis of imidazole.
- Compare electrophilic substitution reactions in pyrrole, furan and thiophine.
- a) Give outline for Ruff's degradation for conversion of aldohexoses to aldopentoses. 5
 - b) Discuss any one method for determining pyranosyl ring present in glucose.
- a) Give synthetic evidences in support of structure of sucrose.
 - b) Give reason for inversion in rotation of sucrose upon hydrolysis.
 - c) Compare structures of starch and cellulose.

NOTE: Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.

2 | M-46226 (S4)-2566

