

Roll No. Total No. of Pages: 02

Total No. of Questions: 09

B.Sc.(MLS) (2013 to 2017) (Sem.-1)
BASIC HAEMATOLOGY &
HAEMATOLOGICAL TECHNIQUES-I

Subject Code: BMLS-103 M.Code: 48048

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 60

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
- 2. SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.
- 3. SECTION-C contains THREE questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any TWO questions.

SECTION-A

Q1. Answer all of them:

- 1. What is zeta potential?
- 2. What is thrombocytopenia?
- 3. What is rouleaux formation?
- 4. What is the depth of an improved neubauer chamber?
- 5. Discuss principle of Giemsa stain.
- 6. Discuss the structure of RBC.
- 7. Name various parts of a blood film.
- 8. What is the significance of eosinophil?
- 9. Write down the formula for calculating cell count during heamocytometry.
- 10. Discuss leucopoiesis.



SECTION-B

- Q2. Discuss the method for doing absolute eosinophil count.
- Q3. Write a short note on Romanowsky's staining.
- Q4. What is the composition and functions of blood?
- Q5. Write down various precautions and safety measure which have to be followed in a haematology laboratory.
- Q6. Discuss various anticoagulants used in a hematology laboratory along with their merits and demerits.

SECTION-C

- Q7. What is haemocytometry? Explain the method for doing total leucocyte count. Discuss various errors involved and means to minimize these errors.
- Q8. What is haemopoiesis? Discuss in detail the process of erythropoeisis.
- Q9. Define ESR. Explain in detail the mechanism of erythrocyte sedimentation. Discuss its clinical importance.

NOTE: Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.

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