

Roll No. Total No. of Pages: 02

Total No. of Questions: 11

M.Sc. (Chemistry) (2018 Batch) (Sem.-2) REACTIVE INTERMEDIATES-II

Subject Code: CHL-412-18 M.Code: 75982

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 70

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
- 2. SECTION-B contains EIGHT questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt any SIX questions.
- 3. SECTION-C will comprise of two compulsory questions with internal choice in both these questions. Each question carries TEN marks.

SECTION-A

1. Answer Briefly:

- a. Addition of an electrophile to 2,4-hexadiene generates two intermediates. Write their structures and tell which one is more stable.
- b. Discuss the use of organozinc reagent for nucleophilic addition reaction.
- c. Write the mechanism of Wittig-Horner reaction.
- d. Selenium dioxide is quite often used in bringing about allylic oxidation. Presuming selenious acid or equivalent as the oxidant. Write steps involved in this process.
- e. What reagents are used for the oxidation of glycols and amines to aldehyde and ketones? Write their reactions only.
- f. What is the use of 9BBN reagent in organic chemistry?
- g. Write the reagents for hydrogenation of alkynes to *cis* and *trans* alkenes.
- h. Write a short note on Neber rearrangement.
- i. Discuss the use of Arndt-Eistert synthesis.
- j. Predict the products and name the following rearrangements:

(i)
$$C_2H_5O^-$$
(ii) H_3CO OCH_3 $Heat$

1 M-75982 (S33)-838



SECTION-B

- 2. Discuss the mechanistic and stereochemical outcome for the addition of bromine in electrophilic addition reactions.
- 3. Explain briefly free radical addition reaction of hydrogen halides and thioles to carbon-carbon double bonds. Illustrate with examples for the possibility of these reactions.
- 4. With suitable examples, illustrate the role of Pb(OAc)₄ and O₃ for the oxidation of olefinic double bond.
- 5. How will you oxidize alcohols through Swern Oxidation and Pyridinium Chlorochromate (PCC)? Support your answer with suitable mechanism.
- 6. Discuss with mechanism for the use of sodium triacetoxyborohydride and diisopinocamphenyl borane.
- 7. What are the product(s) formed when (i) an aromatic hydrocarbon and (ii) an α,β -unsaturated ketone is treated with sodium and liquid ammonia? Discuss the mechanism of formation of these products.
- 8. Write a short note on oxymercuration and Sharpless asymmetric epoxidation reactions.
- 9. With suitable example, illustrate the role of various reagents used for the oxidation of glycols, halides and amines.

SECTION-C

- 10. Write a short note on the following rearrangements:
 - a. Pinacol-pinacolone rearrangement

(5) (5)

b. Criegee rearrangement

)R

- 10. a. Discuss the mechanistic and stereochemical aspects of the reduction by lithium aluminium hydride. What is meant by steric approach control and product development control in such reactions? (6)
 - b. With suitable examples, illustrate the oxidation of methylene and aryl methanes. (4)
- 11. Discuss with mechanism for following rearrangements:

 (2.5×4)

- a. Isonitrile-Nitrile rearrangement
- b. Hofmann rearrangement
- c. Demanov rearrangement
- d. Wagner-Meerwein rearrangement

OR

11. What is Fries rearrangement and Baeyer-Villiger rearrangement? Illustrate their mechanism by a suitable example. (10)

NOTE: Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.

2 | M-75982 (S33)-838