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Total No. of Questions: 11

M.Sc (Chemistry) (2018 Batch) (Sem.-2)
PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY - II

Subject Code : CHL-413-18 M.Code : 75983

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 70

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
- SECTION-B contains EIGHT questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt any SIX questions.
- SECTION-C will comprise of two compulsory questions with internal choice in both these questions. Each question carries TEN marks.

SECTION-A

Q.1 Answer Briefly

- Write down time independent Schrödinger equation and explain all the terms.
- b. Check the acceptability of the following function:

$$\sqrt{\frac{2}{L}}\sin\frac{n\pi x}{L}$$
 in the range (0 to L)

Determine whether the following operator is linear or nonlinear.

$$\frac{d^2}{dx^2}$$

d. Determine whether the following functions are normizable or not over the indicated intervals:

$$Sin x (0, \pi)$$

- e. Why the value of ψ*ψ be finite everywhere?
- f. Show that if the linear operators A and B have common complete set of eigen functions, then A and B commute.
- g. For a particle in a cubical box what is the degeneracy of the level that has energy 14/3 times that of the lowest level?
- Write the ground state term symbols for the following electronic configurations of 3d² and 2p³.
- i. Calculate the number of radial node and angular node of 5d orbital.
- Calculate the momentum of a photon having wavelength 200 nm.

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SECTION-B

- 2. The wave function ψ of a certain system is a linear combination of following: $\psi = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \psi 1 + \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \psi_2, \text{ where } \psi_1 \text{ and } \psi_2 \text{ are the eigen functions with eigen value } E_1 \text{ and } E_2.$ What is probability that the system energy will be observed to be E_2 ?
- 3. Show that the function $\psi = xe^{-ax^2}$ is an eigen function of the operator $\frac{d^2}{dx^2} 4a^2x^2$. What is its eigen value?
- Calculate the probability that a particle in 1-D box of length L is found between 0 and L/2.
- Determine the value of A_m so that the wave function ψ_m(φ) = A_me^{im⁶}, where, m = 0, ±1, ±2 (0 ≤ φ ≤ 2π) are normalized.
- 6. A particle in one dimensional box simple harmonic oscillator in x-direction is perturbed by a potential λx. What is the 1st order correction for ground state?
- Find out <P_x> for a harmonic oscillator in its ground state.
- Write a short note on Russel-Saunders (R-S) coupling.
- Arrange the following states (term symbols) for p² configuration in the increasing order of energy: ¹D, ³P and ¹S. Justify the trend of the result.

SECTION-C

The radial function for a 2s electron in hydrogen atom is given by :

$$R_{2r} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{1}{a_0} \right)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{r}{2a_0} \right) e^{-r/2a_0}.$$

Determine the number and location of node(s) in the 2s wave function. Plot the plot of R_{2s} against 'r' and also the radial distribution plot for R_{2s}.

OR

- Write the electronic Hamiltonian of a hydrogen molecule ion (H₂⁺) and explain each term briefly and clearly with the help of a schematic diagram.
- Derive the Huckel MO theory for ethylene. Draw simple schematics of the bonding and anti-bonding energy level diagrams.

OR

Describe the variation theory and prove the same in detail.

NOTE: Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.

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