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# M.Sc.(Chemistry) (2015 to 2017) (Sem.-1) BASIC BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY

Subject Code: MSCH-103 M.Code: 71597

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 100

## **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:**

 Attempt five questions in all including question no. 1 which is compulsory and selecting one each from unit I to IV.

1. Answer briefly:  $(2\times10=20)$ 

- (a) Define glycolysis and gluconeogenesis.
- (b) Write a note on indispensable amino acids.
- (c) What is Sanger method? Where is it used in biological chemistry?
- (d) Give the points of difference between nucleotides and nucleosides.
- (e) What is Isoelectric point? Give its significance.
- (f) What is the difference between fibrous and globular proteins?
- (g) Why cellulose is not digested by human digestive system?
- (h) What is meant by semi-conservative replication of DNA?
- (i) What do you mean by non-competitive enzymatic inhibition?
- (j) Define co-enzyme, holoenzyme and co-factor.

# **UNIT-I**

- 2. (a) Why should the isoelectric point of aspartic acid (3.2) be much lower than glycine (6.1)?
  - (b) How will you synthesize proline from adipic acid and alanine from ethyl acetate? (10)
- 3. (a) The two strands of DNA are not identical, but are complementary. Explain. Also describe about the types of chemical interactions existing in DNA. (10)
  - (b) Cite the evidences for the zwitter ionic structure of amino acids. Why amino acids are called amphoteric compounds? Support your answer with examples. (10)

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## **UNIT-II**

- 4. (a) Enzymes are multifunctional and highly specific catalysts. Elaborate. (10)
  - (b) Why lysozyme distorts one of the rings of bacterial cell wall from the chair to half chair form? (10)
- 5. (a) Describe Michaelis-Menton model in details. Also derive Michaelis-Menton equation.

(10)

(b) Discuss in details with chemicals equations, the role of zinc in biological systems. (10)

### **UNIT-III**

- 6. (a) Write detailed notes on biotinyl coenzyme and pyridoxal phosphate. (10)
  - (b) Along the events that define TCA cycle the alcohol group of (2R,3S)-isocitrate is oxidized by NAD+ to oxalosuccinate and subsequently gives  $\alpha$ -keto glutarate. Discuss the mechanism of this enzyme catalyzed reaction. (10)
- 7. (a) Write a detailed note on oxidation of an amino acid to an imino acid with FAD.

  Discuss the mechanism of the reaction. (10)
  - (b) Which coenzymes are involved during the conversion of pyruvate to ethanol? Explain the conversion with mechanism. (10)

#### **UNIT-IV**

- 8. (a) Write a detailed note on carbohydrate metabolism and its regulation. (10)
  - (b) Explain the open chain and cyclic structures of D-(-)-fructose. (10)
- 9. (a) Describe in details about alcoholic and lactic acid fermentation. (10)
  - (b) Discuss all the aspects and steps of Electron transport chain in details. (10)

NOTE: Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.

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