



## RAN-2206000103020102

## Third MBBS - Part I Examination April - 2023

## Otorhinolaryngology (Ent)

Time: 3 Hours ]			[ Total Marks: 100		
સૂચન	u : / I	nstructions			
(٩)		દર્શાવેલ 🖝 નિશાનીવાળી વિગતો ઉત્તરવહી પર અવશ્ય લખવી. up strictly the details of 🖝 signs on your answer book	Seat No.:		
	Nam	ne of the Examination:			
	•	Third MBBS - Part I			
	Nam	ne of the Subject :			
	•	Otorhinolaryngology (Ent)			
	Subj	ect Code No.: 2206000103020102	Student's Signature		
(2)	Eac	h section to be written in separate answer sheets.			
(3)	Dra	w diagrams when necessary			
(4)	Q 4	of each section is MCQ based. Write only question	number and correct answer		
1.		Write any 1 out of 2	10		
	1)	Draw labeled diagram of Middle Ear. Describe wa	lls of Middle Ear.		
	2)	Write Clinical Features, investigations and manage	ement of otosclerosis.		
2.		Any 2 out of 3	12		
	A)	17 Year old male patient presents with History of for occasionally blood stained, scanty unilateral ear di			
		<ol> <li>Give your probable diagnosis.</li> </ol>			
		<ol> <li>Discuss the possible complications that can be patient with such ear disease.</li> </ol>	be expected in the		
		<ol> <li>Discuss the management (Investigations &amp; T patient.</li> </ol>	reatment) for this		

RAN-2206000103020102 ]



3.

4.

B)	7 Year old male child presented with right earache and rhinitis. On otoscopic examination shows right side cartwheel appearance of tympanic membrane.				
	1.	What is your diagnosis?			
	2.	Write management of this patien	nt.		
C)	What is Bera? Write Indication and Interpretation.			etation.	
	Wei	to any 3 out of 4			18
1)		Write any 3 out of 4 Fistula Test			
2)					
3)		Draw labelled diagram of Waldeyer's Ring & write functions of it			
4)		Describe clinical features and management of Glue Ear Gentamicin			
٦)	Gen				
	MC	Q			10
1.	Myr	ingotomy is done in which of the	follo	wing conditions?	
	A)		3)	Unsafe CSOM	
	C)	Meniere's Disease	))	Glomus Tumor	
2.	71 7 1 3			be seen in serous oitis	
	Med		2)	<b>A</b> $\bigcirc$	
	A) C)		3) O) _(	As	
			¿ O	3.0	
3.		Aim of Radical Mastoidectomy is	8)		
	A) B)	To Preserve Hearing Reconstruction of ossicles			
	C)	To give safe Ear			
	D)	Reconstruct Tympanic Membran	ne		
4	3371.:	- L - E sh - E - H	:41	lT	
4. Which of the following can be seen with regular Tymp Examination?		eguiar Tympanic Memorane			
	A)	1/2	3)	Incus	
	C)	Stapes D	0)	All of the above	
5.	Whi	ch of the following is not a part of	f Gra	ndenigo Syndrome	
	A)		3)	Lateral Rectus Palsy	
	C)		) )	Earache	
6.	Men	iere's Disease includes all Except.			

RAN-2206000103020102 ]

C)

Tinnitus

[2]

B)

D)

Aural Fullness

Vetrigo

Conductive Hearning Loss

[ Contd. 4



	7.	<ul> <li>Hypoesthesia of Posterior Aspect of Posterior Wall of eac may seen as an early sign of.</li> </ul>			
		A) Trigeminal Neuralgia	B)	Acoustic Neuroma	
		C) Lateral Sinus Thrombosis	D)	Costen Syndrome	
	Which of the following is not a side effect of Anti Tubercular Dru				
	8.	A) Hepatitis	B)	Ototoxicity Ototoxicity	
		C) Lymphocytosis	D)	Red Orange Metabolites	
	9.	1			
		Function of Hair Cells	B)	Functions of 8th Nerve	
		C) Function of Middle Ear	D)	All of the Above	
	10.	Causative Organism of Otomycosis	is?		
		<ul> <li>A) Candida Albicans</li> </ul>	B)	Staph, Aureus	
		C) Streptococci	D)	Mycobacterium	
		SECTIO	N II		
1.		Write any 1 out of 2			10
	1.	Physiology of nose.			
	2.	What are most common causative of	rganis	sms of pharyngeal abscess?	
		Describe clinical features, investiga	tions	and management of	
		parapharyngeal abscess		^	
			~0	6.	
2.		Any 2 out of 3	₹.5		12
	A)	A) 60 Year Old Male Chronic Smoker with Hoarseness of voice for 1 year			
		came to ent clinic. Ennumerate Investigations used to confirm/rule			
	out carcinoma larynx. Write "T" classification of glottis				
	<ul> <li>B) A 16 Year old male child is suffering from left side nasal obstruction</li> </ul>				
	& epistaxis since 1 Year. On anterior rhinoscopy there is reddish mass				
	in left nasal cavity. Holman Miller sign is present.				
	A) What is your probable diagnosis?     B) Write investigations & management for this.			for this	
	C)	Complications of tracheostomy.	,0111011		
	٠,	completions of tracincostomy.			
3.		Any 3 out of 4			18
Э.	1	•	tione	and management of	10
	1.	Describe clinical features, investiga thyroglossal cyst.	tions	and management of	
	2	Write causes, clinical features and n	nanaa	ement of hilateral recurrent	
	2.	laryngeal nerve paralysis	nanag	ement of bhatefal recurrent	
	3.				
	4.				_
	4.	Describe Le Port il Fracture of Max	iiid.		801
DAN	-2206	(000103020102 ] [ 3 ]		T T ]	0.15





4.	MCQS	10
1.	Adenoid facies includes all except,  A) Crowded teeth  B) High arches palate  C) Pinched in nose  D) Rhinolalia apperta	
2.	Mikulicz cell is characteristic histological finding in  A) Rhinoscleroma B) Rhinosporidiosis  C) Tb D) Sarcoidosis	
3.	Septal perforation is not seen in  A) Septal Abscess B) Leprosy C) Rhinophyma D) Trauma	
5.	Mri can be done in which of the following conditions  A) Cochlear Implant  B) Cardiac Pacemaker  C) Prosthetic Cardiac Valve  D) 3 <sup>rd</sup> Trimester of Pregnancy.	
6.	Unilateral purulent blood stained discharge from nose in a child is pathognomic of  A) Malignancy  B) Foreign Body  C) Vestibulitis  D) Acute Rhinosinusitis	
7.	7. Metallic Tracheostomy is contraindicated in A) Patient Undergoing Radiotherapy B) Patient Having Supraglottic Carcinoma C) Patient Having Total Laryngectomy D) Patient Requiring Permanent Tracheostomy	
8.	Which of the following is allergic in origin?  A) Ethmoidal Polyp  B) Ac Polyp  C) Inverted Papilloma  D) None of the Above	
9.	9. Ohngren's Line passes from A) Lateral Canthus to Angle of Mandible B) Medial Canthus to External Auditory Canal C) Root of nose to Angle of Mandible D) Medial Canthus to Angle of Mandible	
10.	Singer's Nodules seen at  A) Junction of Anterior 1/3 & Posterior 2/3 of Vocal Cords  B) Junction of Anterior 2/3 & Posterior 1/3 of Vocal Cords  C) Vocal Process  D) Anterior Commissure	

FirstRanker.com

RAN-2206000103020102 ]