

2306000104010102 Examination January – February - 2024 THIRD MBBS PART-2 GENERAL MEDICINE (PAPER – II) – LEVEL - 1

[Time: Three Hours] [Max. Marks: 100]

Instructions:	Seat No:
Fill up strictly the following details on your answer book a. Name of the Examination: M.B.B.S (Third Year) b. Name of the Subject: General Medicine (Paper-II) c. Subject Code No: 2306000104010102 Sketch neat and labelled diagram wherever necessary.	
Figures to the right indicate full marks of the question. All questions are compulsory.	Student's Signature

Section - I

Q.1 LONG ESSAY TYPE QUESTIONS (Clinical problem based) (Any 2 out of 3): 10 20 marks each total 20 marks

- A 66 years old hypertensive patient has presented in emergency room with breathlessness, oliguria, anasarca and weight loss since 1 month. His has uncontrolled hypertension since last 6 months. His renal profile is persistently abnormal since 6 months. CBC shows severe anemia, urinalysis proteinuria and ABG metabolic acidosis. USG finding is suggestive of small size kidneys. Explain complete diagnosis, further required investigations, treatment and prognosis for presenting illness.
- Discuss investigations, treatment and follow up of acute ischemic CV stroke. Compare etiologies of hemorrhagic and ischemic CV stroke.
- Discuss clinical features, differential diagnosis, management and complications of acute viral hepatitis E in pregnant patient.

Q.2 SHORT NOTES (Any 3 out of 4): 4 marks each, total 12 marks

- Diagnostic criteria for IBS (irritable bowel syndrome).
- Clinical examination findings in GBS.



12



3.	Bel	l's	pa	lsv	7.

Investigations in acute pancreatitis.

REASONING TYPE QUESTIONS/SHORT NOTES/APPLIED ASPECTS (Any 9 0.3out of 10): 2 marks each, total 18 marks

- Describe fluid therapy in acute diarrhea with hypovolemic shock.
- Describe cardinal features of Parkinsonism.
- Discuss diagnosis of drug induced hepatitis.
- Discuss any 4 risk factors leading to NASH or NAFLD.
- What is role of measurement of prothrombin time and INR in acute hepatitis.
- Describe important causes of painless hematuria.
- Discuss urinalysis in nephrotic syndrome.
- Describe infectious causes of cirrhosis of liver.
- 9. Why hematemesis is common in cirrhosis of liver?
- Discuss important indications of hemodialysis.

Section - II

(A) LONG ESSAY TYPE QUESTIONS (10 marks) total 10 marks 0.4

10

Describe magnitude, etiology and treatment of Bipolar disorder.

(B) SHORT QUESTIONS (Any 1 out of 2) total 4 marks

- Treatment of alcohol use disorder.
- Stress related psychiatric disorders.

(C) OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS/APPLIED ASPECT (Any 3 out of 4) total 3 marks

- Write any one indication of ECT.
- Describe in brief any one psychiatric emergency.
- Name any 2 drugs for treatment of anxiety disorders.
- 4. What is dementia?

(A) LONG ESSAY TYPE QUESTIONS (10 marks) total 10 marks 0.5

10

 Describe clinical features, investigations, differential diagnosis and treatment of primary syphilis.

2306000104010102 [2 of 3] [Contd.]





	(B) SHORT QUESTIONS (Any 1 out of 2) total 4 marks.	4
	 Skin changes in vitamin deficiency. 	
	Treatment of acne.	
	(C) OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS/APPLIED ASPECT (Any 3 out of 4) total 3	3
	mark	
	 Describe pathogen causing herpes zoster. 	
	Describe common site of involvement in scabies.	
	Name any 2 topical antifungal commonly used.	
	 Enumerate any 2 common causes of angioedema. 	
Q.6	(A) LONG ESSAY TYPE QUESTIONS (10 marks) total 10 marks	1
	1. Describe clinical features, investigations, treatment and complications of drug	
	resistant pulmonary tuberculosis.	
	(B) SHORT QUESTIONS (Any 1 out of 2) total 4 marks	4
	PFT in bronchial asthma.	
	Exudative pleural effusion.	
	(C) OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS/APPLIED ASPECT (Any 2 out of 3) total 2 mark	7
	Enumerate any 2 important adverse effect of Isoniazid (INH).	•
	Enumerate any 2 important adverse effect of isomazid (1911). Enumerate any 2 pulmonary conditions associated with pulmonary hypertension.	
	Describe any 2 causes of pneumothorax.	
	5. Describe any 2 causes of pheumomorax.	