

2306000104020201-S EXAMINATION MARCH-APRIL 2024 THIRD YEAR MBBS PART-2 GENERAL SURGERY – I – LEVEL 2

[Time: As Per Schedule] [Max. Marks: 100]

Instructions:	Seat No:	
 Fill up strictly the following details on your answer book Name of the Examination: THIRD MBBS PART-2 Name of the Subject: GENERAL SURGERY – I – LEVEL 2 Subject Code No: 2306000104020201-S 		
Sketch neat and labelled diagram wherever necessary. Figures to the right indicate full marks of the question. All questions are compulsory.	Student's Signa	ture
SECTION – I		
Q.1 Give answers in brief: (Any two out of three)		20
A) A 60yr old lady presents with a large lump in left upper outer part of the breast, with foul smelling discharge from the ulcer over it, for 1 month. On Examination, 7 cms mass, fixed to chest wall and having large ulcer. There are multiple lymph-nodes palpable in axilla on same side.		
i) What is the most likely diagnosis?		2
ii) Which investigations will you advise to reach to a diagnosis?	complete	3
iii) What treatment options are available? Write about management.	her long term	5
B) A 21yr student is brought to emergency when his motorcy speed. He is unconscious, has Pulse rate of 60/minute, BP		

normal size, reacting.

160/100mmHg. Has a wound over right temporal region with oozing of blood. His left pupil is dilated, not reacting to light and right pupil is

	What is the likely diagnosis?	2
	ii) Write briefly about the treatment of this patient, in emergency	3
	iii) Write briefly about theinvestigations needed to confirm the diagnosis & definitive treatment of this patient.	5
	C) A 55 yr. traffic policeman, presents in OPD with non healing ulcer over medial aspect of his left lower leg for 3 months. On examination, he has 3x2 cm superficial ulcer, with pigmentation around it and dilated veins above the ulcer up to mid-thigh.	
	i) What is the most likely diagnosis?	2
	 Enumerate investigations to decide line of management of this patient. 	3
	iii) Long term management plan of this patient.	5
Q.2	Write Short notes (Any three out of Four)	12
	i) Clinical features and management of Burger's disease ii) Principles of Post exposure prophylaxis after a needle stick injury to a doctor iii) Flail Chest iv) Management of a person with dog bite	
Q.3	Write in brief (Nine out of ten)	18
	Split thickness skin graft	
	Causes of nipple discharge in post-menopausal lady	
	Treatment of congenital hernia	
	 Enumerate investigations for diagnosing a solitary thyroid nodule in 30 yr euthyroid lady 	

- 5) Treatment options for ingrowing toe nail
- 6) Segregation of biomedical waste
- 7) Principles of triaging in mass casualty.
- 8) Management of Breast abscess in lactating woman
- 9) Clinical presentation spectrum of Grave's disease.
- 10)Principles of management of foot lesions in a diabetic

SECTION - II

Q.1	Give answers in brief: (Any two out of three)	20
	A) A 30 yr male, with his 26 yr wife has presented in OPD with inability to conceive. They want to undergo investigations.	
	i) What is the first investigation for the husband?	2
	ii) Enumerate further investigations for the husband.	3
	iii) Discuss various treatment options for male factor infertility.	5
	B) A 60 yr male, has presented in OPD with painless hematuria off & on for last 15 days.	
	i) What is the most likely diagnosis?	2
	 Enumerate management steps in emergency room to treat this patient. 	3
	iii) Long term management plan of this patient.	5
	C) A 4yrboypresented with history of blood in urine and on examination is found to have large lump in left flank, bimanually palpable.	
	i) What is the most likely diagnosis?	2
	ii) What investigations would be needed to reach a diagnosis?	3
	iii) Outline management plan of this patient.	5



Q.2 Write Short notes (Any three out of Four)

- 12
- Modes of spread of testicular tumors and management of the same.
- Evaluating Semen analysis report
- iii) Treatment options for stricture of male urethra.
- iv) Importance of communication with patient's relatives in ICU setting

Q.3 Write in brief (Nine out of ten)

18

- 1) Phimosis
- Criteria for brainstem death
- Tuberculous epididymitis
- 4) Non scalpel Vasectomy
- 5) Causes of acute retention of urine in children.
- 6) Informed consent for performing procedures in surgical practice
- 7) Causes of bilateral hydronephrosis
- 8) Role of doctor as leader of health care team
- 9) Treatment for young lady with burning micturition
- 10)Sterilisation of heat sensitive urology endoscopes

