

**KALOJI NARAYANA RAO UNIVERSITY OF
HEALTH SCIENCES
WARANGAL, TELANGANA STATE - 506002
MBBS SECOND YEAR DEGREE
SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS: JULY,
2024
PATHOLOGY
Paper -II
(NEW SCHEME)**

Time: 3 Hours

Max Marks: 100

Note: Answer all questions

Give Diagrammatic representation wherever necessary

Multiple Choice Questions:

- 1) Mallory Hyaline bodies are seen in all of the following conditions except 1
 - a) Alcoholism
 - b) Primary biliary cirrhosis
 - c) Secondary biliary cirrhosis
 - d) Wilson's disease

 - 2) Gall stones in haemolytic anaemia are: 1
 - a) Pigment
 - b) Cholesterol
 - c) Mixed
 - d) Any type
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- 3) Patchy consolidation of lung is seen 1
- a) Lobar Pneumonia
 - b) Interstitial Pneumonia
 - c) Bronchopneumonia
 - d) Bronchial asthma
- 4) Aschoff's nodule in rheumatic heart disease will show all features except: 1
- a) Anitschkow cells
 - b) Epithelioid cells
 - c) Giant cells
 - d) Fibrinoid necrosis
- 5) Thyroidisation of the tubules in renal biopsy is seen in 1
- a) Chronic glomerulonephritis
 - b) Acute glomerulonephritis
 - c) Chronic Pyelonephritis
 - d) Multiple myeloma.
- 6) Which of the following does not progress to carcinoma 1
- a) Bowen's disease
 - b) Erythroplasia of Queyrat
 - c) Bowenoid papulosis
 - d) Condyloma acuminatum
- 7) Young Female with breast carcinoma and family history of ovarian cancer, possible gene mutation is, 1
- a) p53
 - b) Her2/neu
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- c) BRCA2
d) C-myc
- 8) Atherosclerosis is predominantly a disease of: 1
a) Adventitia
b) Media
c) Intima
d) Vasa vasora
- 9) Vegetations of the following types of endocarditis are generally not friable except that of: 1
a) Rheumatic endocarditis
b) Libman-Sacks endocarditis
c) Subacute bacterial endocarditis
d) Non-bacterial thrombotic endocarditis
- 10) Micronodular cirrhosis occurs in the following conditions except: 1
a) Laennec's cirrhosis
b) Nutritional cirrhosis
c) Post-necrotic cirrhosis
d) Portal cirrhosis

Essay/ Long Answer Questions:

- 11) Define Bronchiectasis. Describe etiopathogenesis, morphology and clinical features of the same. (2+7+4+2)
- 12) List the Ulcerative lesions of Intestine. Discuss the Etiopathogenesis and morphology and complications of Ulcerative Colitis. (4+5+3+3)

Short Answer Questions:

- 13) Seminoma. 6
- 14) Cystic Fibrosis. 6
- 15) Gynaecomastia. 6
- 16) MEN (Multiple endocrine Neoplasia) Syndrome. 6
- 17) Hyaline Membrane Disease. 6
- 18) Barrett's Oesophagus. 6
- 19) Meningioma. 6

Very Short Answer Questions:

- 20) Cryptorchidism. 3
- 21) Flea Bitten Kidney. 3
- 22) Acute Tubular Necrosis. 3
- 23) Paget's disease of the Breast. 3
- 24) Caterpillar Cells. 3
- 25) Krukenberg Tumour. 3
