

B.Sc. (Part—III) Semester—V Examination
5S : MATHEMATICS (New)
(Mathematical Methods)
Paper—X

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 60

Note :—(1) Question No.1 is compulsory and attempt it once.

(2) Solve **ONE** question from each Unit.

1. Choose the correct alternative (1 mark each) :

(i) If $p_n(x)$ is the solution of Legendre's D.E., then $p_n(-1)$ is :

- | | |
|--------------|-------|
| (a) -1 | (b) 1 |
| (c) $(-1)^n$ | (d) 0 |

(ii) The value of integral $\int_{-1}^1 x^2 p_1(x) dx$, where $p_1(x)$ is Legendre's polynomial of degree 1, equals :

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| (a) $\frac{2}{3}$ | (b) $\frac{4}{35}$ |
| (c) $\frac{4}{15}$ | (d) 0 |

(iii) The value of $J_{1/2}(x)$ equals :

- | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| (a) $\sqrt{\frac{2}{n\pi}} \cos x$ | (b) $\sqrt{\frac{2}{n\pi}} \sin x$ |
| (c) $\sqrt{\frac{n\pi}{2}} \cos x$ | (d) $\sqrt{\frac{n\pi}{2}} \sin x$ |

(iv) Eigen functions corresponding to different Eigen values are :

- | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| (a) Linearly dependent | (b) Linearly independent |
| (c) Real | (d) None |

(v) The coefficient in a half range sine series for the function $f(x) = \sin x$ defined on $[0, \ell]$ is given by :

- | | |
|---|---|
| (a) $\int_0^\ell \sin x \cos \frac{n\pi x}{\ell} dx$ | (b) $\int_0^\ell \cos x \cos \frac{n\pi x}{\ell} dx$ |
| (c) $\frac{2}{\ell} \int_0^\ell \sin x \sin \frac{n\pi x}{\ell} dx$ | (d) $\frac{2}{\ell} \int_0^\ell \sin x \sin \frac{n\pi x}{\ell} dx$ |

(a) Odd

(b) Even

(c) Even and Odd

(d) None of these

 (vii) If $L[f(t)] = F(s)$, then $L[f(at)]$ is :

 (a) $F(s - a)$

 (b) $\frac{1}{a} F\left(\frac{s}{a}\right)$

 (c) $F\left(\frac{s}{a}\right)$

 (d) $a F\left(\frac{s}{a}\right)$

 (viii) The value of $L^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{s-a}\right]$ is :

(a) 1

(b) t

 (c) e^t

 (d) e^{at}

 (ix) The Fourier sine transform of $f(x) = e^{-|x|}$, $x \geq 0$ is :

 (a) $\frac{\lambda}{1+\lambda^2}$

 (b) $\frac{\lambda}{1-\lambda^2}$

 (c) $\frac{2\lambda}{1-\lambda^2}$

 (d) $\frac{1}{1+\lambda^2}$

 (x) If $F[f(x)] = F(\lambda)$, then the Fourier transform of $f(ax)$ is :

 (a) $F\left(\frac{\lambda}{a}\right)$

 (b) $\frac{1}{|a|} F\left(\frac{\lambda}{a}\right)$, $a \neq 0$

 (c) $\frac{1}{|a|} F(\lambda)$ $a \neq 0$

 (d) $\frac{1}{|a|} F\left(\frac{\lambda}{a}\right)$ $a \neq 0$

10

UNIT—I

 2. (a) Show that $p_n(x)$ is the coefficient of h^n in the ascending power series expansion of $(1 - 2xh + h^2)^{-1/2}$. 5

 (b) Prove that $np_n = xp_n^1 - p_{n-1}^1$. 3

 (c) Prove that $x^2 = \frac{1}{3}p_0(x) + \frac{2}{3}p_2(x)$. 2

3. (p) Prove that $\int_{-1}^1 [p_x(x)]^2 dx = \frac{2}{2n+1}$.

5

(q) Prove that $p_x(x) = \frac{1}{2^n n!} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} (x^2 - 1)^n$.

5

UNIT-II

4. (a) Prove that $J_{3/2}(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi x}} \left(\frac{\sin x}{x} - \cos x \right)$.

4

(b) Prove that $x J_p^1 = p J_p - x J_{p+1}$.

4

(c) Evaluate $\int_a^b J_0(x) \cdot J_1(x) dx$.

2

5. (p) Prove that Eigen values of the S-L problem are real.

4

(q) Prove that $(x^p \cdot J_p)' = x^p J_{p-1}$

3

(r) Prove that $J_{-1/2}(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi x}} \cos x$.

3

UNIT-III

6. (a) If the trigonometric series $\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx)$ converges uniformly to $f(x)$ in $c \leq x < c + 2\pi$, then find the Fourier coefficient of $f(x)$.

5

- (b) Obtain Fourier Series in $[0, 2]$ for the function $f(x) = x^2$.

5

7. (p) Obtain Fourier Series in $[-\pi, \pi]$ for the function :

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -\pi, & -\pi < x < 0 \\ x, & 0 < x < \pi \end{cases}$$

5

- (q) Obtain Fourier cosine series in $[0, \pi]$ for the function $f(x) = \sin x$.

5

UNIT-IV

8. (a) Prove that $L[t^n \cdot f(t)] = (-1)^n \frac{d^n}{ds^n} F(s)$, $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$

4

- (b) Find $L[\sin t \cdot \cos 2t \cdot \cos 3t]$.

3

(c) Show that $L(t^n) = \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}$, $s > 0$.

3

- (q) Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{1}{(s-2)(s+2)^2}$ by using Convolution theorem.

3

- (r) Prove that $L(u_t) = s^2 L(u(x, t)) - su(x, 0) - u_t(x, 0)$.

3

UNIT—V

10. (a) Find the finite Fourier sine and cosine transform of $f(x) = \sin \alpha x$ in $(0, \pi)$.

4

- (b) Find the Fourier transform of the function :

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & |x| < 1 \\ 0, & |x| > 1 \end{cases} \quad 4$$

- (c) Prove that $\int_0^\ell f'(x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{\ell} dx = -\frac{n\pi}{\ell} F_c(n)$.

2

11. (p) Find the Fourier sine and cosine transform of the function $f(x) = x^{n-1}$, $n > 0$.

5

- (q) Find finite Fourier cosine transform of u_x and u_{xx} ; where $u = u(\xi, t)$.

5