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B.Sc. (Part-I) Semester-I Examination

18 : PETROCHEMICAL SCIENCE

Tim	e: Thre	: Hours] [Maximum Marks : 80)
Not	(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (A) Co (i) (ii) (iii)	Question No. 1 is compulsory and carries 8 marks. Remaining six questions carry 12 marks each. Credit will be given to chemical equations and neat sketches, wherever necessary. Scientific calculator is permitted. Use of cell phone is strictly prohibited in examination hall. Use only Blue or Black refill or ball pen only. mplete the following sentences: pH of a solution is the negative logarithm of its concentration. Oil and Natural Gas Commission was formed in year. API gravity is used to magnify the value of of petroleum. Pure liquid, when heated will boil or vaporise, at certain single temperature, known	
	(70) (0)	as	-
	(ii) (iii)	(a) Acidic (b) Basic (c) Neutral (d) Mixed 2	2
	(i) (ii (ii	wer the following questions in one sentence: What is base of solution? Place where the first exploratory crude well was drilled in India? What is solar panel? What is blending?	4
2.	(A) W	nat is calorific value? Explain in detail with examples.	6
			6
		OR	
3.	(i) (ii	Iculate the molecular weight of following compounds: Fe ₂ O ₃ KCIO ₄) (NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄	6

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	(0)	calculate the volume of wate www.FirstRanker.comM H ₂ SO ₂ www.FirstRanker.c	óóm
		solution.	2
	(R)	Calculate the normality of 20 ml of NaOH, which exactly neutralises the 50 ml	of
		0.02N H,SO, solutions.	2
	(S)	300 ml of water is added to 200 ml of 0.5M HCl solution. Calculate the molarity	of
		dilute solution.	2
4.	Desc	cribe following gases with their composition :	
		Dry natural gas.	3
	(ii)	Wet natural gas.	3
	(iii)	Lean natural gas.	3
	(iv)	Associated natural gas.	3
		OR	
5.	(P)	Why non-conventional energy resources are important? State their advantages also.	6
	(Q)	"Petroleum is a source of Petrochemical." Explain in detail.	6
6.	(A)	Why drilling mud is used in drilling operation? What are the advantages of drilling	ng
		mud ?	6
	(B)	Which observation of J. D. Haun for accepting the organic theories for formation	of
		petroleum ?	6
		OR	
7.	(P)	What is drilling? Explain cable tool drilling in detail.	6
	(Q)	Describe seismic method for exploration of petroleum.	6
8.	(A)	Describe elemental composition of crude oil.	6
	(B)	Discuss the classification of petroleum crude on the basis of key fraction method. OR	6
9.	(P)	State the non-hydrocarbon impurities present in crude oil. Describe any two of the	m.
			6
	(Q)	Define paraffin. Explain with examples and their properties.	6
10.	(A)	Define distillation, Explain with example.	8
	(B)	Why desalting and dehydration operation are necessary for crude petroleum processing	3 ?
		State the methods used for both these operations.	4
		OR	
11.	(P)	Why reduced crude from the bottom of A.D.U. is further distilled in V.D.U. ? Expla	ain
		with operating conditions.	8
	(Q)	Define reflux. Describe pump back reflux in detail.	4
12.	Def	ine and explain the following :	
	(i)	API gravity.	4
	(ii)	Viscosity.	4
	(iii)	Carbon residue.	4
		OR	
13.	(P)	Diesel Index is a measure of ignition quality of fuel. Explain with their formula.	6
	(O)	Define smoke point. Explain, how this property is important in petroleum fuels	6

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