

**B.Sc. (Part-II) Semester-III Examination**  
**PHYSICS**

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

**Note :—** (1) All questions are compulsory.

(2) Draw suitable and neat diagram wherever necessary.

1. (A) Fill in the blanks :—

2

- (i) The input impedance of an ideal OPAMP is \_\_\_\_\_.
- (ii) The maximum concentration of ozone gas lies in \_\_\_\_\_ layer of earth's atmosphere.
- (iii) For operation of transistor in active region the collector-base junction must be \_\_\_\_\_ biased.
- (iv) The value of transistor current gain in CB mode ( $\alpha$ ) is always \_\_\_\_\_ than 1.

(B) Choose correct alternative :—

2

- (i) Electric flux is a \_\_\_\_\_ quantity.
  - (a) scalar
  - (b) vector
  - (c) constant
  - (d) zero
- (ii) When a trivalent impurity is added to pure semiconductor, it becomes ?
  - (a) An insulator
  - (b) An Intrinsic semiconductor
  - (c) p-type semiconductor
  - (d) n-type semiconductor
- (iii) The Hall coefficient  $R_H$  is negative for :
  - (a) Intrinsic semiconductor
  - (b) p-type semiconductor
  - (c) n-type semiconductor
  - (d) None of the above
- (iv) Common mode rejection ratio is :
  - (a)  $\frac{A_v(\text{Diff.})}{A_v(\text{Com.})}$
  - (b)  $\frac{A_v(\text{Com.})}{A_v(\text{Diff.})}$
  - (c)  $A_v(\text{Com.}) + A_v(\text{Diff.})$
  - (d)  $A_v(\text{Com.}) \times A_v(\text{Diff.})$

(C) Answer in **ONE** sentence :—

4

- (i) Define Extrinsic semiconductor.
- (ii) What is fermi level ?
- (iii) What is Epicenter of earthquake ?
- (iv) Write down the relation between three parameters of the FET.

2. (A) Define divergence of a vector and give its physical significance.

4

(B) State and prove Stoke's theorem.

6

(C) Explain line integral with example.

2

**OR**

3. (P) State and prove Ampere's circuital law. 4
- (Q) Derive an expression for work done on charge in an electrostatic field. 6
- (R) Explain Lorentz force equation. 2
4. (A) State Faradays law of electromagnetic induction and derive an expression

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{E} = -\frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t} \quad 6$$

- (B) Derive the relation  $\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{D} = \rho$ . 4
- (C) State Maxwell's equations for free space. 2

**OR**

5. (P) What is Poynting vector ? Explain its physical significance. 4
- (Q) Obtain the equation :  $\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{H} = \vec{J} + \frac{\partial \vec{D}}{\partial t}$  6
- (R) What is characteristic impedance of electromagnetic wave ? 2
6. (A) What is Hall effect ? Derive an expression for Hall coefficient. 7
- (B) Explain construction and working of LED. 5

**OR**

7. (P) Describe n-type and p-type semiconductor. 6
- (Q) Explain forward and reverse biasing of p-n junction diode. 4
- (R) Explain potential barrier in pn-junction diode. 2
8. (A) Explain the construction and working of n-channel JFET. 5
- (B) Draw a block diagram of operational amplifier and explain working of each block. 5
- (C) A given transistor has current gain  $\beta = 50$ , calculate the value of  $\alpha$  ? 2

**OR**

9. (P) Explain working of NPN transistor. 5
- (Q) Explain how op-amp can be used as an inverting amplifier. 5
- (R) Draw circuit diagram to plot the characteristics of JFET. 2
10. (A) State postulates of special theory of relativity. 2
- (B) Derive Lorentz transformation equations. 6
- (C) Explain length contraction and derive the expression for the same. 4

**OR**

11. (P) Obtain an expression for relativistic addition of velocities using Lorentz transformation. 6
- (Q) Derive Einstein's mass-energy relation  $E = mc^2$ . 6
12. (A) What is earthquake ? Explain different types of earthquakes. 6
- (B) Explain internal structure of earth. 6

**OR**

- (P) Explain the scattering, absorption and reflection of solar radiation by atmosphere. 6
- (Q) What are the seismic waves ? Explain different types of seismic waves. 3
- (R) Explain the vertical division of atmosphere on the basis of temperature. 3