

ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE MEDICAL UNIVERSITY, LUCKNOW MBBS DEGREE EXAMINATION - IIIrd PROFESSIONAL - PART-II - FEB 2025 Obstetrics and Gynaecology-Paper II SECTION A - Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)

PAPER CODE : 2512130015 SET : B

Note: Choose one correct answer in the OMR sheet provided. No overwriting should be done.

Time: 20 Minutes (20 x 1 = 20 MARKS)

- 1. Which of the following is a common clinical feature of uterine prolapse?
 - a) Dyspareunia
 - b) Amenorrhea
 - c) Pelvic pain
 - d) Urinary incontinence
- 2. Which of the following is a common complication of unrepaired genital fistula?
 - a) Infertility
 - b) Menorrhagia
 - c) Chronic pelvic pain
 - d) Urinary or fecal incontinence
- 3. What is the most common benign tumor of the uterus?
 - a) Uterine fibroid
 - b) Endometriosis
 - c) Endometrial polyp
 - d) Ovarian cyst
- 4. Which of the following is an effective form of contraception for women with a history of thromboembolic disease?
 - a) IUD with progesterone
 - b) Depo-Provera injection
 - c) Oral contraceptive pills
 - d) Barrier methods
- 5. Which of the following is a clinical manifestation of menopause?
 - a) Hot flashes
 - b) Vaginal discharge
 - c) Irregular bleeding
 - d) Dysmenorrhea
- 6. What is the gold standard for diagnosing PCOS?
 - a) Ultrasound
 - b) Biopsy
 - c) Laparoscopy
 - d) Hormonal assays



- 7. Which of the following is a risk factor for developing uterine fibroids?
 - a) Obesity
 - b) Early menopause
 - c) Smoking
 - d) Oral contraceptive use
- 8. What is the first-line treatment for stage I uterine prolapse?
 - a) Hysterectomy
 - b) Estrogen therapy
 - c) Pelvic floor exercises
 - d) Pessary insertion
- 9. Which contraceptive method is contraindicated in women with a history of breast cancer?
 - a) Condoms
 - b) Depo-Provera
 - c) IUD
 - d) Oral contraceptive pills
- 10. What is the first-line therapy for managing menopausal symptoms?
 - a) SSRIs
 - b) Calcium supplementation
 - c) Bisphosphonates
 - d) Hormone replacement therapy
- NW.FilestRanker.com 11. What is the recommended frequency for cervical cancer screening with Pap smear?
 - a) Every 3 years
 - b) Only when symptomatic
 - c) Annually
 - d) Every 5 year
- 12. The ovarian artery is a branch of:
 - a) Internal iliac artery
 - b) Hypogastric artery
 - c) Common iliac artery
 - d) Aorta
- 13. Spinnbarkeit describes which of the following?
 - a) Clarity of cervical mucus
 - b) Ferning of cervical mucus
 - c) Amount of cervical mucus
 - d) Elasticity of cervical mucus
- 14. The most common benign condition causing postmenopausal bleeding is:
 - a) Cervical polyps
 - b) Endometrial hyperplasia
 - c) Atrophic endometritis
 - d) Myomas



- 15. The most common uterine anomaly causing recurrent abortions is:
 - a) Uterine didelphys
 - b) Septate uterus
 - c) Arcuate uterus
 - d) Bicornuate uterus
- 16. What is the most common type of genitourinary fistula?
 - a) Vesicouterine
 - b) Urethrovaginal
 - c) Vesicovaginal
 - d) Ureterovaginal
- 17. The main support of the uterus is provided by:
 - a) The cardinal ligament
 - b) The integrity of the pelvis
 - c) The round ligament
 - d) The infundibulopelvic ligament
- 18. Female ureter crosses:
 - a) Under the uterine artery
 - b) Lateral to uterine artery
 - c) Above the uterine artery
 - d) Medial to uterine artery
- 19. Possible symptoms caused by fibroid except:
 - a) Infertility
 - b) Pressure symptoms
 - c) Pelvic pain
 - d) Deep vein thrombosis
- NWW.Filesth 20. Which of the following types of vulval cancer occurs most commonly?
 - a) Squamous
 - b) Basal cell cancer
 - c) Paget's
 - d) Adenocarcinoma

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