

Madhya Pradesh Medical Science University, Jabalpur MBBS Final Part-2 Examination Jan-Feb 2020 Paper Code: 20AM0000100491 Subject: Pediatrics

Time: 2:30 Hours Maximum Marks: 40

- a) All questions are compulsory
- b) Draw diagrams wherever necessary
- c) Answers of Questions and Sub questions must be written strictly according to the serial order of question paper.
- d) MCQ has to be answered in theory answer book.
- e) Please write MCQ answer neatly and in serial order with black or blue pen in brackets for example: 1. (a) 2. (b).
- f) MCQ has to be answered only once. Any repetition or erasing or whitener will be considered malpractice.

Q.1 Total MCQs: $8 \times 1/2 = 4$

- 1. A 3 month old must show
 - a. social smile
 - b. sit without support
 - c. transfer object from one hand to other
 - d. rolls over
- 2. Exclusive breast feeding is at least till
 - a. 3 months
 - b. 6 months
 - c. 8 months
 - d. 10 months
- 3. Which is NOT component of APGAR score
 - a. Color
 - b. Muscle tone
 - c. Heart Rate
 - d. Skin Temperature
- 4. Which is a Major criteria for Acute Rheumatic Fever
 - a. Fever
 - b. Raised ASO titer
 - c. Carditis
 - d. High ESR
- All are usually seen in Asthma EXCEPT
 - a. Cough
 - b. Wheeze
 - c. Dyspnea
 - d. Clubbing
- 6. True about febrile seizure is
 - a. Recurrent episodes
 - No spontaneous resolution
 - c. Occur only after high fever
 - d. Common after age of 8 year





7. TX858 66 Zhhë în diarrhea in 10 month old child is

- a. 10 mg
- b. 20 mg
- c. 30 mg
- d. 40 mg
- 8. Characteristic feature of Acute Glomerulonephritis in urine examination is
 - a. Crystal
 - b. RBC cast
 - c. Hyaline cast
 - d. WBC

Q.2 Long Answer Questions (3 \times 5 = 15)

- a. Describe ten steps of management of Severe Acute Malnutrition.
- Enumerate causes of neonatal hyperbilirubinemia. Discuss difference between physiological and pathological jaundice.
- Describe hemodynamics and clinical features of Tetralogy of Fallot.

Q.3 Short Answer Questions $(3 \times 3 = 9)$

- a. Write difference between tubercular and pyogenic meningitis.
- b. Define persistent diarrhea. Describe dietary management of persistent diarrhea.
- c. Management of first episode of Minimal Change Nephrotic syndrome.

Q.4 Very Short Answer Questions (6 x 2 = 12)

- a. Clinical feature of congenital hypothyroidism.
- b. Pentavalent vaccine.
- c. WHO classification of Xerophthalmia.
- d. Trisomy 21.
- e. Chelation therapy.
- f. Define SGA and LBW.

