

Code: 13A05801

B.Tech IV Year II Semester (R13) Regular & Supplementary Examinations April 2018

MOBILE COMPUTING

(Common to CSE and IT)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART – A
(Compulsory Question)

1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)

- (a) Give an example situation where infrastructure network is preferred to ad hoc network.
- (b) What is the probability that two HIPERLANs will have the same ID?
- (c) Why is power management important for ad hoc wireless networks?
- (d) What are the advantages of reservation-based MAC protocols over contention based MAC protocols?
- (e) Is a table-driven routing protocol suitable for high-mobility environments? Why?
- (f) Find out the probability of a path break for an eight-hop path, given that the probability of a link break is 0.2.
- (g) What are the limitations of the IEEE 802.11 MAC protocol that prevent it from supporting QoS traffic?
- (h) Suggest a few metrics that can be associated with battery-aware routing techniques.
- (i) Distinguish between ad hoc wireless networks and sensor networks.
- (j) List the applications of sensor networks.

PART – B

(Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)

UNIT – I

2 Describe how wireless networks can replace wired networks in order to improve the efficiency.

OR

3 Explain Bluetooth protocol stack.

UNIT – II

4 Identify and elaborate some of the important issues in pricing for multi-hop wireless communication.

OR

5 Describe a method used in alleviating the hidden terminal and exposed terminal problems at the MAC layer.

UNIT – III

6 Describe CGSR protocol in detail.

OR

7 Discuss the effects of multiple breaks on a single path at the TCP-F sender.

UNIT – IV

8 Explain how a source node determines how many number of tickets (green and yellow tickets) are to be issued for a session in delay constrained TBP protocol.

OR

9 Prove that the localized power-efficient routing algorithm is loop-free.

UNIT – V

10 How does the hybrid usage of TDMA and FDMA minimize energy consumption? Explain.

OR

11 Describe the Sybil attack and the Sinkhole attack on sensor networks.
