CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

INTRODUCTION

- 1. Name
- 2. Age
- 3. Sex
- 4. Handedness
- Resident of
- Education
- 7. Occupation
- 8. Informant
- 9. Reliability

CHIEF COMPLAINTS

- 1. Xxxxxx Onset and course
- Yyyyyy onset and course
- 3. Zzzzzzz onset and course

H/O PRESENT ILLNESS

- 1. Chest Pain (Mnemonic OLD CAARTS)
 - a. Onset/location/duration/diurnal variation/Ch......
 - b. Associated with(Nausea/vomiting/photophobia/ phonophobia/ abnormal behavior/LOC /blurring of vision
 - c. Red flag signs
 - d. Preceded by aura
 - e. Aggravated by/relieved by/timing/severity/
 - f. Frequency (No of epis. in a day)/abn sweating

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- g. Pain anywhere in the body/
- h. Diurnal variation/progress/present status
- j. NYHA Class

Palpitations

- a. Onset Rest/exertional, Duration
- b. Regular/irregular
- c. Aggravated/relieved by
- d. Associated with
 - i. Presyncope/syncope/sweating/anxiety
 - ii. Post palpitations dieresis
- e. Progress/Present status
- f. NYHA Class

Dyspnoea

- a. Onset
- b. Progression
- c. Duration
- d. Rest same as for Palpitations
- e. Any Orthopnea/PND/Platypnea/Trepopnea
- Present status/NYHA Class

4. Easy Fatiguability

- a. Quantity and quality of the fatigue in terms of patient activity which he used to do before and now.
- b. Progress/Present status
- c. NYHA Class

Syncope and pre-syncope

a. As Described in CNS



6. Cough and expectoration/Hemoptysis

a. As described in Respiratory system

7. Fever

- a. Onset/duration
- b. Continuous/intermittent/remittent
- c. Any evening rise
- d. Subsides on medication/not
- e. Chills/rigors
- Associated headache/bodyache/sweating

8. Anorexia and weight loss

- Recurrent respiratory tract infections
- Failure to thrive
- 11. Cyanosis
 - a. Location Sclera/lips/tongue/tip of nose/ear lobule/ finger/toes
 - b. Onset
 - c. Lasted for
 - d. Relieved by
 - e. Any associated pain/paraesthesias
- 12. Clubbing
- 13. Hoarseness of voice
- 14. Edema
 - a. Onset
 - b. Progress
 - c. Extent
 - d. Any involvement of UL/Abdomen/Face/Sacral

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- e. Diurnal variation
- f. Aggravated by/relieved by Posture/activity/meals
- g. Painful/painless
- h. Any associated redness/discharge
- Hematuria/oliguria/anuria/dysuria/recurrent UTI
- 16. H/O Rheumatic Fever
 - a. Any joint pain/redness
 - b. Subcutaneous nodules
 - c. Involuntary movements

H/S/O Infective Endocarditis

- a. Joint pain/Petechiae/Puprpurae/ecchymoses
- b. Painful nodules over finger tips/Rash
- c. Hges under nail beds/discoloration of digits
- d. Prolonged fever/Pain abdo/Visual disturbance
- e. Hematuria
- 18. Bowel disturbance
- TIA/FND/Seizures
- 20. History s/o hpo/hyperthyroidism
 - a. Hypothyroidism
 - i. Tiredness/weakness/dry skin
 - ii. Cold intolerance/hair loss/memory loss
 - iii. Hoarseness of voice/Constipation
 - iv. Weight gain/Poor appetite
 - b. Hyperthyroidism
 - i. Heat intolerance/palpitations/fatigue
 - ii. Increased appetite/weight loss



- iii. Tremor/restlessness/Hyperdefecation
- iv. Loss of libido
- 21. CTD history

PAST HISTORY

- DM/TB/HTN/Hansens/CAD/BA
- 2. Similar illness in the past
- RHD History
 - a. Joint pain/nodules/abnormal movt/rash
 - Recurrent sore throat/penicillin prophylaxis
 - c. Digoxin therapy
- 4. Blood transfusion/jaundice/Allergy
- 5. Childhood infections

PERSONAL HISTORY

- Veg/Non veg/Well water drinking/food habits
- Smoking/Tobacco/Alcohol/Substance abuse
- 3. Marriage/Children
- 4. High Risk behavior

MENSTRUAL HISTORY

- Menarche/Cycles/Menopause
- 2. LMP/Post menopausal bleed
- 3. any surgery

FAMILY HISTORY

H/O similar illness in the family

Socioeconomic status/Poverty/overcrowded place

TREATMENT HISTORY

- 1. Penicillin prophylaxis/digoxin/diuretics
- 2. Surgery/intervention

SUMMARY at the end of history.

1. D/D 1, 2, 3, 4.....

GENERAL EXAMINATION

- Conscious/oriented/cooperative/comfortably lying.......
- Ht/Wt/BMI/Arm length/upper segment/lower segment/neck:ht ratio.
 - 3. Pulse

Rate/rhythm/volume/character/peripheral pulses/R-R & R-F Delay/pulse deficit/vessel wall/carotid bruit/shudder

4. BP

mm Hg/Rt Arm supine/No significant postural fall Hills sign - UL and LL BP difference, Take all four limbs

- RR rate/rhythm/type
- P/I/C/C/L/E
- JVP Height/waveform/prominent wave/H-J reflex
- 8. Peripheral signs of AR/IE/RF
- Marfanoid features/WHR
- Xanthoma/xanthelasma/Pseudoxanthoma 10. elasticum/arcus senilis
 - Hypertelorism/low set ears/micrognathia/orange f.......
 - Telengiectasias/bronze discoloration/acanthoma nigricans
 - Features of hypo/hyper thyroidism
 - acromegaly/marfans features
- 15. Angioma/cutaneous

angiomata/rash/petechiae/purpurae/ecchym.

Bed sores/genital ulcers

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- Peripheral stigmata of TB/HIV
- Scars/sinuses/lupus perenio/erythema nodosum/lipemia retinalis
- 19. Spine K/S/KS

SYSTEMIC EXAMINATION

1. CVS

- a. Inspection
 - Chest wall symmetry/deformity/Precordial bulge
 - ii. Apical Impulse site/no. of spaces visible
 - Pulsation in precordium/epigastric/supraster./supracla.
 - iv. Scars/sinus/dilated veins
- b. Palpation
 - i. Apical Impulse site/no. of spaces visible/character
 - ii. Palpable sounds/thrill in apical area
 - iii. Palpable sounds/thrill in other areas
 - iv. Parasternal heave
 - v. Origin of epigastric pulsations (Ru.....)
- c. Auscultation
 - S1
 - ii. S2 A2/P2/loudness/split
 - iii. S3/S4
 - iv. OS/Ejection click/tumor plop/valve click
 - v. Pericardial rub/knock
 - vi. Murmur (Described below...later)

RS

- a. Chest wall symmetry
- b. Trachea/resp movts/
- c. Percussion
- b. Air entry/Breath sounds/adventitious sounds/pleural rub

3. P/A

a. Distended/all quadrants moves equally with the respiration

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- b. Soft/Non tender/organomegaly/free fluid/bowel sounds
- c. Hernial sites/peripheral signs of liver failure

4. CNS

- a. HMF/CN/Motor/Sensorycerebellar
- b. EPS/ANS

Murmurs Description

Middiastolic Murmur

- a. Low pitched/Rumbling/MDM
- b. In Apex/with bell of stethoscope
- With pt in left lateral position
- d. Breath held in expiration
- e. Assoc. with OS and presystolic accentuation
- f. Duration of murmur
- g. A2-OS gap
- h. Increased by mild exercise (few rapid sit ups)

2. PSM IN MR

- a. Grade 3/6
- b. PSM/Apex/diaphragm of stethoscope
- c. radiating to axilla
- d. Increased by hand grip
- e. reduced during strain phase of valsalva.

3. Seagull Murmur

- a. In case of rupture of tendinae or primary involvement of posterior mitral leaflet, a murmur mistaken as AS murmur, radiating to base of heart.
- b. Has a musical quality.

4. PSM in TR



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- a. Left parasternal region
- b. Increased by leg raising
- c. well heard during inspiration
- d. Grade 3/6

5. AS Murmur

- a. Grade 3/6
- b. Rough, rasping
- c. ESM (MSM)
- d. with diaphragm of stethoscope
- e. In aortic area/with pt sitting up/leaning forward
- f. Breath held in expiration
- g. Radiating to carotids
- h. Peaking of murmur/duration of murmur
- j. Dynamic auscultation

Graham Steel Murmur

- a. PAH leading to PR and murmur thereof.
- b. High pitched
- EDM with decrescendo blowing murmur
- d. Along left sterna border
- e. Increases on inspiration
- f. Associated with loud P2

7. MVP Murmur

- a. High pitched/systolic murmur
- b. Crescendo-decrescendo murmur
- c. Heard best in apex
- d. Associated with mid or late non ejection click.
- e. Click and murmur occurs earlier and is louder with
 - Standing
 - ii. Strain phase of valsalva
 - iii. Any intervention that decreases LV volume
- Click and murmur is delayed and is decreased in intensity



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- Squatting
- ii. Isometric exercise
- iii. Any intervention which increases LV volume

8. AR Murmur

- a. High pitched
- b. EDM with blowing and decrescendo character
- c. Best at 3rd Lt ICS along sterna border
- d. With diaphragm of stethoscope
- e. Pt sitting up and leaning forward
- f. Breath held in expiration
- g. Loudness of murmur/duration of murmur

NOTE

a.	Right	sternal	border	heave -	aneurysmal	dilatation	of	aortic
r								

SUMMARY At the end of examination

DIAGNOSIS