

Code: 13A04101

**R13**

B.Tech I Year (R13) Supplementary Examinations December/January 2014/2015

**NETWORK ANALYSIS**  
(Common to ECE and EIE)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

**PART – A**  
(Compulsory Question)

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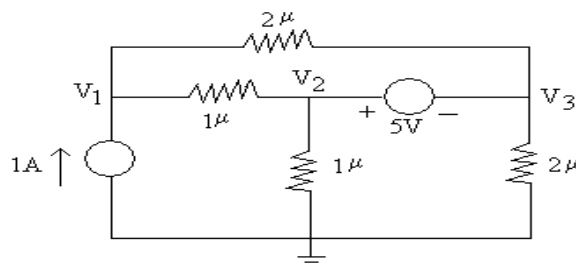
- 1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)
- For a network of seven branches and four nodes, the number of independent loops will be ----
  - The number of independent loops for a network with n nodes and b branches are-----
  - In a series RLC circuit with output taken across C, the poles of the transfer function are located at  $-\alpha \pm j\beta$ . The frequency of maximum response is given by -----
  - The free response of RL and RC series networks having a time constant  $\tau$  is of the form-----
  - The natural response of a network is of the form  $(A_1 + A_2 t + A_3 t^2) e^{-t}$ . The network must have repeated poles at  $s = 1$  with multiplicity -----
  - The mutual inductance M associated with the two coupled inductances  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  and is related to the coefficient of coupling K is -----
  - A 2 port network using Z parameter representation is said to be reciprocal if -----
  - Two inductors of values  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  are coupled by a mutual inductance M. By inter connection of the two elements, one can obtain a maximum inductance of -----
  - A  $\pi$  – section filter comprises a series arm inductance of 20 mH & two shunt capacitors each of 0.16 microfarad. Calculate the attenuation at 15 KHz.
  - A second order band pass filter has a value of 10 for the ratio of center frequency to bandwidth. The filter can be realized with -----

**PART – B**

(Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)

**UNIT – I**

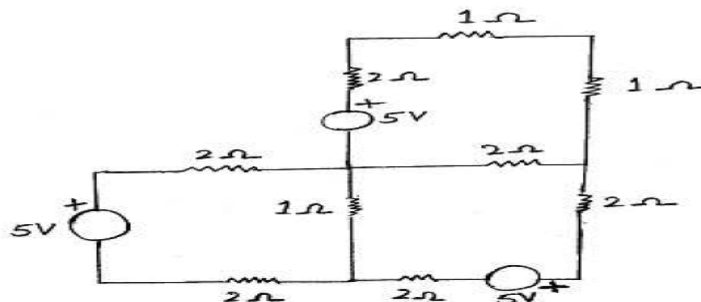
- 2 (a) Find the node voltage  $V_1$ ,  $V_2$ , and  $V_3$  for the circuit given figure below.



- (b) State and explain Tellegen's theorem

OR

- 3 (a) Using KCL and KVL, find the currents in all the sources of the circuit of the following figure.



- (b) Explain Miller's theorem with an example.

Contd. in page 2

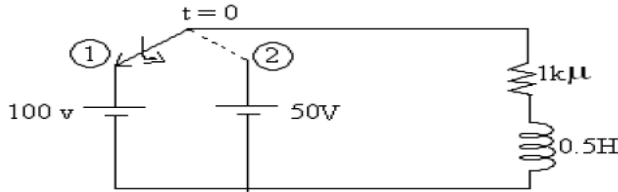
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**UNIT – II**

- 4 (a) Define circuit transient, time constant, natural response and forced response.  
 (b) An exponential voltage  $V(t) = e^{-t}$  is suddenly applied at  $t = 0$  to a series RC circuit with  $R = 9 \Omega$ ,  $C = 0.25F$ . Obtain particular solution for current  $i(t)$  through the circuit if the initial charge across the capacitor  $C$  is zero.

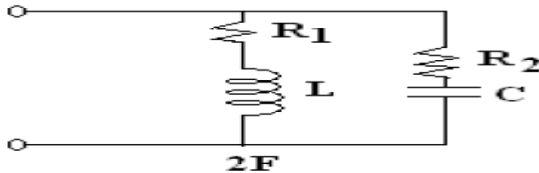
OR

- 5 (a) Deduce the transient response of RL series circuit excited by DC source.  
 (b) In the series RL circuit the switch is closed on position (1) at  $t=0$ , and then at  $t = t' = 50 \mu$  sec, it is moved to position (2) Find the expression for current in the intervals  $0 < t < t'$  and  $t < t'$ . Shown in figure below.



**UNIT – III**

- 6 (a) Obtain the expression for resonance frequency of a parallel resonant circuit shown in the figure below. Find the condition for resonance at all frequencies.



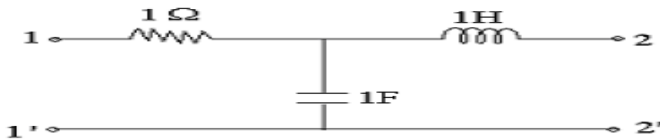
- (b) Define self-inductance of a coil, mutual inductance between two coils and coefficient of coupling. Derive the relation between the self, mutual inductances and coefficient of coupling.

OR

- 7 (a) A RLC series circuit of  $8 \Omega$  resistance should be designed to have a bandwidth of 50 Hz. Determine the values of  $L$  and  $C$  so that the system resonates at 250 Hz.  
 (b) Distinguish between reactance, impedance, admittance and susceptance

**UNIT – IV**

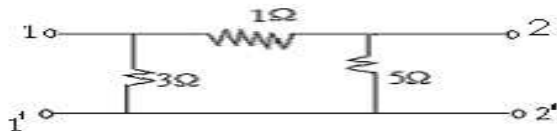
- 8 (a) Obtain the transmission parameters of the 2-port network shown in figure below.



- (b) Design a high pass filter with a cut-off frequency of 1 KHz with a terminated design impedance of  $800 \Omega$ .

OR

- 9 (a) For the following network, obtain the impedance parameters and hence determine transmission parameters.



- (b) Derive the relation between Y and h parameters.

**UNIT – V**

- 10 (a) What is the difference between constant – k and m-derived filters?  
 (b) Design a high pass  $\pi$  network, having a cut-off frequency of 3250 Hz. The frequency of infinite attenuation may be taken as 2750 Hz. The characteristic impedance is  $450 \mu$ .

OR

- 11 (a) Explain what is meant by constant k-filters. Classify them.  
 (b) Design an m-derived T section low pass filter having a design impedance of  $600 \Omega$ , cut-off frequency of 2400 Hz and infinite attenuation at 2500 Hz.

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