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B.Tech I Year II Semester (R15) Supplementary Examinations December 2019

# MATHEMATICS – II

(Common to all)

Max. Marks: 70

Time: 3 hours

#### PART – A

## (Compulsory Question)

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- 1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)
  - (a) State and prove first shifting theorem.
  - (b) Evaluate  $\int_0^\infty t e^{-2t} \sin t \, dt$ .
  - (c) If  $f(x) = x + x^3$  in  $(-\pi, \pi)$ , find the Euler's coefficients  $a_0, a_n$ .
  - (d) State the conditions for f(x) to have Fourier series expansion.
  - (e) Find the Fourier sine transform of the function  $f(x) = 5e^{-2x} + 2e^{-5x}$ .
  - (f) Find the Fourier transform of the function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2, |x| \le a \\ 0, |x| > a \end{cases}$
  - (g) Write down possible solutions of the Laplace equation.
  - (h) A rod 20 cms long has its ends A and B kept at 30°C and 70°C respectively until steady state is prevailed. Determine the steady state temperature of the rod.

(i) Find 
$$Z\left[\frac{1}{n-1}\right]$$
.

(j) State final value theorem on Z-transform.

$$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{PART} - \textbf{B} \\ \text{(Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)} \end{array}$$

**UNIT – I**  
2 (a) Use convolution theorem to find 
$$L^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{s^2(s+1)^2}\right)$$
.

(b) Find the Laplace transform of the square wave function of period  $\alpha$  defined as:  $f(t) = \begin{cases} 1, when \ 0 < t < \alpha/2 \\ \alpha & \alpha < t < \alpha/2 \end{cases}$ 

$$f(t) = \left\{-1, when \ \frac{\alpha}{2} < t < \alpha\right\}$$

Solve 
$$y''' + 2y'' - y' - 2y = 0$$
 given  $y(0) = 0$ ,  $y'(0) = 0$  and  $y''(0) = 6$ .

- 4 Find the complex form of the Fourier series of  $f(x) = e^{-x}$  in  $-1 \le x \le 1$ OR
- 5 Obtain the Half Range cosine series of f(x) = x in 0<x<1. Hence deduce that  $\frac{1}{1^4} + \frac{1}{3^4} + \frac{1}{5^4} + \cdots = \frac{\pi^4}{96}$ .

# UNIT – III

OR

- 6 Find the Fourier transform of  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & |x| < 1 \\ 0, & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$ . Hence evaluate  $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin x}{x} dx$ .
- 7 (a) Find the Fourier sine transform of  $\frac{e^{-ax}}{x}$ . (b) Using Parseval's identity, evaluate  $\int_0^\infty \frac{x^2 dx}{(x^2+1)^2}$ .

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# UNIT – IV

8 A tightly stretched string of length *l* with fixed end is initially in its equilibrium position. It is set vibrating by giving each point a velocity  $V_0 \sin^3(\pi x/l)$ . Determine the displacement function y(x, t).

#### OR

9 An infinitely long plane uniform plate is bounded by two parallel edges and an end at right angles to them. The breadth is  $\pi$ ; this end is maintained at a temperature  $u_0$  at all points and other edges are at zero temperature. Determine the temperature at any point of the plate in the steady state.

# UNIT – V

- 10 (a) Using convolution theorem, find the inverse Z-transform of  $\frac{z^2}{(z-1)(z-3)}$ .
  - (b) Find  $z^{-1} \frac{2z}{(z-1)(z^2+1)}$ , by partial fraction method.
- 11 Solve:  $y_{n+2} + 6y_{n+1} + 9y_n = 2^n$  given that  $y_0 = 0$  and  $y_1 = 0$ , using Z-transforms.

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