

www.FirstRanker.com

www.FirstRanker.com

## Code: 15A54201

B.Tech I Year II Semester (R15) Supplementary Examinations December 2016

# **MATHEMATICS – II**

(Common to all)

Max. Marks: 70

Time: 3 hours

PART – A

(Compulsory Question)

\*\*\*\*\*

- 1 Answer the following: (10 X 02 = 20 Marks)
  - (a) Write the conditions for existence of Laplace transform of a function.
    - (b) Define Unit Impulse function.
    - (c) Write Dirichlet conditions for Fourier series.
    - (d) Write the Parseval's formula for Fourier series.
    - (e) Write the complex form of Fourier integral.
    - (f) Write any two properties of Fourier transform.
    - (g) What are the assumptions to be made for one dimensional wave equation?
    - (h) What do you mean by steady state and transient state?
    - (i) Find the Z-transform of  $\frac{1}{|n|}$ .

(j) Find 
$$Z^{-1}\left\{\frac{z^2-2z}{(z-1)^2}\right\}$$
.

PART - B(Answer all five units, 5 X 10 = 50 Marks)  $\boxed{UNIT - I}$ 

2 (a) Find the Laplace transform of 
$$f(t) = |t-1| + |t+1|, t \ge 0$$
.

(b) Use Laplace transform to evaluate  $L \left\{ \int \right\}$ 

3 (a) Apply Convolution theorem to evaluate 
$$L^{-1}\left\{\frac{s}{(s^2+a^2)^2}\right\}$$
.

(b) Solve  $ty'' + 2y' + y = \cos t$ , y(0) = 1.

4 Find the Fourier series for 
$$f(x) = 1 + x + x^2$$
 in  $(-\pi, \pi)$ . Hence deduce that  $\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$ .  
OR

UNIT – II

- 5 (a) Expand  $f(x) = \cos x, 0 < x < \pi$  in a Fourier Sine series.
  - (b) Find the complex form of the Fourier series of  $f(x) = e^{-x}$  in [-1,1].

Contd. in page 2

www.FirstRanker.com

Code: 15A54201

www.FirstRanker.com

(a) Find Fourier cosine transform of  $e^{-x^2}$ . 6

(b) Find Fourier transform of 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - x^2, |x| \le 1 \\ 0, |x| > 1 \end{cases}$$
.

rstRanker.<mark>com</mark>

OR

- (a) Find Fourier sine transform of  $\frac{e^{-ax}}{x}$ . 7
  - (b) Find the Finite Fourier sine and cosine transform of f(x) = 2x, 0 < x < 4.

## UNIT – IV

- Form the partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary functions f and g from: 8 (a) Z = f(2x + y) + g(3x - y).
  - Solve by using the method of separation of variables the equation  $2x \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} 3y \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 0.$ (b)

#### OR

9 A rod of length 20 cm has its ends A and B kept at temperature 30°C and 90°C respectively until steady state conditions prevail. If the temperature at each end is then suddenly reduced to 0°C and maintained so, find the temperature distribution at a distance x from A at time t.

## UNIT – V

OR

10 (a) If 
$$U(Z) = \frac{2z^2 + 5z + 14}{(z-1)^4}$$
 then find  $U_2$  and  $U_3$ .

Use convolution theorem to evaluate  $Z^{-1}$ (b)

11 Use Z-transform to solve: 
$$y_{n+2} - 2y_{n+1} + y_n = 3n + 5$$
.