

Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka I Year B.Pharm Degree Examination - 07-Jun-2024

Time: Three Hours Max. Marks: 70 Marks

PHARMACEUTICAL INORGANIC CHEMISTRY (RS-3) Q.P. CODE: 2605

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked.

Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.

LONG ESSAYS (Answer any Two)

2 x 10 = 20 Marks

- Define limit test. Describe the principle and reactions involved in the limit test for Sulphate I. P and Iron I.P.
- What are Antacids? Classify them with examples. Give the ideal properties of antacids.
 Write the preparation, assay and uses of Aluminium Hydroxide gel.
- Define and classify precipitation titrations. Discuss in detail about modified Volhard's method with an example.

SHORT ESSAYS (Answer any Six)

6 x 5 = 30 Marks

- What are Haemtinics? Give the method of preparation, assay principle and medicinal uses of Ferrous Sulphate.
- Write a neat labeled diagram of Gutzeit's apparatus.
- Write the methods of expression of concentration of volumetric solutions.
- Classify with examples of various solvents used in Non-aqueous titrations.
- 8. Discuss the various electrolytes used in replacement therapy.
- Write a note on theory of acid base indicators.
- 10. Give the assay principle reaction and medicine uses of Magnesium Sulphate.
- 11. Explain different types of errors. Write any two methods to minimize them.

SHORT ANSWERS

10 x 2 = 20 Marks

- Note on metal ion indicators.
- Define expectorants with examples.
- Define antidotes with examples.
- Differentiate Iodimetry and Iodometry.
- 16. What is Barium Sulphate meal?
- Define anticaries agents, give examples.
- What is the indicator used in the titration of NaOH with HCl.
- 19. Why lead acetate cotton wool is used in the limit test for Arsenic I.P?
- Give examples of Redox indicators.
- Examples for pharmaceutical aids.

