

PAPER CODE: MB2019131

KALOJI NARAYANA RAO UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES TELANGANA STATE, WARANGAL – 506 002 FINAL MBBS PART-II DEGREE EXAMINATIONS: FEBRUARY, 2025 GENERAL MEDICINE

Paper – I

Time: 3 Hours Max Marks: 100
Note: Answer all questions
Give Diagrammatic representation wherever necessary

Multiple Choice Questions: $10 \times 1 = 10$

- Wolf-Chaikoff effect is due to
- a) lodine deficiency
- b) Excessive iodine
- c) lodine metabolism defect
- d) Tpo enzyme deficiency
- Triad of Renal Cell Carcinoma includes all except
- a) Haematuria
- b) Abdominal pain
- c) Abdominal mass
- d) Fever
- The following an Auto Recessive condition (AR)
- a) Peutz-Jeghers syndrome
- b) Tuberous sclerosis
- c) Neurofibromatosis
- d) Ataxia telangiectasia
- 4) Treatment of choice in ulcerative colitis
- a) 5-amino salicylic acid
- b) Azathioprine
- c) Metronidazole
- d) Salicylates
- 5) Alpha 1 antitrypsin in stool is indicative of
- a) Protein losing enteropathy
- b) Chronic pancreatitis
- c) Acute pancreatitis
- d) Whipple disease





- 6) Gene therapy is used for
- a) Cystic fibrosis
- b) Spinocerebellar ataxia
- c) Thalassemia
- d) All of the above
- Obesity is not a feature of
- a) Hypothyroidism
- b) Adrenal insufficiency
- c) Hypogonadism
- d) Cushing's syndrome
- 8) Which of the following drug is not a part of "triple therapy" immunosuppression for post renal transplantation patient
- a) Cyclosporin
- b) Azathioprine
- c) Tacrolimus
- d) Prednisolone
- Most common histological variant of Renal Cell Carcinoma
- a) Clear cell type
- b) Chromophobe type
- c) Papillary type
- d) Tubular type
- 10) Renal artery stenosis is associated with
- a) High renin hypertension
- b) Normal renin hypertension
- c) Low renin hypertension
- d) Fibrinoid necrosis of vessels

Essay / Long Answer Questions: 2 x 15 = 30

- Hyperthyroidism aetiology, clinical features, diagnosis, and management.
- Draw diagram of nephron and write about aetiology, diagnosis and management of Acute Pyelonephritis.

Short Answer Questions: $7 \times 6 = 42$





- 13. A 72-year-old man presented with complaints of fatigability and chronic lower back pain; laboratory findings are as follows: Hb – 9 g%, serum calcium – 11.8 g/dl, bone marrow biopsy showed 15% clonal plasma cells. What is the most likely diagnosis and write clinical features management of the same.
- Irritable bowel syndrome clinical features, diagnosis, and management.
- List the causes of hematemesis and describe the management of acute variceal bleeding.
- Blood transfusion therapy indications, complications, precautions to be observed during transfusion.
- Clinical features, and management of anaphylaxis.
- Definition, types and how to approach a case of Fever of Unknown Origin (FUO).
- What are the care options to be communicated with terminally ill patient and family members.

Very Short Answer Questions: 6 × 3 = 18

- Meig's syndrome.
- 21. GERD.
- Agranulocytosis causes.
- Anti-snake venom therapy indications.
- 24. Non-shivering thermogenesis.
- 25. Types of consent. Add brief note on informed consent.



