

DR. NTR UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES :: AP :: VIJAYAWADA – 520 008 FINAL M.B.B.S. PART – II DEGREE EXAMINATION – DECEMBER, 2024

GENERAL MEDICINE – PAPER – II

SET-D (Multiple Choice Questions)

Time: 20 Minutes Max. Marks: 20

Note: Answer all questions

SECTION – I (MCQs – 20 MARKS)

1x20=20

- 1) Which of the following sexually transmitted infections can be diagnosed with a 'darkfield' microscopy?
- a. Chlamydia trachomatis
- b. Treponema pallidum (syphilis)
- Neisseria gonorrhoeae
- d. Trichomonas vaginalis
- 2) A patient presents with sudden-onset chest pain, shortness of breath, and a feeling of impending doom. The ECG shows ST-segment depression in leads II, III, and aVF. What is the most likely diagnosis?
- a. Unstable angina
- Non-ST elevation myocardial infarction (NSTEMI)
- c. Pulmonary embolism
- d. Aortic dissection
- 3) Which of the following is a characteristic feature of primary syphilis?
- Painful genital ulcer with purulent discharge
- b. Painless genital ulcer (chancre)
- Painful inguinal lymphadenopathy
- d. Genital warts
- 4) What is the primary mechanism of action of ACE inhibitors in treating heart failure?
- a. Inhibition of sodium reabsorption in the kidneys
- Reduction of afterload by vasodilation
- Inhibition of platelet aggregation.
- Increased myocardial contractifity
- 5) Which of the following medications is used for rate control in atrial fibrillation?
- a. Digoxin
- Beta-blockers
- c. Anticoagulants
- d. All of the above
- 6) The most common primary malignant brain tumor in adults is:
- a. Glioblastoma multiforme
- b. Meningioma
- c. Medulloblastoma
- d. Pituitary adenoma





- 7) What is the most likely cause of a widened pulse pressure in a 60-year-old patient with a history of hypertension?
- a. Aortic stenosis
- b. Aortic regurgitation
- c. Mitral stenosis
- d. Pulmonary hypertension
- 8) A 30-year-old woman presents with sudden-onset severe headache, nausea, vomiting, and a stiff neck. The most likely diagnosis is:
- a. Tension headache
- b. Migraine
- Subarachnoid hemorrhage
- d. Cluster headache
- 9) A 25-year-old woman presents with generalized weakness and diplopia. She reports that the symptoms worsen as the day progresses and improve at rest. On examination, she has ptosis and a positive ice-pack test. What is the most likely diagnosis?
- a. Multiple sclerosis
- b. Myasthenia gravis
- Guillain–Barré syndrome
- d. Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)
- 10) Which of the following is a first-line treatment for obsessive—compulsive disorder (OCD)?
- a. Benzodiazepines
- b. Cognitive-behavioral therapy
- c. Antipsychotics
- d. Selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs)
- 11) Which of the following is a characteristic feature of multiple sclerosis?
- a. Progressive muscle weakness
- Relapsing and remitting episodes of neurological deficits
- c. Presence of positive Babinski sign only
- d. Gradual, steady progression of symptoms without remissions
- 12) A patient presents with intense fear of being in crowded places. She avoids public transportation and large gatherings. This is most consistent with:
- a. Social anxiety disorder
- b. Panic disorder
- c. Agoraphobia
- d. Specific phobia
- 13) A 35-year-old woman presents with a sudden onset of intensely pruritic vesicles on her hands and feet. The lesions are grouped and have a 'dew drop on a rose petal' appearance. What is the most likely diagnosis?
- a. Chickenpox (Varicella)
- Herpes simplex virus infection
- Hand, foot, and mouth disease
- d. Impetigo





- 14) Which of the following conditions is characterized by the presence of 'honeycomb lung' on chest imaging?
- a. Asthma
- b. Chronic bronchitis
- c. Pulmonary fibrosis
- d. Pneumonia
- 15) Which of the following is the most appropriate pharmacological treatment for attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) in adults?
- a. Lithium
- b. Methylphenidate
- c. Antipsychotics
- d. Selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs)
- 16) Which of the following conditions is characterized by the presence of a 'herald patch' followed by the development of a 'Christmas tree' pattern of erythematous lesions?
- a. Psoriasis
- b. Pityriasis rosea
- c. Lichen planus
- d. Tinea corporis
- 17) Which of the following conditions is most likely to present with 'digital clubbing'?
- a. Asthma
- b. Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)
- c. Interstitial lung disease
- d. Pulmonary embolism
- 18) A patient with chronic kidney disease presents with bone pain and deformities. His phosphate and calcium levels are abnormal. What is the most likely cause of his condition?
- a. Osteoarthritis
- Renal osteodystrophy
- c. Paget's disease
- d. Osteoporosis
- 19) A 40-year-old man presents with shortness of breath, pleuritic chest pain, and a history of deep vein thrombosis (DVT). His chest X-ray shows no consolidation. What is the most likely diagnosis?
- a. Pulmonary embolism
- b. Pneumothorax
- c. Pneumonia
- d. Pleural effusion
- 20) Which of the following is the first-line treatment for osteoporosis in postmenopausal women?
- a. Bisphosphonates
- Parathyroid hormone analogs
- Calcium supplements
- d. Calcitonin





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