

www.FirstRanker.com

www.FirstRanker.com

Roll No.							Total No. of Pages: 02
	_						rotal ito. of ragos . o.

Total No. of Questions: 18

B.Tech. (ME) (2018 Batch) (Sem.-3)
BASIC ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

Subject Code: BTEC305-18 M.Code: 76420

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 60

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
- SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.
- SECTION-C contains THREE questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any TWO questions.

SECTION-A

Write briefly:

- Differentiate between intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors.
- Draw the reverse bias characteristics of a p-n junction.
- 3. What do you mean by breakdown diode?
- 4. Why CE configuration is widely used in amplifier circuits?
- 5. What is adder or summing amplifier?
- 6. What do you mean by stabilization?
- 7. Why the input terminals of an op-amp are named as inverting input and non-inverting input?
- Convert (7D2.1A)₁₆ to its decimal equivalent.
- Which gates are called used as universal gates and why?
- Convert (101010.10)₂ to octal.

1 | M-76420 (S2)-977



SECTION-B

- Explain the phenomenon of formation of depletion layer in the p-n junction.
- 12. A single phase full-wave rectifier uses two diodes, the internal resistance of each being 20Ω. The transformer rms secondary voltage from center tap to each end of secondary is 50 V and load resistance is 980Ω. Find:
 - a) The mean load current
 - b) Rms load current
 - c) Output efficiency
- The emitter current I_E in a transistor is 3 mA. If the leakage current I_{CBO} is 5μA and α = 0.95. Calculate the collector and base current.
- Draw the block diagram of internal construction of op-amp and explain the function of each block in detail.
- Minimize the following using K-map :

$$f(A,B,C,D) = \sum m(0,2,4,6,8,10,12,14)$$

SECTION-C

 a) Simplify the following Boolean equation and realize the same using a combination of AND, OR, NOR gates:

$$Y = (\overline{A} + B)(A + \overline{C})(\overline{B} + \overline{C})$$

- Explain the construction and working of RS-flip flop.
- a) Show that using Boolean algebra and De Morgan's theorems :

$$\overline{YZ} + \overline{WXZ} + \overline{WXYZ} + WY\overline{Z} = \overline{Z}$$

- Explain the working of inverting summer amplifier.
- Write short notes on any two :
 - a) Differentiator
 - b) Voltage divider bias circuit
 - c) Photo diode

NOTE: Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.

2 | M-76420 (S2)-977

