

Kajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka MBBS Phase - III (PART I) (CBME) Degree Examination - 18-Jan-2025

Time: Three Hours Max. Marks: 100 Marks

COMMUNITY MEDICINE - PAPER - II (RS-4 & RS-5) QP CODE: 1036 (QP contains two pages)

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary

LONG ESSAYS 2 x 10 = 20 Marks

- Describe the epidemiology of Leprosy. Outline the measures for Leprosy control in India.
- Define Perinatal mortality rate. Discuss the social and biological variables associated with Perinatal mortality. Describe the strategies to reduce perinatal mortality in India.

SHORT ESSAYS 8 x 5 = 40 Marks

- Enumerate the types of drug resistant Tuberculosis. Outline the management of Multidrug resistant tuberculosis.
- State the WHO classification of Body Mass Index. Describe the lifestyle measures to reduce obesity.
- Discuss the preventive measures for Juvenile Delinquency.
- Discuss the different options for hormonal contraceptives available under the Family Welfare programme in India.
- As a medical officer, construct a plan for conducting a screening programme for Diabetes Mellitus in a village with a population of 900.
- Enumerate the emotions which have a bearing on health. Explain the role of Emotions in health and disease.
- List the criteria for selection of ASHA worker. What are the key functions of ASHA.
- Discuss the salient features of Mission Indradhanush.

SHORT ANSWERS 10 x 3 = 30 Marks

- 11. Mention any three objectives of HIV sentinel surveillance.
- 12. Define Chandler's Index.
- Enumerate the components documented in Growth Chart.
- Enumerate the Job responsibilities of Female Health Worker.
- Define Hidden Hunger and its consequences.
- List the salient features of Janani Suraksha Yojana.
- Enumerate the essential elements of Community Mental Health Programme.
- List the COVID-19 Vaccines available in India.
- Enumerate the quantitative methods among management techniques.
- List the job responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Providers (MLHP).



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- 21 i) "The Switch" under the Polio Eradication Programme during 2016 was change over from
 - A. tOPV to bOPV
 - B. OPV to IPV
 - C. IPV to FIPV
 - D. bOPV to IPV
- 21 ii) The risk of accidents due to drunken driving increases when the blood alcohol concentration is above:
 - A. 0.03 q/dL
 - B. 0.04 g/dL
 - C. 0.05 g/dL
 - D. 0.06 g/dL
- 21 iii) Breast feeding should ideally be initiated in Normal delivery withinhour/s
 - A. 1
 - B. 1 ½
 - C. 2
 - D. 2 1/2
- 21 iv) Which of the following is NOT an index for Socio economic Classification as per Modified Kuppuswamy scale:
 - A. Educational Status
 - B. Occupational Status
 - C. Housing Condition
 - D. Income
- 21 v) Most widely used dependence producing drug is
 - A. Cannabis
 - B. Cocaine
 - C. Alcohol
 - D. Heroin
- 22 i) Health and wellness centres are:
 - A. Primary health centers and subcenters
 - B. Located in Slums
 - C. Special mobile clinics
 - D. New centers in rural and tribal areas
- 22 ii) While mitigating the COVID-19 pandemic, Police department, health department, Municipal bodies and many other departments were engaged in contact tracing. This is an example of
 - Intersectoral coordination
 - B. Team work
 - C. Community participation
 - D. Disaster management protocol
- 22 iii) Which of these individuals are included under the geriatric population?
 - A. People between 10-19 years
 - B. People over 45 years
 - C. People over 60 years
 - D. People between 15-49 years
- 22 iv) The solution recommended by WHO for intravenous infusion in treatment of dehydration is
 - Dextrose Normal Saline solution.
 - B. 5% dextrose solution.
 - C. 25% dextrose solution.
 - D. Ringer's lactate solution
- 22 v) Intensified case finding in targeted group at high risk areas is done to increase the detection rate of
 - A. Measles
 - B. Chickenpox
 - C. Dengue
 - D. Tuberculosis


