

03/25

The West Bengal University of Health Sciences MBBS 3rd Professional Part-I MBBS Examination (New Regulation) January-February 2025

Subject: FMT

Time: 3 hours

Full Marks: 100

Attempt all questions and answer in sequential order. The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

- 1. a) A known drunkard was found lying dead beside a drain with his head inside the drain (face under water). On examination, no injury was detected. What could have possibly caused his death? Mention the autopsy findings. Explain the differences in pathophysiology of fresh water drowning and salt water drowning. What is hydrocution?
 - b) A 32 years old 2nd gravida woman at 37th week of pregnancy was sent to labor room from antenatal ward, for possible vaginal delivery. Unfortunately, she delivered all of a sudden while she was asked to lie down on the labor table. The baby fell down on the floor and umbilical cord was torn. Baby did not show any sign of life after being completely born. The dead baby was sent to mortuary for autopsy.
 1+4+4+2+4
 - i) What is the terminology used for this type of delivery?
 - ii) Describe lung changes you will look for to detect whether the baby was born alive?
 - iii) Mention the primary ossification centers expected to be appeared in this case with their exact age of appearance.
 - iv) Enumerate the possible causes of death in this particular case.
 - v) Explain the statement: Liver is used as a control during hydrostatic test.
- 2. Answer the following:
 - a) Define Death. What do you mean by somatic and molecular death? Discuss the process of declaring brainstem death. How does persistent vegetative state differ from it?
 2+2+4+2
 - b) Define professional negligence. Classify professional negligence concerning medical practice. Explain with suitable examples the four ingredients that a plaintiff must establish against a doctor while bringing the charge of medical negligence. Explain the basic differences between "ResIpsa Loquitur" and "Doctrine of common knowledge."
 2+2+4+2
 - A patient is brought to casualty of a hospital in unconscious state by relatives with a suspicion of consumption of unknown toxic substance.
 - Mention your legal responsibilities as casualty medical officer when treating such a case.
 - ii) Describe the different factors modifying action of poison in human body.
 - iii) What is Poison Information Centre?
 - Write short notes on the following:

a) Informed Consent in Medical Practice.

 Salient features of MTP (Amendment) Act 2021 with reference to different categories of beneficiary women in various gestational period slots.

2x5



4. Explain the following statements:	5x4
the state of the second superior to Dving d	eclaration
 a) Dying deposition is considered superior to Dying d b) Anti snake venom cannot save all the snake bite ca 	see despite its timely administration.
b) Anti snake venom cannot save all the snake ofte ca	ound in case of low voltage electrical injury.
c) In wet body, characteristic Joule burn may not be f	and to the length of the blade of the offending weapon.
d) The depth of stab wound does not always correspo	nd to the length of the blade of the offending weapon.
e) Lucid interval may be seen in cases of extradural h	етотпаде.
5. Choose the correct option for each of the following	10x1
i) The body of adult known HIV positive male has b	een sent for autopsy. The best method of organ removal
to be used here is:	A A CONTRACTOR OF THE SECTION
a) Letulle's method	b) Ghon's method
c) Rokitansky's method	d) Virchow's method
ii) A 22 year old lady committed suicide on the day b	before her first marriage anniversary and there is no
allegation of dowry. Here inquest can be conducted by	ov:
	b) Sub-Inspector of Police
a) First class Judicial Magistrate	d) Chief Metropolitan Magistrate
c) Deputy Collector	d) Cilio incusponia
iii) True regarding superfecundation is:	lady from a different ovarian cycle
a) Fertilization of second ovum in a already pregnant	c) Both ova do not always develop to maturity
b) Occurs only in bipartite uterus	c) Boili ova do not always develop to manary
d) Second fetus is born later as a mature one	- L-b-b-in
iv) The organ commonly involved in injury due to se	eat beit is:
a) Spleen	b) Mesentery
c) Stomach	d) Abdominal aorta
 v) A 22 year old lady died. The post-mortem finding 	s that will indicate that she delivered a baby are all excep
 a) Walls of uterus are convex from inside 	
b) Cervix irregular and internal os patulous	
c) The body of uterus is twice the length of cervix	
d) Uterus bulky, large and heavy	
vi) The Declaration of Helsinki is related to:	
a) Custodial torture	b) Human experimentation
c) Medical termination of Pregnancy	d) Medical ethics
vii) Localized depressed fractures with impact are c	aused by blows from:
a) Light weapon with a large striking surface	b) Heavy weapon with a small striking surface
c) Light weapon with a small striking surface	d) Heavy weapon with a large striking surface
viii) Ewing's postulates are related to:	The state of the s
a) Trauma and fatality	b) Trauma and disease
c) Trauma and neoplasia	d) Trauma and psychosis
ix) Fracture of Anterior cranial fossa shows all of th	ne following features except:
a) Rhinorrhea b) Racoon's sign	c) Epistaxis d) Battle's sign
v) Which is not exempted from legal proceedings u	nder Sec22 BNS (Criminal responsibility of mentally ill)
a) Kleptomania b) Schizophrenia	c) Delusion of persecution d) Fregoli syndrome
a) Kiepiolitania 0) beinzopinema	