

**PAPER CODE: MB2019113** 

### KAIJI NARAYANA RAO UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES

## WARANGAL, TELANGANA STATE – 506 002

#### MBBS SECOND YEAR DEGREE EXAMINATIONS: AUGUST 2025

#### **PATHOLOGY PAPER-I**

Time: 3 Hours Max Marks: 100

Note: Answer all questions Give Diagrammatic representation where ever

necessary

# Multiple Choice Questions: 10 X 1 = 10

- 1. M spike in multiple myeloma is usually due to
- a) IgG
- b) IgM
- c) IgE
- d) IgA
  - 2. Disseminated intravascular coagulation is one of the most dreaded complications of which of the following type of leukemia?
- a) Acute Myeloid Leukaemia-M2
- b) Acute Myeloid Leukemia-M4
- c) Acute Myeloid Leukaemia-M3
- d) Acute lymphoid leukaemia
  - 3. Blood transfusion transmits the following viral diseases EXCEPT:
- a) Dengue haemorrhagic fever
- b) Hepatitis C
- c) Parvovirus B-19
- d) Hepatitis B



4. Irreversibility fo	ollowing cell injury is consistently characterized by
a) loss of mitochondri	al function

- b) fatty change
- c) Vacuolar degeneration
- d) hypertrophy of endoplasmic reticulum
  - 5. Not a cardinal sign of inflammation is
- a) Palor
- b) Calor
- c) Dolor
- d) Loss of function
  - 6. Oedema resulting from renal dysfunction often manifests first in
- a) Legs
- b) Sacral region
- c) Peri-orbital region
- d) Lungs
  - 7. Nutmeg liver is the description of morphology occurring in which of the following conditions
- a) Hyperaemia of liver
- b) Chronic venous congestion of liver
- c) Cirrhosis of liver
- d) Inflammation of liver
  - 8. CREST syndrome is associated with
- a) SLE
- b) Systemic sclerosis
- c) Sjogren syndrome



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- 9. Identify the misnomer
- a) chondroma
- b) Papilloma
- c) Seminoma
- d) Lymphangioma
  - 10. Rarest site for tumor metastasis is
- a) Bone
- b) Lung
- c) Liver
- d) Skeletal muscle

# Essay/ Long Answer Questions: 2 X 15 = 30

- 11. Define Amyloidosis. Explain the gross and microscopic features of the organs involved in secondary Amyloidosis with its staining reactions. (3+6+6)
- 12. Classify Haemolytic Anaemia. Discuss the laboratory diagnosis of Haemolytic Anaemia. (5+10)

### **Short Answer Questions:**

7x6=42

- 13. Chemotaxis.
- 14. Etiopathogenesis of Thrombus.
- 15. Neimann Pick disease.
- 16. Leukemoid reaction.
- 17. Rickets.
- 18. Mycetoma.



19. Paraneoplastic Syndrome.

# **Very Short Answer Questions:**

6 X 3 = 18

- 20. Caisson's Disease.
- 21. Hyper segmented Neutrophil.
- 22.Barr body.
- 23. Negri bodies.
- 24.Uses of Buffy Coat.
- 25. Virchow's triad.

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