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## DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

## **CS6513 – COMPUTER GRAPHICS LABORATORY**

V SEMESTER - R 2013

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# VISION

College of Engineering is committed to provide highly disciplined, conscientious and enterprising professionals conforming to global standards through value based quality education and training.

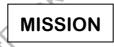
# MISSION

- To provide competent technical manpower capable of meeting requirements of the industry
- To contribute to the promotion of Academic Excellence in pursuit of Technical Education at different levels
- To train the students to sell his brawn and brain to the highest bidder but to never put a price tag on heart and soul

## DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

# VISION

To strive for acquiring, applying and imparting knowledge in Computer Science and Engineering through quality education and to provide enthusiastic professionals with commitment



- To educate the students with the state-of-art technologies to meet the growing challenges of the electronics industry
- To carry out research through continuous interaction with research institutes and industry, on advances in communication systems
- To provide the students with strong ground rules to facilitate them for systematic learning, innovation and ethical practices



## **PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)**

## 1. Fundamentals

To impart students with fundamental knowledge in Mathematics, Science and fundamentals of Engineering that will would them to be successful professionals

## 2. Core Competence

To provide students with sound knowledge in engineering and experimental skills to identify complex software problems in industry and to develop practical solution for them

## 3. Breadth

To provide relevant training and experience to bridge the gap between theory and practice this enables to find solutions for real time problem in industry and organization and to design products requiring interdisciplinary skills

## 4. Professionalism skills

To bestow students with adequate training and provide opportunities to work as team that will build up their communication skills, individual leadership and supportive qualities and to develop them to adapt and work in ever changing technologies

## 5. Lifelong Learning

To develop the ability of students to establish themselves as professionals in Computer Science and Engineering and to create awareness about the need for lifelong learning and pursuing advanced degrees

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## **PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (POs)**

- a) To apply basic knowledge of Mathematics, Science and engineering fundamentals in Computer Science and Engineering field
- b) To design and conduct experiments as well as to analyze and interpret and apply the same in the career
- c) To design and develop innovative and creative software applications
- d) To understand a complex real world problems and develop an efficient practical solutions
- e) To create, select and apply appropriate technique, resources, modern engineering and IT tools
- f) To understand their roles as professionals and give the best to the soicety
- g) To develop a system that will meet expected need with realistic constraints such as economical, environmental, social, political, ethical, safe and sustainable
- h) To communicate effectively and make others understand exactly what they are trying to convey in both verbal and written forms
- i) To engage lifelong learning and exhibit their technical skills
- j) To develop and manage projects in multidisciplinary environments



## CS6513 – COMPUTER GRAPHICS LABORATORY

## **SYLLABUS**

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES**

- Understand graphics programming.
- Be exposed to creation of 3D graphical scenes using open graphics library suits.
- Be familiar with image manipulation, enhancement.
- Learn to create animations.
- To create a multimedia presentation/game/project

#### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Implementation of algorithms for drawing 2D primitives Line (DDA, Bresenham's) all slopes circle (midpoint).
- 2. 2D geometric transformations translation, rotation, scaling, reflection, shear, window to viewport.
- 3. Composite 2D transformations.
- 4. Line clipping.
- 5. 3D transformations translation, rotation, scaling.
- 6. 3D projections parallel, perspective.
- 7. Creating 3D scenes.
- 8. Image editing and manipulation basic operations on image using any image editing software.
- 9. Creating gif animated images, image optimization.
- 10. 2D Animation to create Interactive animation using any authoring tool

## **COURSE OUTCOMES**

- Create 3D graphical scenes using open graphics library suits.
- Implement image manipulation and enhancement.
- Create 2D animations using tools.



## **CS6513 – COMPUTER GRAPHICS LABORATORY**

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Expt. No. 1

## **IMPLEMENTATION OF ALGORITHMS FOR DRAWING 2D PRIMITIVES**

## LINE DRAWING USING DDA ALGORITHM

### Aim:

To write a C program to draw a line using DDA algorithm

### Software requirements:

C, C++ compilers, Java, OpenGL

### Hardware requirements:

Dual core processor, DDR2 1GB RAM, 250 GB HDD

### Algorithm:

- 1. Start the program.
- 2. Read the starting and ending coordinates xa, ya, xb, and yb,
- 3. Find the x-coordinate difference and y-coordinate difference dx = xb - xa & dy = yb - ya,

- step = dy,
  5. Find the increment values of coordinates xi = dx / step yi = dy / step,
  i. Display: 6. Display the starting point using the function putpixel(xa,ya,4),
- 7. Find adjacent pixels using the formula xa = xa + xi & ya = ya + yi,
- 8. Repeat the steps till reaching the endpoints i.e., ya = yb & xa = xb,
- 9. Stop the program.



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## Sample Output:

Enter the starting coordinates: 100 100 Enter the ending coordinates: 200 200

Fig.No 1 Line using DDA

#### Result:

irstRanker.com Thus the line was drawn successfully using DDA algorithm in C.

#### Outcome:

Thus the outcome of implementing 2D primitives has been attained.

#### Application:

- ➢ Image processing
- > Computer art
- Presentation graphics



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## Viva-voce

- 1. What are the advantages of DDA algorithm?
- 2. Define Computer Graphics
- 3. What are the properties of video display devices?
- 4. What are the various applications of computer graphics?
- 5. What is resolution?
- 6. What is a bitmap?
- 7. List out the important characteristics of video display device.
- 8. What is meant by pixel?
- 9. What is intensity?
- 10. Define DDA Algorithm

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## Expt. No. 2

## LINE DRAWING USING BRESENHAM'S ALGORITHM

## Aim:

To write a program in C to draw a line using Bresenham's algorithm

### Software requirements:

C, C++ compilers, Java, OpenGL

### Hardware requirements:

Dual core processor, DDR2 1GB RAM, 250 GB HDD

## Algorithm:

- 1. Start the program.
- 2. Read the starting and ending coordinates xa, ya, xb, yb,
- 3. Find the x-coordinate difference and y-difference www.FirstRanker.com dx = xb - xa & dy = yb - ya,
- 4. Calculate decision parameter 'p' value

```
p = 2dy-dx,
```

5. Fix the starting and ending coordinates

```
if(xa < xb)
```

```
xstart = xa
               ystart = ya xend = xb
```

```
yend = yb
```

else

```
xstart = xb
```

```
ystart = yb
```

```
xend = xa
```

```
yend = ya,
```

- 6. Display the starting point using the function putpixel(xa,ya,4),
- 7. Find adjacent pixels and display it using the formula given below

```
x =xstart & y=ystart
```

```
while(x < xend)
```

```
x = x + 1
```

if(p < 0)



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y = y + 1

putpixel(x,y,1),

- 8. Repeat the step 7 till reaching the end points,
- 9. Stop the program.

## Sample Output:

Enter the xa & ya value: 200 200

Enter the xb & yb value: 350 45

Fig.No 2 Line using Bresenham's

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## **Result:**

Thus a line is drawn successfully using Bresenham's algorithm in C

## Outcome:

Thus the outcome of implementing 2D primitives has been attained.

## Application:

- Image processing
- Computer art
- Presentation graphics



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Viva-voce

1. What is the property that reduces the pixel

calculation in Bresenham's circle drawing

algorithm?

- 2. What is the equation used to find decision parameter in Bresenham's line drawing algorithm?
- 3. What is meant by rasterization?
- 4. List out the advantages and disadvantages of DVST.
- 6. What are the two techniques for producing color displays with a CRT?
- 7. What is vertical retrace of the electron beam?
- 8. What is meant by frame buffer?
- 9. Distinguish between track ball and space ball.
- 10. Define Digitizers

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## Expt. No. 3

## CIRCLE DRAWING USING BRESENHAM'S CIRCLE ALGORITHM

## Aim:

To draw a circle using Bresenham's circle drawing algorithm in C

## Software requirements:

C, C++ compilers, Java, OpenGL

### Hardware requirements:

Dual core processor, DDR2 1GB RAM, 250 GB HDD

## Algorithm:

- 1. Start the program.
- 2. Get the radius and center of the circle r, xc, yc,
- 3. Obtain the first point on the circumference of a circle centered on the origin as  $(X_0, Y_0) = (0, r)$ ,
- 4. Calculate the initial value of the decision parameter as p = 5/4 r,
- 5. At each x<sub>k</sub> position, starting at k=0, perform the following test if(p<sub>k</sub> < 0), the next point along the circle centered on (0,0) is (x<sub>k+1</sub>, y<sub>k+1</sub>) and p<sub>k+1</sub> = p<sub>k</sub> + 2x<sub>k+1</sub> + 1 Otherwise the next point along the circle is (x<sub>k+1</sub>, y<sub>k-1</sub>) and p<sub>k+1</sub> = p<sub>k</sub> + 2x<sub>k+1</sub> + 1 2y<sub>k+1</sub>, where 2x<sub>k+1</sub> = 2x<sub>k</sub>+2 and 2y<sub>k+1</sub> = 2y<sub>k</sub> 2.
- 6. Determine symmetry points in other seven octants,
- Move each calculated pixel position (x, y) onto the circular path centered on (xc, yc) and plot the coordinat values x = x + xc & y = y + yc,
- 8. Repeat the steps 5 to 7 until  $x \ge y$ ,
- 9. Stop the program.



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## Sample Output:

Enter the xa value: 200 Enter the ya value: 200 Enter the radius: 50

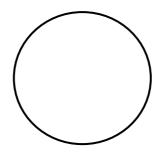


Fig.No 3 Circle using Bresenham's

**Result:** 

t: Thus the circle was drawn successfully using Bresenham's circle drawing algorithm in C.

#### Outcome:

Thus the outcome of implementing 2D primitives has been attained.

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### Application:

- Image processing
- > Computer art
- Presentation graphics



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### Viva-voce

- 1. What are the two basic techniques for producing color display with a CRT?
- 2. Give three difference between shadows mask and beam penetration method.
- 3. Differentiate LCD from LED.
- 4. Differentiate plasma panel display from thin film electroluminescent display.
- 5. Define Bresenham's Circle Algorithm

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## Expt. No. 4

## **2D GEOMETRIC TRANSFORMATIONS**

## **BASIC 2D TRANSFORMATIONS – TRANSLATION, ROTATION, SCALING**

### Aim:

To write a program to perform the basic 2D transformations like translation, rotation and scaling using transformation equation in C

### Software requirements:

C, C++ compilers, Java, OpenGL

## Hardware requirements:

Dual core processor, DDR2 1GB RAM, 250 GB HDD

## Algorithm:

- 1. Start the program.
- 2. Obtain the coordinates of the line xa, ya, xb, yb,
- 3. Get the translation factors tx, ty, rotation angle a & scaling factors sx, sy,
- 4. Find the translated coordinates by applying the angle as

x' = x + tx & y' = y + ty.

5. Get the rotation coordinates by applying the angle as

x' = abs(xa - xb) cosa - abs(ya - yb) sina

y' = abs(xa - xb) sina + abs(ya - yb) cosa,

6. Scaling is applied as

x' = x \* sx

y' = y \* sy,

- 7. Draw the transformed line with the new coordinates (x', y'),
- 8. Similarly obtain the coordinates of rectangle / triangle as consecutive set of line end points and apply all the basic transformations,
- 9. Stop the program.



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## Sample Output:

#### Line

1. Translation 2. Scaling 3. Rotation 4. Exit

Enter the choice: 1

Enter the x1 value: 100

Enter the y1 value: 100

Enter the x2 value: 200

Enter the y2 value: 200

Enter the translation factor in x-axis: 50

Enter the translation factor in y-axis: 0

Fig.No 4.0 Translation ation 4. Exit

1. Translation 2. Scaling 3. Rotation 4. Exit

Enter the choice: 2

Enter the x1 value: 100

Enter the y1 value: 100

Enter the x2 value: 200

Enter the y2 value: 200

Enter the scaling factor in x-axis: 1

Enter the scaling factor in y-axis: 2

Fig.No 4.1 Scaling

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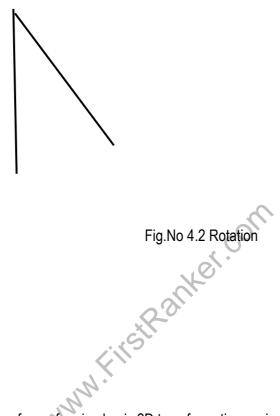
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1. Translation 2. Scaling 3. Rotation 4. Exit Enter the choice: 3 Enter the x1 value: 100 Enter the y1 value: 100 Enter the x2 value: 200 Enter the y2 value: 200

Enter the rotation angle: 45



#### Result:

Thus the program for performing basic 2D transformations using transformation equation is successfully executed in C.

Outcome:

Thus the outcome of implementing 2D geometric transformation has been met.

### Application:

- Used in traditional printing
- Drawing technologies

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Viva-voce

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- 1. What are the changes accomplished by adding attributes?
- 2. Which transformation produces a mirror image of an object?
- 3. Which is not a basic transformation operation?
- 4. What is transformation?
- 5. What is a view plane?
- 6. What are the steps involved in 3D transformation pipeline?
- 7. What is fixed point scaling?
- 8. Distinguish between uniform scaling and differential scaling.
- 9. What are the different kinds of co-ordinate representation?

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## Expt. No. 5

## **2D TANSFORMATIONS (REFLECTION AND SHEARING)**

### Aim:

To write a program to perform the other 2D transformations like reflection and shearing in C

### Software requirements:

C, C++ compilers, Java, OpenGL

#### Hardware requirements:

Dual core processor, DDR2 1GB RAM, 250 GB HDD

## Algorithm:

- 1. Start the program.
- 2. For reflection obtain the coordinates of the triangle xa, ya, xb, yb, xc, yc,
- 3. Calculate the reflection as,  $x^{+} = x + 2^{+}(320 x)$  and  $y^{+} = y + 2^{+}(240 y)$ ,
- 4. For shearing obtain the coordinates of the square xa, ya, xb, yb, xc, yc, xd, yd,
- 5. Shearing points can be calculated as  $x^{*} = x + shx \& y^{*} = y + shy$ , where shx, shy are the shearing factors,
- .es (x 6. Draw the transformed objects with the new coordinates (x, y),
- 7. Stop the program.



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## Sample Output:

1. Reflection 2. Shearing 3. Exit

Enter the choice: 1

Enter the xa&ya value: 200 100

Enter the xb&yb value: 200 200

Enter the xc&yc value: 100 200

1. About x-axis 2. About y-axis 3. About both 4. Exit

Enter the choice: 1

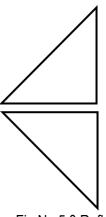
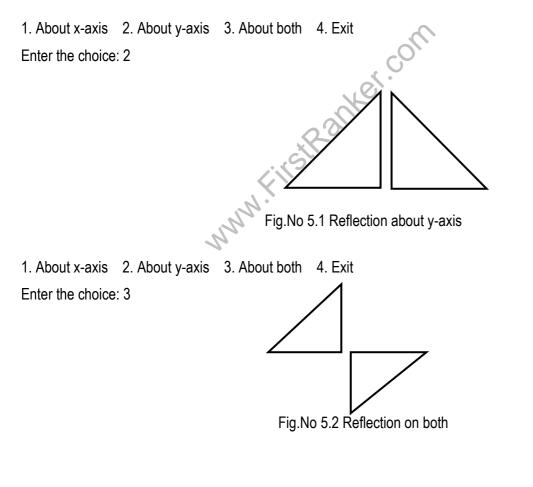


Fig.No 5.0 Reflection about x-axis





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1. About x-axis 2. About y-axis 3. About both 4. Exit Enter the choice: 4 1. Reflection 2. Shearing 3. Exit Enter the choice: 2 Enter the xa&ya value: 200 200 Enter the xb&yb value: 300 200

Enter the xc&yc value: 300 300 Enter the xd&yd value: 200 300

1. About x-axis 2. About y-axis 3. About both 4. Exit

Enter the choice: 1

Enter the shearing factor for x: 50

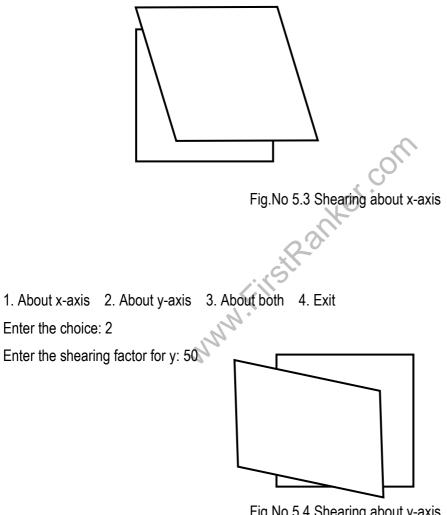


Fig.No 5.4 Shearing about y-axis



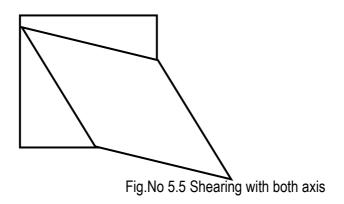
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1. About x-axis 2. About y-axis 3. About both 4. Exit

Enter the choice: 3

Enter the shearing factor for x: 50

Enter the shearing factor for y: 50



Enter the choice: 4

**Result:** 

t: Thus the program for performing 2D transformations reflection and shearing is successfully executed in C.

## Outcome:

Thus the outcome of implementing 2D geometric transformation has been met.

## Application:

- > Typography
- > Cartography
- > Technical drawing.



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Viva-voce

- 1. What is meant by reflection?
- 2. Define Shearing
- 3. What are the applications for reflection?
- 4. Compare reflection from mirroring.
- 5.List out the advantages of using reflection.

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## Expt. No. 6

## WINDOW - TO - VIEWPORT TRANSFORMATION

### Aim:

To write a C program to perform window-to-viewport transformation

#### Software requirements:

C, C++ compilers, Java, OpenGL

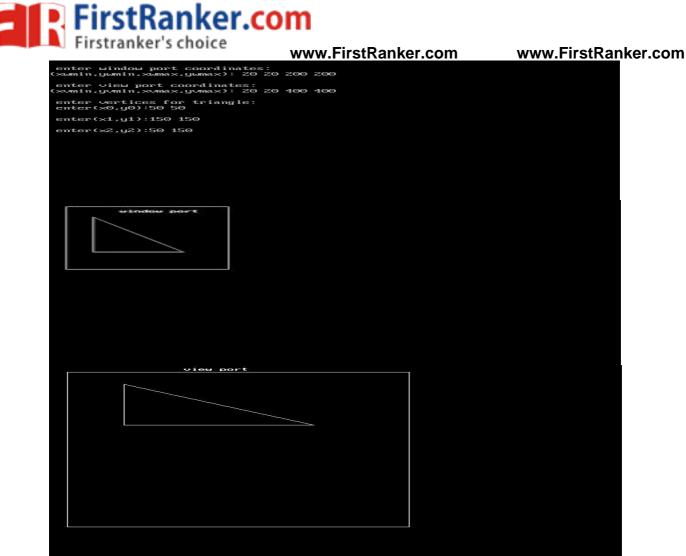
#### Hardware requirements:

Dual core processor, DDR2 1GB RAM, 250 GB HDD

### Algorithm:

- 1. Start the program.
- 2. Input the minimum and maximum coordinates of a window,
- 3. Input the minimum and maximum coordinates of a viewport,
- 4. Input the coordinates of image to be displayed,
- 5. Perform the scaling to transform the image to window and to viewport, ur.
- 6. Stop the program.

Sample Output:



#### Fig.No 6 Window to viewport transformation

## **Result:**

Thus the program for performing window-to-viewport transformation is successfully executed in C.

#### Outcome:

Thus the outcome of implementing 2D geometric transformation has been met.

## Application:

- > To draw maps, sketch of areas and buildings
- Visualization



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- 1. Distinguish between window port and view port.
- 2. What is the need of homogeneous coordinates?
- 3. List out three font editing tools.
- 4. Distinguish between window port and view port.
- 5. Define Clipping
- 6. What is the need for homogeneous coordinates?
- 7. List out two output primitives function.
- 8. What is a decision parameter?
- 9. List out the two software standards.
- 10. Define Bitmap
- 11. Define Pixelmap

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## Expt. No. 7

## **COMPOSITE 2D TRANSFORMATIONS**

## Aim:

To write a program to perform the composite 2D transformations like successive translation, rotation and scaling using transformation equation in C

## Software requirements:

C, C++ compilers, Java, OpenGL

## Hardware requirements:

Dual core processor, DDR2 1GB RAM, 250 GB HDD

## Algorithm:

- 1. Start the program.
- 2. Obtain the coordinates of the line xa, ya, xb, yb,
- 3. Get the translation factors tx1, ty1, tx2, ty2 rotation angles a1, a2 & scaling factors sx1, sy1, sx2, sy2,

R

4. Find the translated coordinates by applying the formula as below.

$$x' = x + (tx1 + tx2) \& y' = y + (ty1 + ty2).$$

It possesses associative property and successive translations are proved as additive.

5. Get the rotation coordinates by applying the formula as

It possesses associative property and successive rotations are also proved as additive.

6. Scaling is applied as

It possesses associative property and successive scaling is multiplicative.

- 7. Draw the transformed line with the new coordinates (x', y'),
- 8. Stop the program.



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## Sample Output:

1. Successive Translation 2. Successive Scaling 3. Successive Rotation 4. Exit

Enter the choice: 1

Enter the x1 value: 100

Enter the y1 value: 100

Enter the x2 value: 200

Enter the y2 value: 200

Enter the translation factor in x-axis: 25 25

Enter the translation factor in y-axis: 0 0

Fig.No 7.0 Successive Translation

2. Successive Scaling 3. Successive Rotation 4.Exit 1.Successive Translation ww.FirstRat

Enter the choice: 2

Enter the x1 value: 100

Enter the y1 value: 100

Enter the x2 value: 200

Enter the y2 value: 200

Enter the scaling factor in x-axis: 0.5 0.5

Enter the scaling factor in y-axis: 1 1

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#### Fig.No 7.1 Successive Scaling

1.Successive Translation 2. Successive Scaling 3. Successive Rotation 4.Exit

Enter the choice: 3

- Enter the x1 value: 100
- Enter the y1 value: 100
- Enter the x2 value: 200

Enter the y2 value: 200

Enter the rotation angle: 20 25

Fig.No 7.2 Successive Rotat

#### **Result:**

Thus the program for performing composite 2D transformations using transformation equation is successfully executed in C.

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#### Outcome:

Thus the outcome of implementing composite 2D transformation has been met.

### Application:

- ➢ oracle documentation
- ➤ printers
- pixel based display
- ➤ monitors

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## Viva-voce

- 1. What is transformation?
- 2. What is translation?
- 3. What is rotation?
- 4. What is scaling?
- 5. What is shearing?
- 6. What is reflection?
- 7. What are the different types of line type attributes?
- 8. What is pixel mask?
- 9. What is the area-fill attribute?
- 10. What is meant by homogeneous coordinates?
- 11. Define Geometric Transformation
- 12. What is meant by translation vector?
- 13. Define Scaling Factors
- 14. Define Composite Transformation
- 15. List some examples for rigid-body transformation matrix.
- 16. Write down the syntax to translate transformation matrices.
- 17. What are the raster functions in graphics packages?
- 18. What are the results of performing two successive block transfers into the same area of a frame buffer using the binary arithmetic operations?
- 19. Write the routine to implement scaling as a raster transformation of a pixel block.
- 20. What is meant by frame buffer?

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## Expt. No. 8

## LINE CLIPPING USING COHEN - SUTHERLAND ALGORITHM

## Aim:

To write a program in C to clip a line using Cohen-Sutherland line clipping algorithm

### Software requirements:

C, C++ compilers, Java, OpenGL

### Hardware requirements:

Dual core processor, DDR2 1GB RAM, 250 GB HDD

## Algorithm:

- 1. Start the program.
- 2. Obtain the coordinates of the clipping window xmin, ymin, xmax, ymax,
- 3. Get the coordinates of the line to be clipped xa, ya, xb, yb,
- 4. Region codes are assigned to the line end points according to relative position with respect to the clipping rectangle.
- 5. The two region codes of the line end points which passes through the clipping rectangle.
- 6. If the result is one (1 1 1 1), then the line is entirely outside the clipping window,
- 7. If the result is zero (0 0 0 0), then the line is completely inside the window hence we can save it for display,
- 8. For the intermediate results we have to find intersection point using line equation. The slope of the line is given by the equation m = (yb ya) / (xb xa),
- 9. The point at which the line intersects the clipping window can be obtained using the equation  $x' \le x_1 + m(y)$ 
  - $y_1$ ) & y' <=  $y_1 + m(x x_1)$ , where x is set either xmin or xmax and y is either ymin or ymax,
- 10. Using the intersection point the part of the outside the clipping window are clipped off,
- 11. Stop the program.



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## Sample Output:

Enter the coordinates for rectangle: 200 200 300 300

Enter the coordinates for line:150 200 350 450

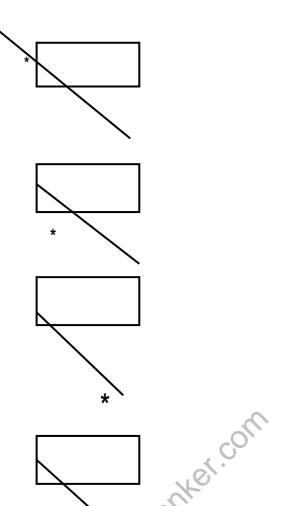


Fig.No 8 Line clip using Cohen-Sutherland algorithm

## **Result:**

Thus the program to clip a line using Cohen-Sutherland algorithm has written and successfully executed in C.

## Outcome:

Thus the outcome of implementing Cohen Sutherland line clipping algorithm has been met.

## Application:

- > Separation of synchronizing signals from composite picture signals
- Clip excessive noise spikes in FM transmitters
- Extracting part of a defined scene for viewing.
- Drawing and painting operations

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## Viva-voce

- 1. Define Clipping
- 2. Distinguish between window port and view port.
- 3. What is covering (exterior clipping)?
- 4. List out the various Text clipping.
- 5. What are the various representation schemes used in three dimensional objects?
- 6. Define Clip window
- 7. What are primitive types for clipping?
- 8. What is meant by point clipping?
- 9. What is meant by line clipping?
- 10. Differentiate Liang-Barsky Line clipping from Cohen Sutherland line clipping.
- 11. What is meant by vector method?
- 12. Define Polygon Clipping
- 13. Write down the function for displaying a filled polygon.
- 14. What do you mean by view plane?
- 15. What are applications for clipping?

- 4 white down the syntax for set view index?
  19. What is meant by workstation transformation?
  20. What is meant by view up vector? natic MMN Filst



## Expt. No.9

## **3D TRANSFORMATION – TRANSLATION, ROATATION, SCALING**

## Aim:

To write a C program to perform translation, rotation and scaling on 3D objects

## Software requirements:

C, C++ compilers, Java, OpenGL

## Hardware requirements:

Dual core processor, DDR2 1GB RAM, 250 GB HDD

## Algorithm:

- 1. Start the program.
- 2. Store the coordinate values in a homogeneous matrix,
- 3. Draw a 3D object with a specified coordinate value stored in a homogeneous matrix,
- 4. Perform translation with the use of translation matrix given below ankercor

1 0 0 tx

- 0 1 0 tv
- 0 0 1 tz
- 0001

where tx, ty, tz are the translation factors,

- 5. Perform rotation with the rotation matrix given by
  - 1 0 0 0 cost -sint 0 0 sint cost 0 0 0 0 0
- 6. Perform scaling with the scaling matrix given by

where sx, sy, sz are scaling factors,



7. Stop the program.

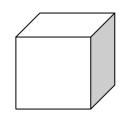
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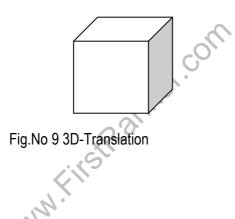
## Sample Output:

Enter the translation factor: 50 50

**Before Translation** 



After Translation



## **Result:**

Thus the program to perform translation, rotation and scaling on 3D objects were written and executed successfully in C.

#### Outcome:

Thus the outcome of implementing 3D transformations has been met.

## Application:

- To create motions in images
- Video games
- Image processing
- Presentation graphics
- Visualization



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1. What are the steps involved in 3D transformation?

- 2. What do you mean by view plane?
- 3. What you mean by parallel projection?
- 4. What is the various representation schemes used in three dimensional objects?
- 5. What are the steps involved in 3D transformation pipeline?
- 6. What is view reference point?
- 7. What is vector dot product?
- 8. Write the parametric form for the line passing through the points (0,0,0) and (1,2,3)
- 9. Give an equation for the following planes (0,0,0) and normal to vector [0,1,0].
- 10. What is meant by perspective projection?
- 11. Define Depth Cueing
- 12. What are the 3D display methods?
- 13. What are the techniques to achieve realism in computer graphics?
- 14. Define Geometric Table
- 15. Define Attribute Table
- 16. What is meant by curved lines?
- 17. What is meant by quadric surfaces?
- www.FirstRanker.com 18. Write short notes on polygon surface.
- 19. Write short notes on polygon tables.
- 20. Define Curves



## Expt. No.10

## **IMPLEMENTATION OF 3D IMAGE PROJECTIONS**

#### Aim:

To implement a C program for projection on 3D image

#### Software requirements:

C, C++ compilers, Java, OpenGL

#### Hardware requirements:

Dual core processor, DDR2 1GB RAM, 250 GB HDD

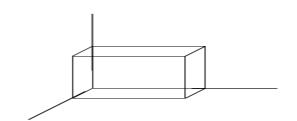
#### Algorithm:

- 1. Start the program.
- 2. Draw any image in the three dimensional plane,
- 3. Get the choice of axis as input from the user,
- www.FirstRanker.com 4. Perform the projection about the desired axis,
- 5. Display the projected image,
- 6. Stop the program.

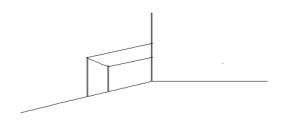


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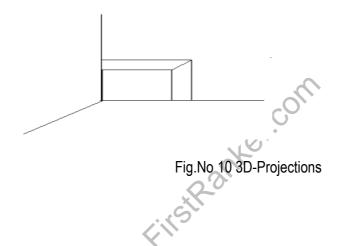
#### Sample Output:



Projection about X-axis : Enter the value of P : 45



Projection about Z-axis : Enter the value of R : 45



#### Result:

Thus the projections on the three dimensional images was performed successfully and the output was verified.

#### Outcome:

Thus the outcome of implementing 3D image projection has been met.

#### Application:

- Simulation tools for Soft body dynamics including mesh collision detection
- > Real time control during physics simulation and rendering
- > Internal render engine with scanline ray tracing etc.

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Viva-voce

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- 1. Define Projection
- 2. What is meant by perspective projection?
- 3. What is vanishing point?
- 4. State the basic types of projections.
- 5. What is boundary representation?
- 6. What is space-partitioning representation?
- 7. What is meant by parallel projection?
- 8. What is blobby object?
- 9. What is meant by polygon mesh?
- 10. What is Spline?
- 11. Define Spline Curves
- 12. List any two properties of Bezier curve.
- 13. List any two properties of B-spline curve.
- 14. List any advantages of B-spline curve
- 15. Make a comparison of beizer and b-spline algorithms for curve generation
- 16. What is meant by Uniform periodic B-Spline curves.
- 17. What is blobby object?
- 18. What is meant by polygon mesh?
- www.FirstRanker.com 19. What is space -partitioning representation?
- 20. Why cubic Bezier curves are chosen?



## Expt. No. 11

## **CREATION OF 3D SCENES**

#### Aim:

To write a C program to compose a scene by using three dimensional objects

#### Software requirements:

C, C++ compilers, Java, OpenGL

#### Hardware requirements:

Dual core processor, DDR2 1GB RAM, 250 GB HDD ore

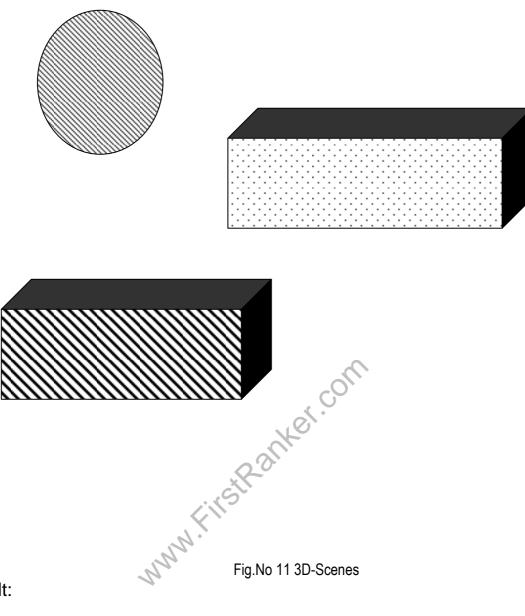
#### Algorithm:

- 1. Start the program.
- 2. Initialize graphics functions,
- 3. Use the function bar3d to depict three dimensional bars on the screen,
- 4. Call sphere in the program by specifying necessary variables,
- Compose a scene in which the bars and the sphere move on the screen by using the relevant control 5. MWW.FirstRanker.com structure,
- 6. Stop the program.



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#### Sample Output:



#### **Result:**

Thus a C program for composing a scene using three dimensional objects is executed and verified.

#### Outcome:

Thus the outcome of implementing 3D scenes has been met.

#### Application:

➢ 3D movies



Viva-voce

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Animation

- **Define Computer Graphics** 1.
- 2. What is scan line algorithm?
- 3. Define Fractals
- 4. What is visible surface determination?
- 5. List the two basic types of hidden line algorithm.
- 6. Differentiate A-buffer algorithms from Z-buffer?
- 7. What is the importance of illumination and shading model in crating realistic image?
- 8. What is diffused reflection?
- 9. What is halfway vector?
- 10. Write a short note on warn model.
- 11. What is refraction effect?
- 12. Write short note on shadow.
- 13. Write short note on halftoning.
- 14. Define Phong Shading
- 15. Define Halftoning
- 16. State advantages of gouraud shading.
- 17. State disadvantages of gouraud shading.
- 18. What is index of refraction?
- www.FirstRanker.com 19. What is meant by angle of refraction?
- 20. Define Halfway Vector



Expt. No.12

## **IMAGE EDITNG AND MANIPULATION** IMPLEMENTATION OF BASIC OPERATIONS ON IMAGE USING PHOTOSHOP

Aim:

To create an image by applying basic operations using Adobe Photoshop

#### Software requirements:

Adobe Photoshop 1.0

#### Hardware requirements:

Dual core processor, DDR2 1GB RAM, 250 GB HDD

#### Algorithm:

- 1. Open adobe Photoshop 1.0,
- 2. Select the file menu --> click open --> browse a picture,
- 3. Select filter menu from the title bar,
- select filter option --> blur --> radial blur,
  Set the appropriate radial to blur the picture and click ok.



#### Sample Output:

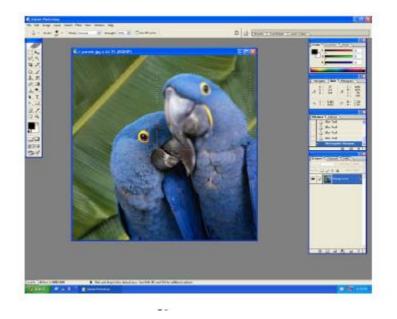


Fig.No 12 Image manipulation

:Ranker.com

## **Result:**

Thus the program for generating filtered image was created, executed and the output was verified successfully.

#### Outcome:

Thus the outcome of applying image editing and manipulation techniques has been met.

#### Application:

- Photo Editing
- ➢ Face manipulation



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#### Viva-voce

- 1. What is adobe photoshop?
- 2. List the various latest versions of adobe photoshop.
- 3. Can you explain Adobe Photoshop is raster based software or vector based software? Please explain both?
- 4. Please explain some important tool in Adobe Photoshop and their features?
- 5. What is a clipping mask and how we can create a Clipping Mask in Adobe Photoshop?

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## Expt. No. 13

## **CREATION OF GIF ANIMATED IMAGES**

#### Aim:

To create a gif animated images using Photoshop

#### Software requirements:

Adobe Photoshop 1.0

#### Hardware requirements:

Dual core processor, DDR2 1GB RAM, 250 GB HDD

## Algorithm:

- Create a document. Put each frame of the animation on a different layer. Alternately, open an existing video. From the File menu, choose Import -> Video rames to Layers,
- Select the layers. Select the layers to be used in the animation from the Layers window. To select a group of layers, select the layer at the top of the group. Then hold the shift key and click on the bottom layer,
- 3. Open the Animation window. From the Window menu, choose Animation,
- 4. Click on the "Flyout" menu in the upper right hand corner of the Animation window and select "Convert to Frame Animation",
- 5. Create frames for each individual layer. Click the "Flyout" menu on the Animation window and choose "Make Frames From Layers",
- 6. Modify each frame as desired. Select the frame on the Animation window and change it as desired in the main photoshop window. To add or remove a graphic from another layer to any frame, select the frame and in the layers palette. Click the "eye" to toggle the visibility for that layer either on or off,
- 7. Click on the arrowhead under each frame to display the timing menu. Select the display time for each frame,
- 8. From the File menu, choose "Save for Web and Devices" and choose GIF from the drop-down menu. To save as a movie, select Export -> Render Video from the File menu to export the document as a movie



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#### Sample Output:





#### **Result:**

Thus the gif animated images was created and executed successfully.

#### Outcome:

Thus the outcome of applying image editing and manipulation techniques has been met.

#### Application:

Animation of cartoon images



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## Viva-voce

- 1. What is scope and uses of Adobe Photoshop?
- 2. Explain smart object in PhotoShop?
- 3. What are swatches palettes?
- 4. What is histogram in Photoshop?
- 5. Explain about the Photoshop Work Area?

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#### Expt. No. 14

## **OPTIMIZING AN IMAGE**

#### Aim:

To optimize an image using Photoshop

#### Software requirements:

Adobe Photoshop 1.0

#### Hardware requirements:

Dual core processor, DDR2 1GB RAM, 250 GB HDD

#### Algorithm:

- Open Photoshop and Open Your Image Go to File -> Open (Ctrl/Command+O) and bring your image to your workspace,
- Start Photoshop options -> Bring up the Actions Panel up by going to Windows -> Actions (Alt/Option+F9) From the Actions Panel, click on Create new set icon: name your new set. For example named as my Images,

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		Metal Logo	
-		Metal Text	
1	~	Images	

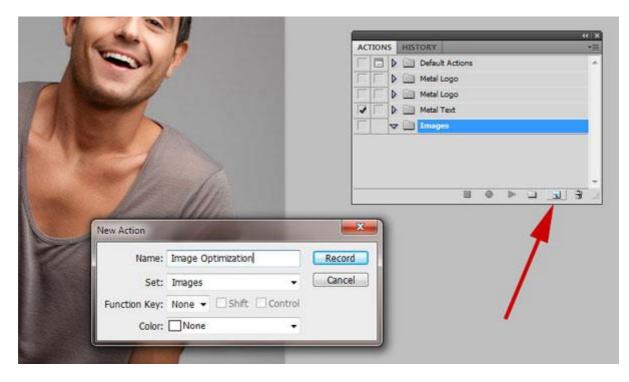
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#### www.FirstRanker.com

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3. To start the recording process, click on Create new action icon; give your action a name. For example named

as Image Optimization. Click Record to start,



- 4. Save your image for web and devices. Save your image for web and devices by going to File -> Save for Web & Devices (Alt/Option+Shift+Ctrl/Command+S).
- 5. Follow settings while saving the images:

Preset: JPEG High (selects JPEG with Quality at 60) Optimized: Checked

Convert to sRGB: Checked

Size: change according to your site specifications MMM.F.

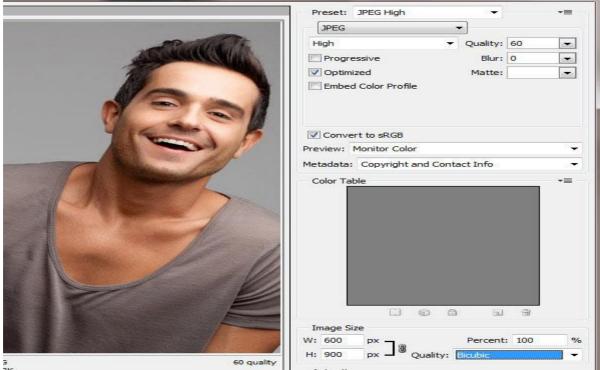
Percent: 100%

**Quality: Bicubic** 

# FirstRanker.com

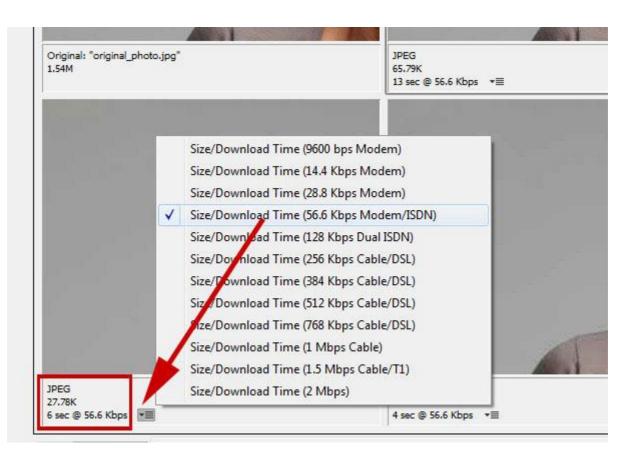
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Make sure that the image does not exceed 600 pixels in width

6. Click on the Select download speed icon to change the Size/Download Time to get an estimate on how long it will take to download your image at the selected Size/Download Time

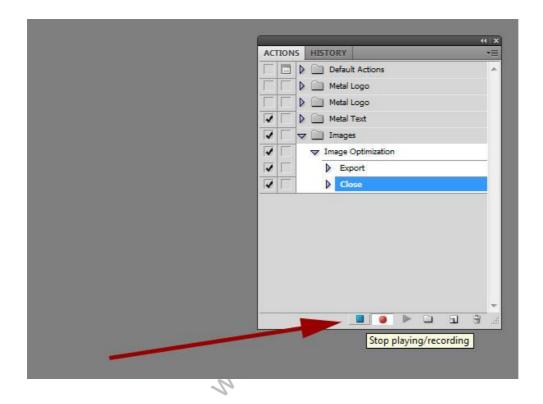


7. To preview the image in real size, click on the Preview button to see your image in the web browser



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- 8. Click Save button,
- 9. Save the images in a different folder to preserve original images with the larger dimensions for future use,
- 10. Resize the images down to 600 pixels in width,
- 11. Close your image file from your workspace,
- 12. In Actions Panel, click on the Stop playing/recording button to stop recording the actions. This should record everything including closing the image





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Without Quality Channel Vector Layers				
With Optimized				
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Blur: 0				
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Matte Color Green: 255				
Matte Color Blue: 255				
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With Save Image Files				
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Without Close All Tags				
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youri 13. Go to File -> Automate -> Batch. Batch Process your images. Use the settings given below

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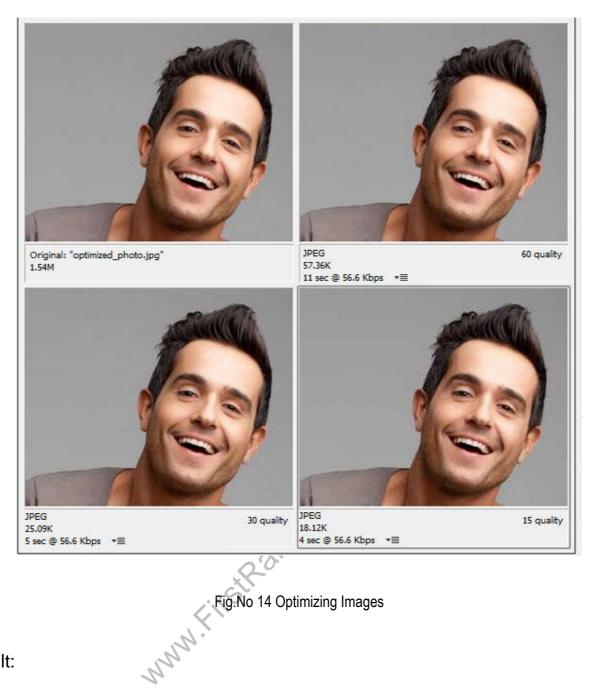
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- 14. Select the Actions Set and Action recorded,
- 15. Set Source and Destination Folders, and check Override Action "Save As" Commands,
- 16. Use Image Optimizing Tools named Smush to further reduce the size of the image,
- 17. Click on the UPLOADER tab to upload the optimized image.



#### Sample Output:



#### **Result:**

Thus an image is optimized and uploaded successfully.

#### Outcome:

Thus the outcome of applying image editing and manipulation techniques has been met.

## Application:

Photos and videos



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VIVA - VOCE

- 1. Define Compression Efficiency
- 2. What is Image Processing?
- 3. Explain Image Calibration?
- 4. What is Chromaticity?
- 5. Define Colour Model
- 6. What are the uses of chromaticity diagram?
- 7. Give the transformation matrix for conversion of RGB to YIQ.
- 8. What is HSV model?
- 9. What is CMY colour model?
- 10. What are the parameters in the HLS colour model?
- 11. What are subtractive colours?
- 12. What are additive colours?
- 13. What is colour gamut?
- 14. Mention the term complementary colours.
- 15. Define Primary Colours
- www.FirstRanker.com 16. Draw the colour model HLS double cone.
- 17. What is meant by hue?
- 18. What are the complementary colours?
- 19. What are the primary colours?
- 20. Define Colour Gamut Model



## Expt.No:15

## **CREATION OF 2D INTERACTIVE ANIMATION USING FLASH**

#### Aim:

To compose a scene by applying shape tweening using Macromedia Flash

#### Software requirements:

Macromedia flash 8

#### Hardware requirements:

Dual core processor, DDR2 1GB RAM, 250 GB HDD

#### Algorithm:

- 1. Open a macromedia flash from the start menu
- 2. From the toolbar select an object and place it on the play area
- 3. Select the frame, select the old object and delete it and draw the new object with new different color and shape
- . sei col 4. In the frame, right click and select insert key frame, and Select the first object, offset window --> select tween as shape and same for the second object
- 5. Press ctrl + enter to test the movie



#### Sample Output:

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Fig.No 15 2D-Interactive animations

#### **Result:**

actives the second seco Thus the program for implementing the shape tweening was created, executed and the output is verified successfully.

#### Outcome:

Thus the outcome of creating 2d interactive animation has been met.

## Application:

> Morphing of images



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- How to embed Flash in HTML? 1.
- 2. What is meant by Vector Graphic Animation? What is the use of pre-loader?
- 3. What is the use of depth? How many methods for depth are available?
- What is Event Flow? 4
- How to start a graphic animation at a specific frame? -5.
- What is the difference between \_root and parent? 6.
- Differentiate between AS2 and AS3. 7.
- 8. How to create scrolling gallery in portfolio?
- Describe ChangeWatcher.watch. 9.
- 10. Give an example that illustrates polymorphism in Flash Script.
- 11. How to make synchronous data calls in ActionScript?
- 12. How to add event listeners in MXML components. Name the AS3 components?
- Ranker.com 13. How to change background color and Stage size? -
- 14. How to add an effect to the movie clip?
- 15. How to create a logo using Pen tool?
- 16. Write a function for a button.
- 17. How to play a movie clip?
- 18. How to add conditional logic for the Submit button?
- 19. Name few open source alternatives of Photoshop.
- 20. List the features & capabilities of Photoshop



## ADDITIONAL EXPERIMENTS BEYOND THE SYLLABUS

#### Expt.No:16

## GENERATE A 2D IMAGE AND ADD MOTION TO IT USING C

#### Aim:

To write a C program to generate 2D image and add motion to it

#### Software requirements:

C, C++ compilers, Java, OpenGL

#### Hardware requirements:

Dual core processor, DDR2 1GB RAM, 250 GB HDD

#### Algorithm:

- 1. Start the program.
- 2. Include the necessary header files,
- 3. Initialize the graphic detection and graphic mode to bgi folder that supports graphics,
- 4. Use the line, circle and rectangle function to create a car,
- vet www.firstRat 5. Use the for loop up to the value 600 to move the car by setting the delay as 20,
- 6. Display the results,
- 7. Close the initialized graphic mode,
- 8. Stop the program.



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Sample Output:

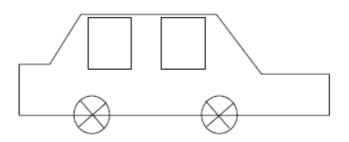


Fig.No 16 2D image with motion

O generate 20.

Result:

Thus a C program to generate 2D image was created and motions were added to it.

Outcome:

Thus the outcome of generating 2D interactive image has been met.



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#### Viva-voce

- 1. What is Image Animation?
- 2. What is Gray scale normalization?
- 3. What is Frame Averaging?
- 4. What are the steps in animation sequence?
- 5. How frame-by-frame animation works?
- 6. What is morphing?
- 7. What are the methods of motion specifications?
- 8. What is critical fusion frequency?
- 9. What is tweening?
- 10. What do you mean by fractals?
- 11. Define Fractals
- 12. Give the classification of fractals.
- 13. What is topological dimension?
- 14. What is fractal dimension?

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#### Expt.No:17

## IMPLEMENTATION OF BRESENHAM'S ELLIPSE DRAWING ALGORITHM

Aim:

To write a program in C to draw an ellipse using midpoint ellipse drawing algorithm

#### Software requirements:

C, C++ compilers, Java, OpenGL

#### Hardware requirements:

Dual core processor, DDR2 1GB RAM, 250 GB HDD

#### Algorithm:

- 1. Start the program.
- 2. Get the radius rx, ry and center of the ellipse xc, yc,
- 3. Obtain the first point on the ellipse centered on the origin as  $(x_0, y_0) = (0, ry)$ ,
- 4. Calculate the initial value of the decision parameter in region1 as  $p_1 = ry^2 rx^2ry + 1/4rx^{2}$ ,
- 5. At each xk position in region1, starting at k = 0, perform the following test if (p1<sub>k</sub> < 0), the next point along the ellipse centered on (0, 0) is (x<sub>k+1</sub>, y<sub>k</sub>) and p1<sub>k+1</sub> = p1<sub>k</sub> + 2ry<sup>2</sup>x<sub>k+1</sub> + ry<sup>2</sup> Otherwise the next point along the ellipse is (x<sub>k+1</sub>, y<sub>k-1</sub>) and p1<sub>k+1</sub> = p1<sub>k</sub> + 2ry<sup>2</sup>x<sub>k+1</sub> + ry<sup>2</sup> 2rx<sup>2</sup>y<sub>k+1</sub>, where 2ry<sup>2</sup>x<sub>k+1</sub> = 2ry<sup>2</sup>x<sub>k</sub> + 2ry<sup>2</sup> and 2rx<sup>2</sup>y<sub>k+1</sub> = 2rx<sup>2</sup>y<sub>k</sub> 2rx<sup>2</sup>.
- 6. Calculate the value of the decision parameter in region2 using the point (x0, y0) as  $p_{0}^{2} = ry^{2}(x_{0} + 1/2)^{2} + rx^{2}(y_{0} 1)^{2} rx^{2}ry^{2}$ .
- At each yk position in region2, starting at k=0, perform the following test if (p2k > 0), the next point along the ellipse centered on (0, 0) is (xk, yk+1) and p2<sub>k+1</sub> = p2<sub>k</sub> 2rx<sup>2</sup>y<sub>k+1</sub> + rx<sup>2</sup> Otherwise the next point along the ellipse is (x<sub>k+1</sub>, y<sub>k+1</sub>) and P2<sub>k+1</sub> = p2<sub>k</sub> + 2ry<sup>2</sup>x<sub>k+1</sub> + rx<sup>2</sup> 2rx<sup>2</sup>y<sub>k+1</sub>, using the same incremental calculations for x & y as in region2,
- 8. Determine the symmetry points in other three quadrants.
- Move each calculated pixel position (x, y) onto the elliptical path centered on (xc, yc) and plot the coordinate values, x = x + xc & y = y + yc.
- 10. Repeat the steps for region1 until  $2ry^2x > 2rx^2y$ ,
- 11. Stop the program.



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#### Sample Output:

Enter the xa value: 200 Enter the ya value: 200 Enter the x radius: 100 Enter the y radius: 50

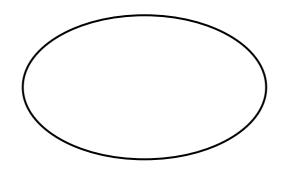


Fig.No 17 Ellipse using Bresenham's

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**Result:** 

Thus an ellipse is drawn successfully using midpoint ellipse drawing algorithm in C.

#### Outcome:

Thus the outcome of implementing ellipse drawing algorithms has been met.



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- 1. Define Resolution
- 2. Use the Cohen Sutherland algorithm to clip line P1 (70,20) and p2(100,10) against a window lower left hand corner (50,10) and upper right hand corner (80,40)
- 3. Prove that two 2D rotation above the origin commutative i.e R1R2=R2R1.
- 4. What is meant by curve clipping?
- 5. Find out the aspect ratio of the raster system using 8 x 10 inches screen and 100 pixel/inch
- 6. How Many k bytes does a frame buffer nees in a 600 x 400 pixel?

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#### Expt.No:18

## **IMPLEMENTATION OF LINE, CIRCLE AND ELLIPSE ATTRIBUTES**

#### Aim:

To write a C Program to display the various output primitives with its attributes

#### Software requirements:

C, C++ compilers, Java, OpenGL

#### Hardware requirements:

Dual core processor, DDR2 1GB RAM, 250 GB HDD

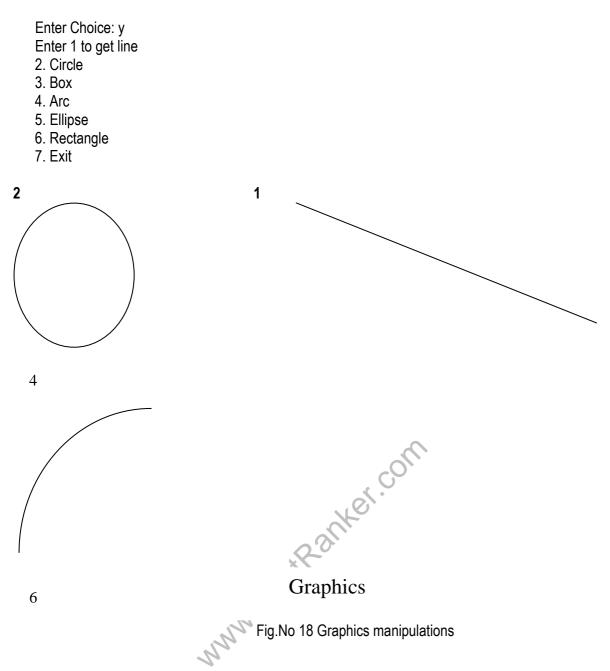
#### Algorithm:

- 1. Start the program.
- 2. Initialize the variables,
- 3. Call the initgraph() function,
- 4. Set color for the output primitives,
- 5. Using outtextxy() display the chosen particular primitives,
- 6. Using switch cases mention the various primitives and their attributes,
- ran www.firstRan 7. The various primitives are arc, line, circle, rectangle and ellipse,
- 8. Close the graph and run the program,
- 9. Stop the program.



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#### Sample Output:



#### **Result:**

Thus the program for implementing line, circle and ellipse attributes was executed successfully.

#### Outcome:

Thus the outcome of implementing line, circle, ellipse attributes has been met.



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- 1. How to generate the circle in second quadrant from first clockwise?
- 2. How to generate the circle in second quadrant from first anti clockwise?
- 3. How to generate the circle in third quadrant from first clockwise?
- 4. How to generate the circle in third quadrant from first anti clockwise?
- 5. Explain the Bresenham's circle algorithm.
- 6. Explain the different moves in this algorithm
- 7. When to choose vertical move?
- 8. When to choose horizontal move?
- 9. When to choose diagonal move?
- 10. Generate the circle in 1<sup>st</sup> quadrant having radius 8 and center is origin.
- 11. What is scan conversion?
- 12. How will you generate a polygon?
- 13. Which algorithms can be used to generate a polygon?
- 14. What is the equation of origin centered axis
- 15. How will you generate an ellipse?
- 16. What is the difference between circle generation and ellipse generation algorithm
- 17. Explain the different moves in ellipse algorithm.
- 18. When to choose vertical move in ellipse algorithm?
- 19. When to choose horizontal move in ellipse algorithm?
- 20. When to choose diagonal move in ellipse algorithm?



## Expt.No:19

## IMPLEMENTATION OF SUTHERLAND HODGEMAN POLYGON CLIPPING ALGORITHM

#### Aim:

To write a C program to implement Sutherland Hodgeman polygon clipping algorithm

#### Software requirements:

C, C++ compilers, Java, OpenGL

#### Hardware requirements:

Dual core processor, DDR2 1GB RAM, 250 GB HDD

#### Algorithm:

- 1. Start the program .
- 2. Declare the variables for defining clip window & polygon,
- 3. While clipping a polygon following four possible cases to be considered
  - If the first vertex is outside the window boundary and the second vertex inside
  - If the first vertex is inside the window boundary and the second vertex outside
  - If both are outside
  - If both are inside,
- 4. Clip the polygon against the window boundary in the order left, right, bottom & above using intersection Calculation,
- 5. Check the vertices that formed the polygon lies inside or on the boundary. If that is inside or on the boundary save that point otherwise discard it,
- 6. Stop the program.

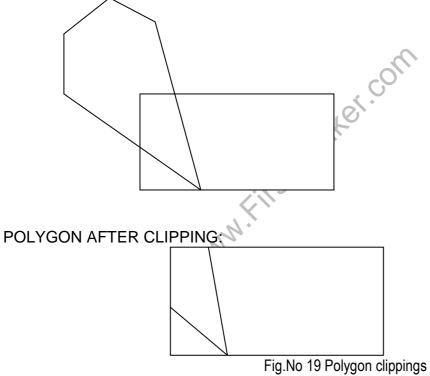


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## Sample Output:

Enter the no of sides of polygon:5 Enter the coordinates of polygon
50 50
200
100
350
350
80
200
40
80
Enter the rectangular coordinates of clipping window
150
150
300
300

POLYGON BEFORE CLIPPING:



**Result:** 

Thus the C program to implement Sutherland Hodgeman polygon clipping was executed and verified.

Outcome:

70

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Thus the outcome of implementing

Viva-voce

www.FirstRanker.com Sutherland Hodgeman polygon clipping has

been met.

- 1. What is Cohen Sutherland line clipping?
- 2. What do you understand by clipping?
- 3. What is Z-buffer algorithm for removing hidden faces?
- 4. What are orthographic projections? When do we need them?
- 5. What is an aliasing? Explain different methods of minimizing its effect?
- 6. What is polygon clipping?
- 7. What is windowing and clipping?
- 8. List the advantages of interactive Graphics.
- 9. What do you mean by composite transformation? How it is useful?
- 10. What is concatenation?
- 11. What are the advantages of quaternion?
- 12. What is projection normalization?
- 13. Explain with the help of opengl functions perspective and parallel viewing opengl?
- 14. What is gluLookAt() function?

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## PROJECTS

- 1. Rasterize two simple graphical primitives
- 2. Write a ray tracer
- 3. 2D to 3D conversions
- 4. Create OpenGL game
- 5. Image processing and manipulation
- 6. Animating an image and video using flash

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